
The Tripod sent a team of four reporters and photographers to cover the rally, attended by many Trinity students. Buses arranged for by Trinity Young Democrats brought the students to the evening affair on Waterbury's green.

While the candidate made no startling new statements, he did reiterate many of the promises of his campaign. The South Dakota senator was well received by the crowd, estimated at 15,000.

For further coverage and reaction, the Tripod has provided a special INSIDE MAGAZINE: McGovern In Waterbury.
Faculty Proposes Tenure Changes

A faculty committee has recommended to the faculty changes in the tenure system, including the involvement of students in the recruitment and evaluation of professors.

Other proposals include: determining a professor's tenure on the basis of his own merits, without regard to the percentage of faculty already tenured; strengthening the evaluative procedures by examining a faculty member's abilities before and after he is tenured; instituting student evaluation of all faculty members on a regular basis, beginning the Appointments and Promotions committee, which determines membership, to include five professors, as well as the President and Dean of the Faculty; involving all members of a department in meeting and evaluating candidates.

Of the proposals the most controversial concerns the inclusion of students in the recruitment and evaluation of candidates, according to Charles Miller, professor of physics and chairman of the tenure committee. To date, students have never formally participated in the tenure procedures. At the faculty meeting on September 6 the faculty passed the proposal, "Recruitment procedures should be strengthened to ensure, so far as practicable in the absence of urgent circumstances that students be given the opportunity to meet candidates and to have their opinions considered in the evaluative process."

Another proposal concerning students and evaluative procedures will be considered at the October 10 meeting of the faculty. It states that the evaluative procedures should be strengthened by examining a faculty member's abilities and potential before and after he is tenured. The proposal also includes the statement, "To facilitate the process, regular student evaluation of all faculty members should be instituted..." Again, Miller stressed that it was the formal student evaluation which would create controversy among the faculty. Edwin P. Nye, dean of the faculty, also agreed that there were highly divergent views among the faculty on this point. Nye himself did not have any objections to the proposed system of evaluation.

Nye expressed an "uneasy feeling" concerning the proposal which stated that a professor's tenure would be determined on the basis of his own merits, without regard to the percentage of faculty already tenured. He said that "one cannot ignore the structural aspects of the departmental number on tenure."

The committee also recommended the faculty representation on the Appointments and Promotions Committee, to be strengthened by adding two faculty members to the committee. Nye stated that he was not sure how many faculty liked the idea of the Associate Professors: "After all, they are professors..." Another proposal explained that all members of the department concern is involved in interviews with applicants and co-relatives, as well as other faculty members involved in the tenure procedures. The proposal was accepted by the faculty at the September 6 meeting.

In speaking to Nye and Robert Lind, Secretary of the faculty, there seemed a discrepancy as to whether the votes taken by Nye and Lind regarding the first four proposals was final. Both Nye and Lind expect that the report of the tenure committee will be finalized at the October 10 faculty meeting.

Presidential Policking

Students For Nixon Organize On Campus

by Tom Santopietro

(EDITOR'S NOTE: 1973 is a Presidential year and there's been a lot written in the national media. Each network carries a team of reporters under some banner like "Campaign '73," or "Decision '73." Many papers devote whole pages to it.)

The sample has not been lost on your local press and the Tripod will continue to cover the campaign as it relates to students. Below begins the first of a four-part series on Trinity's Campaign '72. Today we will look at the Republicans, next week, the Democrats, the following week the independents, and, finally, get opinions from the students at College so why they're going to vote the way they will.

Democrats and Socialists point to the state of the economy, the continuation of the war, and other issues confronting the public this year and say President Nixon's policies are in line.

For Democrats, it means dumping Nixon and installing McGovern. For Socialists, it means dumping the establishment and placing a worker's candidate.

Republicans, however, predict their man is going to win and believe that the Nixon record will be instrumental in his re-election.

Trinity Students for Nixon will sponsor a series of five "issue sessions" in the next seven weeks. Bruce Cholst, '74, one of their leaders, explained that the purpose is to allow people to ask any questions they may have about the President's policies.

Cholst stated that two of the sessions will deal with the economy, one on prosperity and full employment, and the other with tax and welfare reform. The third session will deal with all foreign policy, the fourth with domestic issues other than the economy, and it is planned that the fifth will be a session on the President's side. Cholst also expressed the belief that undecided voters will turn to the President because of the issues.

Asked for his reaction to the poll taken at Trinity which showed Nixon with only 23% of the vote as contrasted with McGovern's 45%, Cholst commented that he was not discouraged for three reasons: first, he asserts that the poll cannot be seen in an objective light because it was taken by "three prominent young Democrats." He cited the wording of the questions, asserting they were designed to see who would work for McGovern.

Second, the freshman class opinion survey showed that freshmen are leaning more heavily toward Nixon than older classes, according to Cholst. He claimed that this might indicate a new trend in the political feelings at Trinity.

Third, Cholst says the poll taken now shows less support for McGovern than the one taken last year and he saw this indicating what he characterized as a nationwide campus-youth trend during the summer as a result of McGovern's "ideological and organizational blunders."

According to Bruce Cholst, '74, one of the leaders of the organization, "If the Young Republicans have a strong will, the Young Republicans in fact prefer to be known as "Students for Nixon." They prefer this name because they feel that nominