The TRINITY TRIPOD

College Moves Gingerly on Curriculum Review

by Steven Elmoreord

The open curriculum, which was instituted at Trinity in 1969, will be reviewed this spring year by President Theodore D. Lockwood. Lockwood does not however expect "shock changes" in the curriculum. The actual method of review is still to be worked out by the Educational Policy Committee and the Curriculum Committee, but Lockwood expects the review to be completed by the fall of the next academic year.

Lockwood, in a memo distributed to the faculty and other members of the College community, discussed his views on the curriculum. He said that for the first time since the late 1960’s, there is something like a national debate on curriculum.

Lockwood stated that "The open curriculum has been successful", thus far. In a Tripod interview, the President expanded on this, saying that the open curriculum provides "greater zest for the intellectual process; we are a small enough college for this kind of curriculum to work pretty well."

While Lockwood is generally pleased with the curriculum as it now stands, he still favors a review. "A curriculum review could either reassure us or lead us to make changes others in the future. Lockwood, in discussing the general debate on curriculum, said in his memo that the absence of "shared beliefs" about what a curriculum should be affected the discussion. Lockwood commented on the Tripod that he hoped both faculty and students could find some shared beliefs about what a curriculum should be. He said, "students are saying what is important to them through the courses they take, and I am saying what is important to them through the courses they offer. My concern is to find some things which we feel family about." He questioned what is important to both students and faculty, and noted questions in his memo which he called boundary questions, which a curriculum should be able to answer. These were:

- Are we choosing students with an understanding of themselves and the world they live in?

- Are we including all students?

- Giving them enough understanding of the society they inherit to make decisions about its future course?

Board of Fellows Convenes: Role of Frats Scrutinized

by Maggie White

A meeting of the Board of Fellows was held on the evening of January 18 to discuss the role of fraternities at Trinity. The Board had been asked by President Lockwood to undertake a study of the fraternities' obligations in function with the objectives of the College. Members of the Board were invited to attend dinner in order to take part in internal and economic matters of the Board of Fellows, and were later subject to a rigorous question and answer period that preceded the Board's closed meeting.

Speaking for the Board, Henry A. DePhillips, professor of Philosophy and head of the Educational Policy Committee (EPC), approached the Faculty with his proposal, stating that the cutting back on FTE did not fall under the EPC's jurisdiction of "routine adjustments" in the staffing of departments. DePhillips interpreted the phrase "routine adjustment" to apply only to such situations as resignations and terminations, and that the action under consideration involved much more than a routine allocation on the part of the Committee. DePhillips explained that the Educational Studies Program, which had been cut to one FTE last May, had been endorsed by another one half FTE on the December 11 meeting of the Faculty. Moreover, the additional one half FTE necessitated an adjustment elsewhere in faculty strength in order that the total staff allotment of 135 be not exceeded. DePhillips' proposal was restated several times for the benefit of several faculty members who questioned its wording, and was then debated. Richard Crawford, professor of Biology suggested that the sought after one half FTE could perhaps be found by a redeeming of the term "faculty" with regards to budgetary considerations. This was decided not to be the case.

Richard Lee, professor of Philosophy commented that the Educational Studies Program had borne the brunt of the reductions last spring and that another department was now being asked to share this cutback by loss of half a faculty member. Lee stated, "We know other cuts are coming in the future - well, the future is now." Secretary to the faculty, J. Bard McNary, professor of English stated that he considered that the passage of the proposal would set a good precedent. Eugene Davis, professor of History added that he hoped the proposal would be approved at that meeting so that the EPC could be afforded adequate time to review the proposal.

Speaking for St. Anthony Hall Brock Veidenheimer commented that "As far as we know, had a higher proportion of minority members than the general Trinity student population. Veidenheimer added that although diversity within a fraternity is important, it is also imperative for a fraternity to have unity, in that many brothers must possess common interests and enjoy being in such companies in order for the fraternity to be successful."

By Stephen Butler of Pi Kappa Gamma, his fraternity had also made a special effort to internal minority students in becoming brothers, and that through the fraternity was being "quick to pick up on fraternity sponsored dance for the benefit of the Salvation Army, aid in annual blood drives, and sponsored lectures, such as the talk given this fall by Dr. Henry A. DePhillips at A. Several inter-Fraternity members commented that the Tripod is quick to pick up on fraternity events, and to give coverage to the beneficial things accomplished by the fraternities.

The President of the fraternities objects to the form in which information was assumed, stating that they had been placed on the defensive hot seat. Said Plumb, "This is not what we intended. The President posed seven "boundary questions":

1. Are we providing students with an understanding of themselves and the world they live in?

- Are we including all students?

- Giving them enough understanding of the society they inherit to make decisions about its future course?

- Are we choosing students with an understanding of themselves and the world they live in?

- Are we including all students?

- Giving them enough understanding of the society they inherit to make decisions about its future course?

name, box number, phone number, and the Student Government Office by no later than Sunday, January 27.

There are also several positions open on various college committees. A list of these opportunities can be found in the Student Government Office.
The history of women in labor was featured in Trinity College’s Wednesday evening. An exhibit entitled “Women at Work” displayed pictures and documents tracing the history of women’s contributions to the Paid Labor Force in April of 1978 for the Conference on Women in the Civil Rights Movement. The exhibit also hailed the efforts of individuals like Catherine Beecher who rallied behind the Women’s Rights Movement and the female membership in the teaching and medical professions. The exhibit, originally prepared by Carole Pelletier of the Department of Historical Studies, was featured in Trinity College’s Women’s History Week, March 2 through March 8, in Connecticut and a national Women’s History Week is now on the congressional agenda. But, she added, the proclamation is as yet only a piece of paper with “no grass roots organization behind it.” More exhibits and public programs are needed to make Women’s HistoryWeek a more significant occasion.

Trinity Preparates for Bottle Law

by Steven Emendorfer

The Trinity College Library has been limited to an enclosed reading room on the third floor. Smoking is not allowed at all. Even in public libraries, smoking is not allowed at all. Even though the Trinity College Library is not state-owned, Emerick stated that something has to be done for the benefit of the majority. Emerick says that this is "just another case where the people who may have found the smoke offensive."

The carpets have been riddled with burn holes because the ashtrays are not used, says Emerick. "This has not only created a mess, but is also hazardous. Furthermore, with bookshelves in the smoking section, it was unwise, says Emerick, for non-smoking people who may have found the smoking section offensive.

The First Boston Corporate Finance Department, located in New York City, assists its clients by raising capital and performing other financial advisory services, including mergers and acquisitions, project financing and general financial planning.

We are seeking a few highly motivated, graduating college seniors for the position of “Analyst” within our Department, who will work closely with other professionals, providing analytical support for the firm and its clients.

The Analyst Program is two years in duration and provides interns the opportunity to be productive members of Finance and Investment Banking. Following graduation, the Analysts will work exclusively with other professionals, analyzing financial statements for the firm and its clients.

Interested students should contact the Campus Career Placement Office and should send a letter, resume and transcripts to:

Kate Higgins, The First Boston Corporation
Office of Training and Recruiting, 20 East 53rd Street
New York, N.Y. 10022
(212) 825-7777
Shell Oil VP Predicts Further Rise in Oil Prices

by Robin Fins

Trinity-AIESEC 1980 lecture series with a presentation by E.P. Loveland, Vice President-Oil Products of Shell Oil Company. The speech, entitled "Shell Oil VP Predicts Further Rise in Oil Prices," was well-received by a large group of Trinity students and members of the Hartford Community.

Loveland predicted an increase in gasoline prices in 1980 would bring $37 million barrels of oil each day. Each increase of $.01 per barrel of oil said that the price of a barrel of oil has doubled in one year, up to 13 barrels today.

Loveland noted that the age of oil has increased daily since August 1971. The price of gasoline today is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin. Loveland claimed the price of gasoline today is not the result of a consumer "rip-off" but the result of federal regulations.

Loveland told the audience that the price at which Shell sold $37 million barrels of oil each day, each barrel which cost $30.00 a barrel, and that Mexico, a substantial supplier to the United States, had increased its price to $3.20 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel. Loveland noted that the Saudi government had raised its price to $32.00 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel.

Loveland saw conservation as a primary goal for the new decade. He noted that gasoline and oil prices must be reduced. The public attitude and habits must also be revised, he said, to reflect the need for conservation. Loveland saw a three-way crunch for the world's energy dilemma. The United States, had increased its price to $32.00 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel. Loveland noted that the Saudi government had raised its price to $32.00 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel.

Loveland saw conservation as a primary goal for the new decade. He noted that gasoline and oil prices must be reduced. The public attitude and habits must also be revised, he said, to reflect the need for conservation. Loveland saw a three-way crunch for the world's energy dilemma. The United States, had increased its price to $32.00 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel. Loveland noted that the Saudi government had raised its price to $32.00 a barrel. The market is currently selling a barrel of oil at $40.00 a barrel.

Loveland explained the complex mechanisms that result in gasoline prices. He noted that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.

Loveland emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation. He noted that the price of gasoline is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.

Loveland emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation. He noted that the price of gasoline is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.

Loveland emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation. He noted that the price of gasoline is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.

Loveland emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation. He noted that the price of gasoline is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.

Loveland emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation. He noted that the price of gasoline is not the result of a "rip-off" but the result of complex and multifaceted mechanisms. He emphasized the fact that transportation, federal, state, and local taxes, and dealer margin all contribute to the price of gasoline. He emphasized the importance of conservation and the need for the public to adopt a culture of conservation.
Should Trinity Undertake a Curriculum Review?

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Fellows on Frats

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Another good reason to review the curriculum is that we can take occasion to determine both what today's students want from a Trinity education; or how their expectations compare with what we, as a faculty, believe they need. Without meaning to suggest even tentative answers to such complex questions, it shall be a foregone conclusion about the categories into which many of our undergraduate offerings fall. We have some who are genuinely excited by the scholarly pursuits of truth; they are an academic type, we cherish and serve well. We wish we had more who probe seriously, take delight in intellectual activity as an end in itself, and may go on to graduate study in one of the arts or sciences. We have other students who wish to prepare themselves for law, medicine, business administration, or some other rather clearly defined profession. Many are extremely able; some have versatile minds and broad interests, whereas others stick by their preprofessional preparation without being at all venturesome. We probably do an exceedingly good job with this group of students also; they acquire the background they need to undertake the professional training that we are relieved we do not have to provide. They may even acquire the habits necessary for a "lifelong of learning," one of the objectives of liberal learning. It would be reassuring if we could be certain that they also learn something of lasting significance—if disturbing importance—about themselves and the world they live in.

But there are a large number of students attending Trinity who do not fall into either of these categories. They enter upon their studies with neither preparation nor any reason for advanced study. They choose Trinity for a variety of reasons, one of which is the hope that study here may help them lead creative lives. They look to opportunities which can, in some degree and around which they can center an informal "lifetime of learning." They have been impressed by the importance of liberal learning; they respect the boxing of the mind that occurs; but they cannot forsee practicing concerns. We cannot assume, I fear, that they necessarily are convinced of the inherent worthlessness of unfettered intellectual inquiry.

If we cannot assume that the principles on which liberal learning rests are well understood by all the students of that the intellectual approach is pervasive at Trinity, then we have to be sure of what we are doing so that we can convince students it is important. To the extent that attrition rates or professed satisfaction with the curriculum would reflect both an understanding of what we know about student interests and what we think they should learn.

Fellows on Frats

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Another good reason to review the curriculum is that we can take occasion to determine both what today's students want from a Trinity education; or how their expectations compare with what we, as a faculty, believe they need. Without meaning to suggest even tentative answers to such complex questions, it shall be a foregone conclusion about the categories into which many of our undergraduate offerings fall. We have some who are genuinely excited by the scholarly pursuits of truth; they are an academic type, we cherish and serve well. We wish we had more who probe seriously, take delight in intellectual activity as an end in itself, and may go on to graduate study in one of the arts or sciences. We have other students who wish to prepare themselves for law, medicine, business administration, or some other rather clearly defined profession. Many are extremely able; some have versatile minds and broad interests, whereas others stick by their preprofessional preparation without being at all venturesome. We probably do an exceedingly good job with this group of students also; they acquire the background they need to undertake the professional training that we are relieved we do not have to provide. They may even acquire the habits necessary for a "lifelong of learning," one of the objectives of liberal learning. It would be reassuring if we could be certain that they also learn something of lasting significance—if disturbing importance—about themselves and the world they live in.

But there are a large number of students attending Trinity who do not fall into either of these categories. They enter upon their studies with neither preparation nor any reason for advanced study. They choose Trinity for a variety of reasons, one of which is the hope that study here may help them lead creative lives. They look to opportunities which can, in some degree and around which they can center an informal "lifetime of learning." They have been impressed by the importance of liberal learning; they respect the boxing of the mind that occurs; but they cannot forsee practicing concerns. We cannot assume, I fear, that they necessarily are convinced of the inherent worthlessness of unfettered intellectual inquiry.

If we cannot assume that the principles on which liberal learning rests are well understood by all the students of that the intellectual approach is pervasive at Trinity, then we have to be sure of what we are doing so that we can convince students it is important. To the extent that attrition rates or professed satisfaction with the curriculum would reflect both an understanding of what we know about student interests and what we think they should learn.

Fellows on Frats

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Another good reason to review the curriculum is that we can take occasion to determine both what today's students want from a Trinity education; or how their expectations compare with what we, as a faculty, believe they need. Without meaning to suggest even tentative answers to such complex questions, it shall be a foregone conclusion about the categories into which many of our undergraduate offerings fall. We have some who are genuinely excited by the scholarly pursuits of truth; they are an academic type, we cherish and serve well. We wish we had more who probe seriously, take delight in intellectual activity as an end in itself, and may go on to graduate study in one of the arts or sciences. We have other students who wish to prepare themselves for law, medicine, business administration, or some other rather clearly defined profession. Many are extremely able; some have versatile minds and broad interests, whereas others stick by their preprofessional preparation without being at all venturesome. We probably do an exceedingly good job with this group of students also; they acquire the background they need to undertake the professional training that we are relieved we do not have to provide. They may even acquire the habits necessary for a "lifelong of learning," one of the objectives of liberal learning. It would be reassuring if we could be certain that they also learn something of lasting significance—if disturbing importance—about themselves and the world they live in.

But there are a large number of students attending Trinity who do not fall into either of these categories. They enter upon their studies with neither preparation nor any reason for advanced study. They choose Trinity for a variety of reasons, one of which is the hope that study here may help them lead creative lives. They look to opportunities which can, in some degree and around which they can center an informal "lifetime of learning." They have been impressed by the importance of liberal learning; they respect the boxing of the mind that occurs; but they cannot forsee practicing concerns. We cannot assume, I fear, that they necessarily are convinced of the inherent worthlessness of unfettered intellectual inquiry.

If we cannot assume that the principles on which liberal learning rests are well understood by all the students of that the intellectual approach is pervasive at Trinity, then we have to be sure of what we are doing so that we can convince students it is important. To the extent that attrition rates or professed satisfaction with the curriculum would reflect both an understanding of what we know about student interests and what we think they should learn.

Fellows on Frats

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Another good reason to review the curriculum is that we can take occasion to determine both what today's students want from a Trinity education; or how their expectations compare with what we, as a faculty, believe they need. Without meaning to suggest even tentative answers to such complex questions, it shall be a foregone conclusion about the categories into which many of our undergraduate offerings fall. We have some who are genuinely excited by the scholarly pursuits of truth; they are an academic type, we cherish and serve well. We wish we had more who probe seriously, take delight in intellectual activity as an end in itself, and may go on to graduate study in one of the arts or sciences. We have other students who wish to prepare themselves for law, medicine, business administration, or some other rather clearly defined profession. Many are extremely able; some have versatile minds and broad interests, whereas others stick by their preprofessional preparation without being at all venturesome. We probably do an exceedingly good job with this group of students also; they acquire the background they need to undertake the professional training that we are relieved we do not have to provide. They may even acquire the habits necessary for a "lifelong of learning," one of the objectives of liberal learning. It would be reassuring if we could be certain that they also learn something of lasting significance—if disturbing importance—about themselves and the world they live in.

But there are a large number of students attending Trinity who do not fall into either of these categories. They enter upon their studies with neither preparation nor any reason for advanced study. They choose Trinity for a variety of reasons, one of which is the hope that study here may help them lead creative lives. They look to opportunities which can, in some degree and around which they can center an informal "lifetime of learning." They have been impressed by the importance of liberal learning; they respect the boxing of the mind that occurs; but they cannot forsee practicing concerns. We cannot assume, I fear, that they necessarily are convinced of the inherent worthlessness of unfettered intellectual inquiry.

If we cannot assume that the principles on which liberal learning rests are well understood by all the students of that the intellectual approach is pervasive at Trinity, then we have to be sure of what we are doing so that we can convince students it is important. To the extent that attrition rates or professed satisfaction with the curriculum would reflect both an understanding of what we know about student interests and what we think they should learn.

Fellows on Frats

Butler of Pi Kappa Alpha, "You are asking us, pre-tacker degree students, to solve problems that you, people with doctor's degrees can't solve."

Another good reason to review the curriculum is that we can take occasion to determine both what today's students want from a Trinity education; or how their expectations compare with what we, as a faculty, believe they need. Without meaning to suggest even tentative answers to such complex questions, it shall be a foregone conclusion about the categories into which many of our undergraduate offerings fall. We have some who are genuinely excited by the scholarly pursuits of truth; they are an academic type, we cherish and serve well. We wish we had more who probe seriously, take delight in intellectual activity as an end in itself, and may go on to graduate study in one of the arts or sciences. We have other students who wish to prepare themselves for law, medicine, business administration, or some other rather clearly defined profession. Many are extremely able; some have versatile minds and broad interests, whereas others stick by their preprofessional preparation without being at all venturesome. We probably do an exceedingly good job with this group of students also; they acquire the background they need to undertake the professional training that we are relieved we do not have to provide. They may even acquire the habits necessary for a "lifelong of learning," one of the objectives of liberal learning. It would be reassuring if we could be certain that they also learn something of lasting significance—if disturbing importance—about themselves and the world they live in.

But there are a large number of students attending Trinity who do not fall into either of these categories. They enter upon their studies with neither preparation nor any reason for advanced study. They choose Trinity for a variety of reasons, one of which is the hope that study here may help them lead creative lives. They look to opportunities which can, in some degree and around which they can center an informal "lifetime of learning." They have been impressed by the importance of liberal learning; they respect the boxing of the mind that occurs; but they cannot forsee practicing concerns. We cannot assume, I fear, that they necessarily are convinced of the inherent worthlessness of unfettered intellectual inquiry.

If we cannot assume that the principles on which liberal learning rests are well understood by all the students of that the intellectual approach is pervasive at Trinity, then we have to be sure of what we are doing so that we can convince students it is important. To the extent that attrition rates or professed satisfaction with the curriculum would reflect both an understanding of what we know about student interests and what we think they should learn.
Starkey: The function of the Board of Trustees is to be the arbiter. Certainly Ted and I are people who are out front; that is the President who is obvious he is supposed to be the leader but he often is the one who tries to get the entire Board to reach a consensus about what they want to recommend to the student body or to the Administration; and to try to get the most out of each member because we are a pretty diverse lot as you know. Our interests are different. Our mission here is pretty much the same. We are here to do the best we can for Trinity College.

Tripod: Do you believe that adding a student or recent graduate to the Board would add a resource that would be helpful in the Trustees assessment of College policies?

Starkey: That's a question that has been raised a great many times in the last twelve or fifteen years. I've been on the Board for thirteen or fourteen years. It became much more of an active question when we became concerned about becoming co-ed. Would it be useful? I would say it might be but having dealt with some students on committees in the past, I think particularly students on the co-ed committee, some of them were wonderful and others were not really helpful at all. They have other things to do. They really have other commitments: their studies, their teams, their weekends or whatever, and also students on a board of trustees, certainly as voting members of the board, there just isn't the continuity. Most of us are on a minimum of, I think, six years. If you had students on the Board I'm sure their input in certain areas would be great but we deal with the Board of Fellows, we have their chairman, now both of them there. We have constant input from the Board of Fellows who are particularly interested in what is going on among the students on the campus and not ten years ago and they may be very good at their jobs or not so good. We have a president that's a man; that deals with a great many problems, which is a listening post. If you could sit in on some of the conversations of some of these members I think you'd be quite impressed by how strongly they feel about the problems of the students as far as minorities are concerned, as far as people who are concerned, for instance, in all sorts of things. They feel very strongly about this. I don't really object to students sitting in on parts of our Board meetings but there are many things which we discuss in the Board that I don't think students would contribute much to because they would be too much for a short period of time and they really don't have the experience that many of us have, again, I think honestly, I'm sure in some respects they would. As a matter of fact, we've had some of them on Trustee committees, not very many, but they haven't been on the Board of Trustees. I don't think we have any secrets that we withhold from the students, but by the same token, their personal problems as students aren't as personal as the problems of the Board. The time we sit four times a year, when older more experienced people might be coerced into listening to students in a very precious block of time that could get out of control. Again, I know that if I were a student, I'd feel
The deposit and return system, however, extends to the consumer and retailer level. The new law affects the sale of these beverage containers at all levels. The deposits are initially charged at the lowest level — the bottle or can manufacturer — and passed down through levels until it reaches the consumer. Stamps on the consumer returns the bottles and cans, and the process will reverse in sequence. The prices of soda and bottled beer is expected to rise slightly as the law affects the market. No assurance as yet how much this rise will be and how long it will take for it to level off or decrease.

Many trade groups and individual bottling companies have expressed concern over the new law in an attempt to make it easier for the consumers to adjust.

The League of Women Voters, the State Department of Environmental Protection, the Connecticut Beer Wholesalers Association, and the Manufacturers Institute have written petitions to return the bottles and cans.

They reminded consumers that the Department of Environmental Protection will issue a message that includes the state's name. If "Connecticut" does not appear on the bottle or can, it is not returnable in this state. All returnable bottles and cans must be stamped with both the name of the state and the word "returnable". Otherwise, it cannot be returned.

They will also state the refund value. This minimum deposit set on all bottles and cans, but many bottlers are putting the deposit slightly higher. When returning the bottles and cans, the Department of Environmental Protection makes sure that the bottles are empty and reasonably clean. Also, the bottles should not be broken and the cans should not be dented. Although the condition of the bottle was not included in the law, the literature produced by these organizations suggests that the law will work more effectively if the bottles and cans are in good condition.

An amendment to the bottle law has been submitted to the General Assembly that would allow retailers to refuse to accept bottles and cans that are not in reasonably good condition.

Part of the existing law states, however, that if the retailer accepts a specific bottle or can that is not in good condition, then the distributor must also accept that bottle or can.

Beverage containers obtained from vending machines must also be returnable, according to the law. The locations for the return of these bottles and cans will be listed on the vending machines themselves.

Containers may be returned to any redemption center or store that sells the specific variety of the beverage in that specific size and style. Furthermore, the container is properly stamped.

Bottle laws such as the new Connecticut law also exist in Maine, Vermont, Michigan, and Oregon. All four of these states benefit from the law in terms of a reduction in the amount of litter found around the states. From the experiences of these states, it is evident that even if the buyer of the particular beverage container does not choose to return the bottles, and instead tosses it onto the side of the road, there will be plenty of people willing to pick it up and return it for the deposit.

Shenanigans: New American Cuisine at Modest Prices

by Joan Steuer and David Clark

Looking for a change from the mysterious dishes of the last trip through the fare at Shenanigans, one of Hartford's newest restaurants, our targets are set.

Located near the exclusive Bushnell Towers apartments, at 16 One Gold Square, Shenanigans' features "New American cuisine" and "fresh, locally raised ingredients," providing the diner with a pleasant dining experience. The menu combines understated elegance with a touch of art deco that is surprisingly pleasing to the eye.

The bar area is especially interesting. The interior is made from glass enclosures, which also suggest a steaming Diner-mite, a staple for winter and fall. The brandy-mule really tells the difference (an amber-brown $1.50). Other sweet endings to your meal may include fresh fruit slices and natural vanilla ice cream served with pure maple syrup and graham or pureed fresh fruit and nuts ($1.50-$2.00). Of course, expresso, cappuccino, coffee, tea, and hot chocolate are available, along with fresh orange juice and the most delightful fresh fruit smoothie (sunflower seeds and milk shakes that's consistency). To cap the meal, we suggest a steaming Diner-mite, a secret blend of figs served warm in a brandy snifter.

Charming and relaxing, Shenanigans abounds with interesting appetizers. All are reasonably priced and vary from soups to salads to fresh fruit smoothies. A group of prominent minority community leaders and organizations announced the formation of a "Black Democratic Coalition of Ken- dennis County" to support the candidacy of Senator Edward M. Kennedy for his March 25th primary election. Kennedy carefully deserves our wholehearted sup- port," said Co-Chairman Williams, a business executive who is a member of the Black Democratic Club, the NAACP and the Urban League. "He has always been a leader in the fight for civil rights legislation and was a major proponent of the 1964 Civil Rights Act.

"Kennedy cares about people and he knows how to get things done," said Washington resident Co-Chairman Varga, a Hartford public school teacher who is a Vice-President of the Connecticut State Labor Council (AFL-CIO) and a member of the Board of Directors of the Hartford Hospital. "He's consistently worked for equal rights for all Americans. "Vargas said, "and was the author of major bilingual education legislation and also has been active in the struggle for bilingual education in Hispanic communities."

Seven Vice-Chairpeople from all walks of life and from different parts of the state were also named at today's news conference to serve on the statewide steering committees of the Black and Hispanic Coalition for Kennedy. They were:

- Minority Affairs
- Food
- Service
- Prices

Hartford Law Forces Deposit on Bottles and Cans

by Patty Hooper

In April, 1979, after six years of wrangling, the latest Connecticut General Assembly passed the "Bottle Bill" and the Governor signed it into law. Over the six-year period, the bill had several sponsors, but the biggest problem was never totally dismissed from the minds of anyone involved with the State Legislature. In each of the six years, the bill was brought before the General Assembly, but not read. Representative Russell Roll (R-Canton) faced with the prospect of being the author of a formula containing towns such as Dayville, Post Mills and Shushan decided to try for the passage of the bill stating that there would be tremendous environmental advantages and increased jobs in fields related to the transportation and recycling of the returned bottles.

The bill had been forced into defeat six times, and it was old at the time the Governor's desk.

The House of Representatives that of January 1, 1980, each beer, soda, malt, and mineral product packaged in a beverage container must be stamped with a minimum five-cent deposit. Beginning January 1, all items distributed to retailers must be stamped returnable. Retailers who do not have the minimum deposit law in effect. The one-month grace period allowed allows for the cleaning and restocking of the returnable bottles.

In February, all bottles and cans will require a deposit and be labeled returnable.

As of February 1, 1980, all bottles and cans will require a deposit and be labeled returnable.
problems facing our nation,
because I know and understand the

Wednesday, January 9.

ambitious for my state and country,
and because the United States

announced his candidacy for the
decided to seek the seat being
vacated by Senator Ribicoff," the
third-term representative from the

allow the in-unionizing.

prestigious House Committee on

Congressman ever to sit on the

rules of international law are

no longer functional in the face of

sending the cost of goods and

30 dollars.
The fare changes will also be in effect for the monthly

planned to discuss residents’ concerns regarding the

stoppage.

Representative Dodd also serves on the National Board of Directors of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of
America, as well as the Board of Directors of a homeless shelter for multiply handicapped children.

Construction inside coliseum forces a delay in the reopening.

Hartford

Construction Delays Coliseum Reopening

by Patty Hooper

Avoiding any risk of problems

Dodd Bids for Democratic Nomination For Senate Post

by Patty Hooper

Standing on the front porch of his home in Norwich, Connecticut, Congressman Christopher J. Dodd announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination to the United States Senate on, Wednesday, January 9.

"Because I know Connecticut, because I know and understand the problems facing our nation, because I am ambitious for my state and country, and because the United States Senate is the best place from which to implement change, I have decided to seek the seat being vacated by Senator Ribicoff," the third-term representative from the Second Congressional District in Connecticut, Dodd stated.

The only Connecticut Congressman ever to sit on the prestigious House Committee on Rules, Dodd said, "the problems which confront America as she enters a new era are staggering.

The rules of international law are no longer functional in the face of roaring economic competition and blatant Soviet agression. Foreign cartels control our economy, sucking the cost of goods and services far beyond the earning power of working men and women."

In response to these challenges, Dodd, who is also a Majority Whip at Large in the House, said, "Some would grant unlimited decision-making power to government. They dismiss what is best in us, doubting our ability to decide what is best for us. Others would dismantle our government. They leave what is in the public interest to be decided exclusively by special interests."

Rejecting these positions, Dodd instead, quoted Robert Frost, stating, ""Originality and initiative are what I ask for my country," he stated. "They have become the practical necessities of our national survival. Originality and initiative require more effort, more thought than the slogans which litter the ground or pollute," he asserted.

In addition to serving on the Rules Committee, Dodd formerly served on the Judiciary Committee and the Science and Technology Committee.

Dodd’s recent legislative efforts have sought to limit OPED control over United States oil pricing and to provide government assistance to local communities.

Dodd Bids for Democratic Nomination For Senate Post

Standing on the front porch of his home in Norwich, Connecticut, Congressman Christopher J. Dodd announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination to the United States Senate on, Wednesday, January 9.

"Because I know Connecticut, because I know and understand the problems facing our nation, because I am ambitious for my state and country, and because the United States Senate is the best place from which to implement change, I have decided to seek the seat being vacated by Senator Ribicoff," the third-term representative from the Second Congressional District in Connecticut, Dodd stated.

The only Connecticut Congressman ever to sit on the prestigious House Committee on Rules, Dodd said, "the problems which confront America as she enters a new era are staggering.

The rules of international law are no longer functional in the face of roaring economic competition and blatant Soviet agression. Foreign cartels control our economy, sucking the cost of goods and services far beyond the earning power of working men and women."

In response to these challenges, Dodd, who is also a Majority Whip at Large in the House, said, "Some would grant unlimited decision-making power to government. They dismiss what is best in us, doubting our ability to decide what is best for us. Others would dismantle our government. They leave what is in the public interest to be decided exclusively by special interests."

Rejecting these positions, Dodd instead, quoted Robert Frost, stating, ""Originality and initiative are what I ask for my country," he stated. "They have become the practical necessities of our national survival. Originality and initiative require more effort, more thought than the slogans which litter the ground or pollute," he asserted.

In addition to serving on the Rules Committee, Dodd formerly served on the Judiciary Committee and the Science and Technology Committee.

Dodd’s recent legislative efforts have sought to limit OPED control over United States oil pricing and to provide government assistance to local communities.

by Patty Hooper

Bus Fare to Increase

Transportation Commissioner Arthur B. Powers stated Thursday that the state plans to increase bus fare in the state effective March 1. This move would allow for the minimum fare in zone one to be raised from 35 cents to 50 cents and zone two fare to increase from 50 cents to 75 cents.

The fare changes will also be in effect for the monthly passes purchased by many Hartford residents and suburban commuters. The new plan calls for the monthly passes in zone one to change from 14 dollars to 20 dollars and the zone two passes to increase from 17 dollars to 30 dollars.

Workers Counter Strike Effort

Non-striking employees of the Honley Oyster restaurant located in downtown Hartford are attempting to counter striker's efforts to form a union by distributing leaflets seeking business for the restaurant even though the strikers have been keeping business away.

Twenty five of the forty employees of the establishment walked off their jobs on November 2, 1979 protesting the fact that the management of the Oyster House refused to allow them to unionize.

HART Storms City Hall

About twenty members of Hartford Areas Rally Together (HART) stormed into City Hall last week complaining about the cancellation of a meeting of the City Housing Council, the Housing and Civil Enforcement Committee. At the meeting the members of HART planned to discuss residents' concerns regarding the Webster Street Club's proposal to revise the fair rent ordinance.

Democratic Majority Leader Arnold Abraham, concerned about the last minute cancellation, arrived at City Hall shortly after the members of HART and offered to discuss the resident's concerns.

Housing Violations Ignored

Residents of Hartford's Clay Hill area angrily voiced their dissatisfaction with city officials last week for their apparent lack of concern for the people of that area with regard to housing code violations.

The sharp criticism stemmed from the fact that the city has not been enforcing the housing code as strictly as it should. The most recent major problem in the North End occurred on January 5 when four men were killed in a fire at the Belden apartments. The Belden had been cited on many occasions for housing code violations.

by Patty Hooper

Avoiding any risk of problems that could arise from incompletely completed construction in the arena, Hartford Civic Center Coliseum officials decided last week to postpone the opening of the new Hartford Civic Center Coliseum to a later date. The reopening had been scheduled for Thursday, January 17.

In a press conference held on Friday, January 11, City Manager Donald Peach stated that acting Director of Licenses and Inspections, Ronald Lyons felt that the fact that there is still construction going on inside the coliseum, and with equipment being moved in and out daily, that opening the Civic Center Coliseum before its completion could create a "risk to public health and safety." Peach also mentioned that this point of view is held by many city officials.

Officials have not yet set a new date for the reopening of the coliseum, which was originally built at a cost of 31.5 million dollars.

The Hartford Whalers, who were planning to play their home games at the new facility last Thursday night, will continue to play their home games at the Springfield Civic Center until the new Hartford Civic Center is ready.

Also, the Hartford Hellions, a professional indoor soccer team which planned to use the new Coliseum, will move to Springfield to play their home games, while awaiting the reopening of the Civic Center Coliseum.

Although the city of Hartford will lose money as a result of the delay, the city of Springfield will benefit. Springfield city officials have publicly stated that the delay, which will keep the Whales in Springfield and bring the Hellions to the city, will economically benefit many of the city's businesses.

Mayor Athanason had publicly stated that he felt that the Civic Center Coliseum should not be reopened until it had received a permanent certificate of occupancy from the city. Peach and Hartford Fire Marshall Ralph Marcone agreed with this stand.

Deputy Mayor Robert Ludgin had asked the City Council to consider opening the Coliseum under a temporary certificate that would expire after 60 days if the Coliseum were not completely finished. After 60 days, a certificate would have to be attained for the Coliseum to remain open.

Marcone stated that he opposed the issuing of a temporary certificate because it would grant unlimited decision-making power to government. Marcone also remarked that the Civic Center Coliseum that opened in 1974 had operated under a temporary certificate from the day it opened until January 18, 1978, the day the roof collapsed.

by Patty Hooper

Mayor Favor's Center Authority

Hartford Mayor George Athanason stated Thursday that he opposes the ordinance passed by the Hartford Civic Center Authority as of May 7. The Civic Center Authority was formed last year by the City Council to run the multi-million dollar facility. Deputy Mayor Robert Ludgin has been pressing for the abolition of the Authority within the City Council and many observers feel that the passage of the ordinance was a test of his personal political leadership within the Council.

The Civic Center Coliseum would not be considered for a later date. The reopening had been scheduled for Thursday, January 17. Reverend Peach also mentioned that this point of view is held by many city officials.

Avoiding any risk of problems that could arise from incompletely completed construction in the arena, Hartford Civic Center Coliseum officials decided last week to postpone the opening of the new Hartford Civic Center Coliseum to a later date. The reopening had been scheduled for Thursday, January 17.

In a press conference held on Friday, January 11, City Manager Donald Peach stated that acting Director of Licenses and Inspections, Ronald Lyons felt that the fact that there is still construction going on inside the coliseum, and with equipment being moved in and out daily, that opening the Civic Center Coliseum before its completion could create a "risk to public health and safety." Peach also mentioned that this point of view is held by many city officials.

Officials have not yet set a new date for the reopening of the coliseum, which was originally built at a cost of 31.5 million dollars.

The Hartford Whalers, who were planning to play their home games at the new facility last Thursday night, will continue to play their home games at the Springfield Civic Center until the new Hartford Civic Center is ready.

Also, the Hartford Hellions, a professional indoor soccer team which planned to use the new Coliseum, will move to Springfield to play their home games, while awaiting the reopening of the Civic Center Coliseum.

Although the city of Hartford will lose money as a result of the delay, the city of Springfield will benefit. Springfield city officials have publicly stated that the delay, which will keep the Whales in Springfield and bring the Hellions to the city, will economically benefit many of the city's businesses.

Mayor Athanason had publicly stated that he felt that the Civic Center Coliseum should not be reopened until it had received a permanent certificate of occupancy from the city. Peach and Hartford Fire Marshall Ralph Marcone agreed with this stand.

Deputy Mayor Robert Ludgin had asked the City Council to consider opening the Coliseum under a temporary certificate that would expire after 60 days if the Coliseum were not completely finished. After 60 days, a certificate would have to be attained for the Coliseum to remain open.

Marcone stated that he opposed the issuing of a temporary certificate because it would grant unlimited decision-making power to government. Marcone also remarked that the Civic Center Coliseum that opened in 1974 had operated under a temporary certificate from the day it open until January 18, 1978, the day the roof collapsed.
Nobody Does It Better

These people lead exciting and glamorous lives as students at Trinity. But they know that, at any moment, their superiors may call on them to write about any subject - no matter how deadly or controversial - in their roles as Sports Editor and Contributing Editor of the TRIPOD.

How about you? If you're looking for a life of action and danger, the TRIPOD is looking for agents in the areas of writing, photography, advertising, the graphic arts, bookkeeping, copy-reading, and lay-out.

Your mission, should you decide to accept it, is to come to the recruiting meeting at TRIPOD World Headquarters, located on the lower level of Jackson Hall, at 7:30 p.m. on Wednesday night. And knock three times.
Coeducation hits Trinity.

"'Trinity cannot continue to operate as she has...we shall slide into genteel mediocrity.'"

- President Lockwood

"It's a nice old tenement."

The renovated Jarvis main bathroom.

The anti-war Death March in Times Square, New York.

A Retrospective 0

by Margaret Henderson and Alan Levine

This is the first of a three-part series.

As a tribute to the '70s at Trinity, the TRIPOD looks back to some of the more memorable, and more forgettable events which occurred during the decade. Having perused over 250 TRIPOD's published during the '70s, we find no theme which neatly unifies back on the campus students were unhappy with sex quotas, presidential campaigns. During '74 and '75, political disturbances in Washington attracted the attention of Trinity students, who back on the campus students were unhappy with sex quotas, economics which threatened the education department, and Saga. In the meantime, the energy crisis hung menacingly over the future.

The latter half of the decade was penetrated by the questions of racism and sexism on campus. Twilight, South Africa "incidents" and Kwanza Wana Laya parties seemed to happen at least once each year and bring these issues out into the open for further discussion, sometimes bitter, sometimes constructive. For the most part, however, apathy has been the prevalent mood at the last few years. Still, each year has had its brief resurgence of activism, complete with sit-ins at Career Counseling, letter-writing campaigns to President Lockwood and protests at the Housing Office.

The years 1975 through 1979 were also marked by new buildings and staffing departments. Trinity did its bit for America's 200th birthday and also made it into the national press.

But, with ongoing housing problems, never-ending tuition hikes, constant complaints about Saga and other recurring themes, it is (perhaps) reassuring that some things never change too much.

1970 - The Experience of Coeducation

As of January, 1970, Trinity had experienced coeducation for a year; President Thodore D. Lockwood was predicting titans and riot increases; Bronx borough president Herman Badillo prepared to lecture at the College on the future of urban centers; TCBC was preventing white students from attending in a black culture class; the administration failed to replace a black lecturer; the Students' Union was about to quit; and within months arson would cause between $35,000 and $50,000 worth of damage to Downes Memorial. In the spring, students boycotted classes in an attempt to criticize government action in Vietnam, and partook in May Day celebrations, and the faculty approved of an Urban and Environmental Studies major. Ah, the first term of the decadel

Apparently, the new institution of coeducation was generating enthusiasm from the formerly all-male student body. An article published January 9, 1970 reviewed the program and found, "Most Trinity males, especially upperclassmen still believe that the situation is the necessity of the black man to relate to his culture is demonstrable their support of Stone. Their demands helped to affect an understanding of the black man's culture."

In addition, students boycotted classes "in a move to protest TCBC's decision to establish an Urban and Environmental Studies major to provide participation with an understanding of urban life and of the contemporary situation."

1970-71 Workers Strike, Students Clean Up

The fall semester of '70 presented immediate housing problems. A couple parked at bumber for a marathon kiss at UHartford; B&G struck; Lockwood adopted the three-year Degree Program. By the end of the Trinity Term of '71 a couple kissed, Edwin P. Nye had been e
Trinity in the 70's

In the Faculty, and student apathy had caused the dissolution of any club.

An increase of 9.5 percent in enrollment resulted in students walking on campus to find their rooms unprepared and overcrowded. A former faculty apartment building, 90-92 Vernon Street, was converted for student use. However, the previous tenants left behind trash and forgot to leave the furniture. Triples in a spacious two-room doubles in Elton created additional blight. Not unlike situations found nearly every year.

In November, Buildings and Grounds workers struck the College due to refusal to provide health, welfare and pension funds. The strike retaliated a week later by suing the B&G union. Dormitories were closed to clean up crews to clean bathrooms and dispose of trash. In union, sympathy with the strikers, refused to deliver oil to the campus. Finally, after a week of strikes, the College union ratified a contract giving the workers a 7 percent pay raise away from the physical sciences, formerly required courses, toward the humanities and social sciences caused the evaluation of the various courses and departments involved in the major. Such subjects as biology, chemistry, math and physics suffered up to a 54 percent decrease in enrollment, while Biology gained 87 percent and philosophy gained 133 percent.

Professors considered the presence of women on campus a problem in the shift.

Noting the year, Cinestudio raised the price of admission to $2.12. Each student was on probation; the bookstore recorded $190 in thefts; AD suffered a fire during spring vacation; and a blizzard hit Vernon street. This was also the year Trinity started an anime program with Makerere University in Uganda.

Seminars on campus included a spring, Sha-Na-Na concert by Bonnie and Delaney, and Buffy Sainte-Marie. The latter concerts lost $5,000 and $2,500 respectively for the wing board which sponsored them. The blame for such losses on insufficient publicity. 

1971-1972 - Thefts Steel Attention

The Trinity school year of '71-'72 started with the proposal of a disciplinary system, the Cave in a new location, the closing of two dormitories, and the realization that campus crime was rising at an alarming rate. At mid-year, thieves had made $4,000 in thefts, 35 percent of freshmen had made $4,000 in thefts, and plans were underway for Women's Week, Sesquicentennial anniversary celebrations, and death marches on Hartford in support of the continuation of the Vietnam War.

President Lockwood termed Trinity "a national institution" in his inauguration address. A few days later he introduced a new disciplinary system, "Procedures in Matters of Discipline and Due Process," which was designed to provide for a Board of Inquiry to decide mediation in two-party disputes.

The Cave and Cinestudio both underwent renovations during the year. Cinestudio added equipment, a curtain and decorations. The Cave returned to its former name, with new decor and a new floor over a former game room area, and using $300,000. The Cave emerged with pop art wallpaper, sporting cows and arabic lettering. Coffee was at the incredible price of 15 cents a cup.

Campus crime drew attention throughout the year as robberies surged weekly, and thieves made a bundle over Christmas. The College considered putting outdoor locks on the dormitory doors. I resolved to close the dormitories during the long Christmas vacation. During the spring, juveniles from Hartford threw marbles at the school of Life Science, causing a possible $22,000 worth of damage. The windows' heat-absorbing tempered glass faced white breakage when exposed to sunlight.

Students created security problems themselves by failing to lock their cars. One hundred and thirty-nine students were fines for parking their cars illegally.

Two fraternity houses on campus. They attributed their failure to "inability to adapt to changing social conditions." In other living "in-residence" decorated the walls of Wheaton. Students expressed a desire for co-ed dorms.

Students refused to pay a tax imposed on telephone use. The easy way to finance the Vietnam War, and many protested the Vietnam involvement. Since it cost the Internal Revenue Service $20 to trace an offender, most students felt free from prosecution.

Students engaged in a College strike in the spring to protest the escalation of the War. President Lockwood endorsed the "coercive strike" which used "nonviolent and constructive means to express" dissatisfaction. Trinity students supported the Sit-in March in Times Square and the Die-In at the Federal building in downtown Hartford.

The Inter cultural Studies Program was set for operation. The planners of the program intended to combine Non-Western and South Asian Studies into a coordinated program which functioned as an academic program.

Among events on campus were the inaugural concert of the new opera group, Betty Friedan speaking during the Trinity Women's organization's week-long celebration of Susan B. Anthony's birthday; and plans for the College's 150th anniversary.

In the next issue - the second installment of our three part series - we will review the academic years '72 through '76.

Trinity in the 70's

In the next issue - the second installment of our three part series - we will review the academic years '72 through '76.

The next year, '74-'75, the Housing Office prohibited pets for the remaining year, a fire hit Jarvis, and women comprised 45.5 percent of freshmen class.

Coming Attractions...

The "Die-In," part of an anti-Vietnam protest held in downtown Hartford.

"Women are just as visible as blacks and just as much second-class citizens as blacks."

It's a very bleak picture in private and higher education."

President Lockwood

A typical Long Walk scene?

"Coming Attractions..."
It’s Time to Set the Record Straight

"It’s an arm of the administration." "It’s anti-fraternity." "It’s run by a cabal of bullies." During the last three terms, these phrases have become those used to characterize the Tripod. As the new term begins, the Tripod Editorial Board believes that it is time to set the record straight with respect to our role, our responsibilities, and our policies.

As a college newspaper, we play a dual role. As a newspaper, we serve our readership through our public constant search for the truth. That is, we collect and print as much information as possible that, in the opinion of the editorial board, will help our readers gain insight into the community known as Trinity College. Ideally, we play this role through a complete, unbiased, and thorough accounting of the events that occur on campus, and in the greater Hartford area. Of equal importance in the search for truth is the publishing of our weekly editorial viewpoints and the reaction to these viewpoints, as well as other commentary pieces. The combination of our quest for information and the expression of our opinion provides an opportunity for members of the community to examine their own values and beliefs in relation to specific issues, in addition to providing a chance for students, faculty, and administration to learn more about each other.

Because we are a college newspaper, we play a unique role. As the only student organization in a position to provide a degree of cohesion to the diverse group of events and activities that occur on campus. Through articles written in each of its five sections, the Tripod binds together the necessarily disparate sectors that constitute a liberal arts college.

In light of our unique position, we must assume responsibilities, the most important of which being our service to our reading public, the students of Trinity College. Because we are a student run organization, we do not exist on the basis of demand for our paper; but on the fact that we are a completely open, democratically run organization. We hold elections for service to our reading public, the students of Trinity. Anyone can run for a position. If, in the eyes of our arts college, the Tripod binds together the readers, our performance has been deemed inadequate. A cabal of bullies? We don’t think so. Rather, a group of students dedicated to the publishing of a weekly newspaper that serves the students of Trinity according to the principles set forth in this editorial.

It’s Time to Set the Record Straight

Over the Transom

In A Handbasket: The 80’s

by Eric Grewett

This is an age of diminishing expectations. On December 20, I went through a final exam of a murderous seminar. I would party and celebrate like never before. On December 21, I went to Cinestudio and saw Little Women.

New Year’s Eve isn’t what it used to be, either. I am not as wild as some, but I have had my share. New Year’s festivities: 1980, on the other hand, saw me sitting in a basement with a hundred high school friends, playing Diplomacy and watching Bangladesh on television. (High school groups, of course, tend to deteriorate as people go through college. The one I am affiliated with spends its evenings playing war games and talking about whom is going to win with whom, which amounts to much the same thing.)

Indeed, the 80’s are off to a bad start. I expected to spend this semester worrying about my graduation, but I did not expect to worry about getting drafted. A lot of people are writing stories and articles reviewing the ’70s. The ’80s are going to be worse than the ‘70s, or at least the second half of the ’70s. I think the ’80s will be the time when everything goes to hell in a handbasket.

For instance, we won’t have energy crises in the 80s. We’ll have energy catastrophes, as gasoline reaches the price it’s had for five years in Europe and no quick fix is available to solve the problems. Also, we haven’t heard the last of nuclear accidents; the non-nukes are noisy and environmentalists keep right on being wheeled.

Americans will elect an unqualified and inept man to the Presidency in 1980. (All of the current Presidential candidates are unqualified. Some of them are unappealing.)

Liberal arts colleges will vanish by the dozens, as tuition and fees rise. There will be no jobs for college professors, but plenty for financial aid workers. At best, all this could mean a real improvement in public college and universities, at worst, a lot of night classes in bartending and auto mechanics.

We are going to become a dying species in the ’80s. Optimists attribute this to home computers and telecommunications. Pessimists attribute it to the National Enquirer.

Starting in about December of 1981, everyone who’s read the book (and many who haven’t) will write one of nine million six hundred thousand essays or articles with titles along the lines of "1984: Was Orwell Right?" There will be at least two television adaptations of this novel, and it will be the best bad news special since the Bicentennial.

Drugs, sex, and rock ‘n roll will still be big in the ’80s, although no one knows for sure if it will be for the better.
Wanted: Any man with guts
to fill in for me for the rest of the
season. I am not going to be
around because I have lost my
interest in the game. I can't
come back to the team anymore.
I have decided to quit the
basketball team because I am
discouraged by the lack of
talent on the team. I am
determined to find a better
opportunity elsewhere.

By this point, I was definitely
ready to go. I had been
wondering what I would do
next. I decided that I would
go to Florida for the rest of
the season. I had always
wanted to go to Florida, but
I never had the time or the
money to go. I was
excited to finally be able to
visit the Sunshine State.

I arrived in Florida and
immediately went to
Bunco Hall of Fame in Dayton,
Ohio. I was eager to see the
museum and learn about the
history of Bunco.

I spent the day at the
museum, looking at all the
different items on display.
I learned a lot about Bunco
and how it has evolved over
the years. I was
impressed with the dedication
of those who have
established the museum.

At the end of the day, I
headed for the hospital, and
the orthopedic ward because
I hoped to get some
relief. I had been in a lot of pain
recently, and I was
determined to find a solution.

I was given a new pair of Bean
Boots, and I was
overjoyed. They were the
perfect fit for me, and I was
able to walk comfortably
without any pain.

I spent the next few days
recuperating, and I was
finally ready to return to
Connecticut.

I headed back to the
campus, and I was
happy to see my friends and
my team. I had missed
them, and I was
excited to be back.

I started practicing again,
and I was determined to
make the most of the rest of
the season. I was
confident that we could
make it to the championship game.

I was right. We worked hard
and we ultimately made it
to the championship game.
I was happy to win the game,
and I was proud of my team.

I will never forget that
season. It was one of the
best times of my life, and I
will always cherish the
memories.

Anyway, just got to the
point where we had to part — as far as
career-wise, and they just
got me a new pair,
and pronto. I was down to
the last pair of shoes, and they
were almost out.

And many satisfying these
great, size: 11 EE. And many
afford the air fare. And where
(pronounced like Onion with a B)
a bonus of one free pair of LL Bean
satisfying these conditions will get
never comin' back.

Goodbye. Over the years I had
wished every pair of shoes I wore in
New Canaan and the surrounding
area, because if they sold me
shoes, the store would inevitably
hit my feet - and I would come
storming back to the store - full of
eagerness - and a pair of new shoes.
This happened again, and again,
until finally they gave me back my
money. It was a nightmare.

We had quite a life together, me
and those boots. You know, in
our day, we established an
unqualified record for dart-throwers
in lower Fairfield County. We were the scourge of
anyone more than 5 miles of New
Canaan. With a great deal of
Blood, sweat and Tears, we established a
reputation for

engaged in Fun'n Sun in Florida,
chance to spend the Xmas vacation
with the little guys, 'cause over the
thoughts raced ahead of me down
the Florida. Them's (sic) first class
operation. A little dancin' and a lot
of pair, and pronto. I was down to
those things were hazardous to my
health. They were so frigging big —
health. They were so frigging big —

307 315, ext. 252 Mailing address: Box
1310, Trinity College, Hartford, Conn. 06119


The TRIPOD is published by the students of Trinity College.

indochina Series
A series of events entitled "Indochina: Struggle and Crime" will be held at the College, January 29, 30 and February 6.

On Tuesday, January 29 at 7:00 p.m., two films will be shown in the McCook Auditorium. They are a 10. U. S. Defense Dept. film, "Why Vietnam?" and Emilio de Antonio's Anti-war documentary made in 1959. Following the films, there will be an open discussion moderated by Trinity faculty members Dr. Charles Lindsay, assistant professor of English, and Dr. Kenneth Chatfield, lecturer in history. On Wednesday, January 30, two prominent scholars of the Vietnam War will debate the war at 8:00 p.m. in the McCook Auditorium. They are Dr. Guenter Lewy, a political science professor from the University of Massachusetts and Gareth Porter, a former researcher associate at the RAND Project.

Finally, on Wednesday, February 6, journalist Elizabeth Becker will lecture on "The Present Crisis in Indochina."

Her talk will begin at 8:00 p.m. in the McCook Auditorium.
Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.

Women's Center

The Women's Center Coordinator is currently looking for new members. It is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration as well as students. The committee meets every Monday at 12:15 pm in the Center. Its purpose is to provide programming and long term planning for the Center. It is an active working committee requiring commitment and is open to all Trinity Staff, faculty and administration.

ConnPirg

The Trinity chapter of ConnPirg will sponsor a talk by Mr. David Traskoff, author of The Energizing of Power Politics, on January 22 at 8:00 pm in the Goodwin Theatre, Austin Arts Center.
Boochever and Kramer Conquer Space in Art

by Barbara J. Salto

Two students of Trinity College, Eric Kramer and Sloane Boochever, are presenting a show of their own artwork at Garmany Hall, Arts Center. Entitled, "The Hand, the Eye, and the Space," the show is an exhibition of many of their separate and common works. The show is a fine example of Trinity's studio arts talent, as well as an example of how different individuals present answers to the same problem.

Many of the works in their exhibit seem to deal with the problems of space and mass.

Boochever, are presenting a show that it is 1980 hardly seems to of their recent and past works. The I read through three weeks' semester's first issue of the Tripod; in search of timely material for this and administration settle into these unimportant as students, faculty, matter. The fact that this year Center was recently awarded a $1,000 grant by the Connecticut makes the students, faculty, and the public's inquisitive eyes. Those conflicts with the water. river in late dusk. The last one, a windswept cloudy sky over blue

There is a smaller landscape painting of Boochever's that is a critique of the same area of space and color. This painting works in three parts: an immediate frame on the background, done in stark colors that contrast the background and foreground combat with another one for the viewer's attention. The space here, however, is another problem. The foreground tends to flatten into the middle ground, and in the case of the painting's subject, blends the foreground's trees with those in the middle ground.

Over all, Boochever's work seems to lack the same quality as Kramer's—the quest to conquer space. The exhibit does not hold together as an expression of some concepts; it represents well each artist's development of ideas. "The Hand, the Eye, and the Space," is running Jan. 16-22, at the Arts Center in the AUD.

Photography Creates a Living History

by Scott Leventhal

Three or four years ago, when Walker Evans announced that he had plans to stop making photographic prints available for sale, Harry Lunn squealed in a final order. Lunn, a prestigious Washington, D.C. art dealer, reportedly had little trouble meeting Evans's new policy. Evans was asking $350 a print. Lunn ordered a thousand. Today a signed print by Walker Evans would bring barely $100 at under $1000.

It takes a great deal of money, or a great deal of luck, to afford photographs by the masters of photography these days. A few wealthy individuals, large corporations, galleries and museums are the biggest buyers of photographic art. Some purchase photographs for personal collections. Others are collecting in order to keep the public's inquisitive eyes. Those who do make the images available to the general public do so generally within the confines of their own art galleries.

There are some patrons of photography, however, who feel that if the public won't come to the image, the image should go out amongst the public. So when Independent Center, (IC) approached both Harry Lunn and Graphics Int., Ltd. with the hopes of acquiring a few prints of vintage and contemporary photographs by some of the heroes of photography, and, by Cameron's standards, was one of her simpler, more graceful, images.

Edward Mughray, not one of ours on p. 16.
The Nutcracker Revitalizes Holiday Magic
A New "Nutcracker" Promises Christmas Joy for 1980

by Micheal Lipp

The Nutcracker, which was splendidly revitalized in this year's presentation by the Hartford Ballet and Chamber Orchestra, has been a tradition since 1940. But the part being performed was what is billed as the "all new" Nutcracker, complete with new technological advances in scenery and lighting.

Opening night, December 15, proved that this was an understatement.

When, in no more than the blink of an eye, an enormous swirling snowflake on a beautiful blue background transformed itself into the snow-covered window of a large house and then mysteriously turned into the elaborate hall of a mansion in nineteenth century Germany, one could feel the magic in the air. The use of translucent screens and attractive, efficient sets and projections was truly stunning. The orchestra performed beautifully, with no letdowns.

The first scene involved the first part of the prologue which featured Michelle Uthoff, a veritable Michelle Schorr, rapidly changed the stage and photographic images of Ron Kelch, set by Thomas Munn and Ted Hershey, effectively displayed their respective floppiness and military rigidity.

The next scene involved the first dance of the Nutcracker. There was a tour de force performance by Stephanie Jones. Just about the level of moderation that she should have maintained, the Rat Doll, Cynthia McColvin, and the Soldier Doll, Ted Hershey, effectively displayed their respective floppiness and military rigidity.

The first scene involved the first magnificent metamorphosis of the evening. In the lighting of Jerry Kutch, set by Thomas Mann and the dance of the snowflake, there was a series of photographs from the logs Brandt's exhibition, back in the late fifties, which were presented in an exhibition by Cindy Sherman, a photographic image of Roy Schiell, rapidly changed the stage from the living room to a land of make-believe where children move by themselves, chubby mice dance, clocks hands whirl dreamily and battle small hearts fought by soldiers and black mice (well-handled with flashpots).

Falling asleep with the Doctor's gift, the Nutcracker, Clara awakes to find the tree to have literally grown through the ceiling, from what might only be called "delight of dance" into a child-like choral scene with the top soldiers to victory.

As the scene resolves, both Clara and her Prince are magically transformed into adults who greet each other in a passionate pas de deux. The older Clara, played by Judith Coossil, was portrayed with strikingly memorable style and grace, while the portrayal of the Prince by Roland Ross seemed to be one of the few disappointments in the show; his skillful dancing was marred by a lack of personality and stage presence. The "Waltz of the Snowflakes," with its most pretentious situations, Timothy O'Gorman, as well as William Henry Jackson, the man responsible for proving to the world the possibility of photography, made by some of the greatest photographers of the day, is an exhibition that the public should see. And the Nutcracker, with its suave, stately manner in a dynamic production, keeping both his family and their children was beautifully revitalized.

The finale was a fitting end, combining all the brilliant movements and dances into one integrated scene, with a huge, shiver of joy seemed to be heard by the audience as the Nutcracker faded into the shadows.

The finale was a fitting end, combining all the brilliant movements and dances into one integrated scene, with a huge eye, an enormous swirling snowflake on a beautiful blue background, with its most incongruous people in the audience. No one has ever thought of living in a way that only a child can, and there is no way to improve on such a striking, immediate celebration of life, love, joy, and the Christmas spirit. It was the most perfect time since the Christmas of 1979 for a show in Hartford in 1980.

A Survey of the History of Photography

by Michael Lipp

The Nutcracker, which was splendidly revitalized in this year's presentation by the Hartford Ballet and Chamber Orchestra, has been a tradition since 1940. But the part being performed was what is billed as the "all new" Nutcracker, complete with new technological advances in scenery and lighting.

Opening night, December 15, proved that this was an understatement.

When, in no more than the blink of an eye, an enormous swirling snowflake on a beautiful blue background transformed itself into the snow-covered window of a large house and then mysteriously turned into the elaborate hall of a mansion in nineteenth century Germany, one could feel the magic in the air. The use of translucent screens and attractive, efficient sets and projections was truly stunning. The orchestra performed beautifully, with no letdowns.

The first scene involved the first part of the prologue which featured Michelle Uthoff, a veritable Michelle Schorr, rapidly changed the stage and photographic images of Ron Kelch, set by Thomas Munn and Ted Hershey, effectively displayed their respective floppiness and military rigidity.

The first scene involved the first magnificent metamorphosis of the evening. In the lighting of Jerry Kutch, set by Thomas Mann and the dance of the snowflake, there was a series of photographs from the logs Brandt's exhibition, back in the late fifties, which were presented in an exhibition by Cindy Sherman, a photographic image of Roy Schiell, rapidly changed the stage from the living room to a land of make-believe where children move by themselves, chubby mice dance, clocks hands whirl dreamily and battle small hearts fought by soldiers and black mice (well-handled with flashpots).

Falling asleep with the Doctor's gift, the Nutcracker, Clara awakes to find the tree to have literally grown through the ceiling, from what might only be called "delight of dance" into a child-like choral scene with the top soldiers to victory.

As the scene resolves, both Clara and her Prince are magically transformed into adults who greet each other in a passionate pas de deux. The older Clara, played by Judith Coossil, was portrayed with strikingly memorable style and grace, while the portrayal of the Prince by Roland Ross seemed to be one of the few disappointments in the show; his skillful dancing was marred by a lack of personality and stage presence. The "Waltz of the Snowflakes," with its most pretentious situations, Timothy O'Gorman, as well as William Henry Jackson, the man responsible for proving to the world the possibility of photography, made by some of the greatest photographers of the day, is an exhibition that the public should see. And the Nutcracker, with its suave, stately manner in a dynamic production, keeping both his family and their children was beautifully revitalized.

The finale was a fitting end, combining all the brilliant movements and dances into one integrated scene, with a huge eye, an enormous swirling snowflake on a beautiful blue background, with its most incongruous people in the audience. No one has ever thought of living in a way that only a child can, and there is no way to improve on such a striking, immediate celebration of life, love, joy, and the Christmas spirit. It was the most perfect time since the Christmas of 1979 for a show in Hartford in 1980.
More Sports

BANTAM SPORTS ARENA

Women's Track

Any women interested in informal winter training for spring track should attend the meeting on Wednesday, Jan. 23, 3 pm, in the Tempol Room of Fenn Athletic Center. If unable to attend but still interested, contact Lanier Drew.

This Week In Trinity Sports

Tuesday, Jan. 22
- Men's Varsity Basketball vs. Williams, 8 PM, Away.
- Men's JV Basketball vs. Williams, 6 PM, Away.
- Hockey in Wesleyan Tournament vs. Fairfield in opening round, at Wesleyan, 6 PM.

Wednesday, Jan. 23
- Varsity Men's Swimming vs. Union, 4 PM, Away.
- Men's Varsity and JV Squash vs. Amherst, HOME, 7 PM.
- Men's and Women's Fencing vs. Yale, Away, 7 PM.
- Women's Fencing vs. Western New England, 7 PM, Away.

Thursday, Jan. 24
- Hockey in Wesleyan Tournament vs. Assumption or Wesleyan, at Wesleyan, 6 PM.
- Women's Basketball vs. Quintiniae, HOME, 7 PM.

Friday and Saturday, Jan. 25-26
- Men's Varsity Squash in Round Robin Tournament vs. Bowdoin, Colby, Hobart and Wesleyan, HOME, 1 PM Friday, 9 AM Saturday.
- Women's Basketball vs. Conn College, Away, 7:30 PM.

Saturday, Jan. 26
- Men's and Women's Fencing vs. Fairfield, 1 PM, HOME.
- Hockey vs. Nichols, HOME (Wesleyan), 7:30 PM.
- Women's Varsity Squash in Round Robin Tournament vs. Amherst, 11 AM.
- Men's and Women's Swimming vs. Central, 1 PM, Away.
- Wrestling vs. Amherst and Uhart at Urbana, 1 PM.
- Women's Basketball vs. Conn College, Away, 7:30 PM.

Sunday, Jan. 27
- Men's and Women's Fencing vs. Dartmouth, 9 AM, HOME.
- Hockey vs. Dartmouth last Friday.

Engineers at Xerox work miracles.

Our engineers convert complicated tasks into simple ones. With just the push of a button, Xerox equipment works wonders. Dependable. Our engineers' original thinking And Xerox technology is built on original science.

Xerox is dedicated to new ideas. And to our customers who are developing them. While our R&D budget, we remain flexible. Our engineers work with almost 2 million a day converting the technology of the future into reality.

Xerox is a one-stop operations. Get your ideas the attention they deserve. Check with your college placement office for Xerox interview dates and schedules. Then talk to our campus representatives.

Knot/Out

BOOKS
JEWELRY
ANTIQUES
GREETING CARDS
PAINTINGS - LEATHER - POTTERY
STAINED GLASS - HAND EMBROIDERY

The most unique shoppe of handmade things in Ct.

263 FRANKLIN AVENUE, HARTFORD, CT. 06114
525-1826

D&D Package Store
417 New Britain Ave., Hartford
249-6833

D&D Package Store
417 New Britain Ave., Hartford
249-6833

Wine Merchants
249-6833
**More Sports**

**Hockey Survives Div. II Schedule**

**New Haven Meets Goalie Solik In Defensive Showdown**

by Nancy Lucas

In what was finest effort the Bantams have put forth to date, the Chargers of New Haven scored the winning goal on a fluke play to take home a 2-1 win in a defensive stalemate.

The first period was clean and well-played, not devoid of hard hitting but free of penalties and even scoring until, just after the four-minute mark, New Haven capitalized on a loose puck right in front of goalie Steve Solik.

The "Visitors -1" score stayed on the Wesleyan side's record board for a long time; neither team could muster a goal in the second period, and it wasn't until late in the third that the Bantams tied up the contest at 1-1.

This fact can be attributed to a spectacle viewed by a considerable amount of Bantams rooting lusty Saturday afternoon; the maturation of a goalie. Steve Solik, with a little help from his friends, came up with 54 saves, most of them gas-producing, to fend off the charges of the Chargers.

Defensively, the Bantams were also strong, taking the body in front of the net and blocking shot. Jack Slattery and Pete Danno each helped out with the needle-nosed chores.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.

In the last half of the period, Pat Slattery and Larry Rosenthal managed to put together a strong forechecking performance, and Slattery came up with the puck inside the New Haven blue line. He quickly fed Rosenthal, who went in on goalie Steve Solik and put the icing on the win with only 25 seconds to play.

The offense sputtered out, struggled out of their zone at peak long, unable to really penetrate a threat. A disappointing total of 4 shots in the second period cannot be expected to result in more goals.

In the third period, however, Triis did begin to mount some offensive power. T.R. Goodman, Bob Ferguson, and Bob Plumb in this first frame stormed the New Haven net. Ferguson even came up with a breakaway, but the Charger netminder closed off the right side and that was that.
More Sports

Varsity Squash Decisive At Dartmouth, 7-2

by Tom Reynolds

This past Friday afternoon, Coach Sutherland took his team to Hanover, New Hampshire to take on Dartmouth in what was the first outing of the 1980 campaign for Trinity. As it turned out, the victory for the day was the better team as they overwhelmed their opposition by a score of 7-2.

Peter DeRose, playing at the number two spot, and number eight man Jack Scott led the charge as they easily handled their opponents by 3-0 margins in both matches. Meanwhile, # 3 Rob Dudley, # 5 Scott Friedmann and number seven man Steve Booscheier won their matches by the score of 3-1. Rounding out the victories for Trinity were John Burchenal playing at number four, and Chris Murphy holding down the number six slot.

Burchenal's match came right down to the wire as he and his opponent engaged in a tiebreaker in the fifth game. However, Burchenal easily won the tiebreaker, thus securing the 2-3 victory. Murphy was also triumphant at a 3-2 count.

Captain and number one player Page LANDISSE and # 9 player Ross Goldberg suffered the two defeats for the Bantams by scores of 3-1 and 3-2, respectively.

In all, it was a very satisfying win for Trinity, and Coach Sutherland was pleased with the way the team performed. During the course of the next thirty-two days, the Trinity varsity will be confronted with a rigorous schedule which sees the team playing twenty matches over the month-long period. On January 21st, Trinity traveled to MIT to take on teams from both MIT and Tufts before returning home for their first home match Wednesday night at 7 PM vs. Amherst. During their home matches, the squash teams would very much appreciate support from fellow Trinity students. While the players are doing all they can to help themselves, the Trinity student body can also help make the season a successful one by attending the matches.

JV Hoop Remains Undefeated

by Anthony Fischetti

Excellent offensive and defensive performances propelled the JV basketball team to two victories last week as the quint remained among the ranks of the unbeaten, improving its record to 3-0. It was the shooting that carried the Bantams to a 61-32 triumph over Clark while a stalwart effort on the other end of the floor pushed the Bants past Coast Guard, 57-48.

On Tuesday, at Ferris, the JVs exercised their shooting arms back into shape after a one month holiday layoff by letting the ball fly early and often. Statistically speaking, the Bantam defense helped keep the visiting Cougars close as both teams raced up and down the floor, Ron Carrol (32 points) had another fine offensive outing, scoring 20 in the first half as the Bants entered the locker room with a 53-46 lead.

Much of the second half was spent trying to eclipse the century mark for the second consecutive game, and in the process, Trin kept the visitors within contention. Bruce Zawodniak keyed a late second half rush, scoring 15 of his 21 points in icing the win. He was joined by Bill Fracasso, Mike Young and John Shirley, while Mike Collins added some solid ball handling down the stretch.

It was off to New London to do battle with the Coast Guard Academy Saturday night, where the Bants fell behind in a game for the first time this season. Poor shot selection, turnovers, and a total disregard for strategies of offense allowed the Bears to build up a 25-9 halftime advantage.

The Bant defense was impeccable but the pedestrian Cadet offense induced belfer/skeller offensive play by Trinity, resulting in 86-percentage points scored for the second time this season. Poor shot selection, turnovers, and a total disregard for strategies of defense allowed the Bears to build up a 25-9 halftime advantage.

The Bant defense was impeccable but the pedestrian Cadet offense induced belfer/skeller offensive play by Trinity, resulting in 86-percentage points scored for the second time this season. Poor shot selection, turnovers, and a total disregard for strategies of defense allowed the Bears to build up a 25-9 halftime advantage.

Fencers Fall To Army Foil

The fabulous, furious fencers from Unit D went stepping out all the way last weekend. Stepping out of their league, that is. The chivalrous Bants invaded New York to encounter the Cadets of the United States Military Academy. The battle, which ensued drew no blood (only a few falls for Army) as it developed into fierce competition with many of the bouts going the full time limit (five minutes of "stop-and-go"). It was the superior concentration of the Cadets which proved to be fatal to the Bants.

The sabre team started the event and unfortunately couldn't put it all together. The only victor was Don DePablo who mustered a 2-1 tally for the day. DePablo felt good and looked strong yet he couldn't quite pull out that third victory. The remainder of the team was blacked 0-6. In foil, both Kevin Childress and Kevin Zitnay posted victories. But the unfortunate item is that they only earned one win apiece. Childress went 1-0 on the day while Zitnay needed two bouts to warm up but he handled top Army's first man in his third bout. An aspiring freshman, Zitnay should prove to be valuable to the team this season as he looks strong. The remaining four foil bouts were dropped to the Mates.

In epee, the leery duellists couldn't get it all out. Peter Psalmoud led the squad with a 2-1 record but was only supported by Co-Captain Dan Schlomoff's single victory. This gave the epee team a total score of 4-6 which couldn't quite do it for the fencers yet no longer fabulous swashbucklers. Army posted a 20-7 tally for the day.

The Trinity fencers will end their early season warm-up with Yale on Wednesday in New Haven. After that they plan to break into their league as well as into the victory column on Saturday against Fairfield University in their home opener.
Trinity Basketball At Home....

"Jekyl And Hyde" Week For Bantam Hoop Team

by Anthony Fischetti

On Tuesday, the defense rested while the offense played in a somnambulistic condition. Carl Rapp,iriess to the occasion against Clark. Rapp had a much better game against Coast Guard on Saturday, when he scored 13 straight points to lead his team to the win.

Carl Rapp rises to the occasion against Clark. Rapp had a much better game against Coast Guard on Saturday, when he scored 13 straight points to lead his team to the win.

Photo by Mark Italia

The game was big-time all the way. It was played in Havana's Sports City in a cavernous 15,000 seat arena, was broadcast on two radio stations, and was nationally televised. It had all the atmosphere of an Olympic battle, as both teams stood at midcourt for the playing of their respective national anthems.

From the outset, they knew it was no ordinary away contest. "It was the greatest basketball experience of my life," said Carl Rapp, "the closest I'll ever get to the Olympics in an historic game; this was no ordinary away contest. "It was Jekyl and Hyde week for the Varsity hoop team, as the offense played in a frigid tune of 29% from the floor in falling to mount any serious offensive threats. Carl Rapp had 16 points for the losers, while John Meaney added 10.

The team showed its resilience by rebounding with a satisfying 57-50 winning effort against the pesky Cadets of Coast Guard. meaney added 10.

The second half was much of the same, as the Bantams kept the pressure on throughout the game. The throng cheered wildly as Trin shot its way to the lead, which was 25, with several players over 30, including captain Rupert Herron.

Patience is the name of the game for the Bantams this season. They have been working hard in preparing to begin the contest. The Cuban team, mammoth in size and strength, was composed essentially of players that competed in the Pan American games, essentially composed of players that competed in Montreal in '76 and who will play in Moscow this summer. Last year, the hosts managed to outscore the national team's average age was 25, with several players over 30, including captain Rupert Herron.

The score was 49-26 at the half, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.

The second half was much of the same, as Trin shot its way to the lead, and by the half, the lead had swelled to 42-22. The Bantams couldn't buy a bucket for minutes at a time, while Cougar guard Kevin Clark singled twice in his first half points (he finished with 20 in leading his team to the commanding advantage at the intermission.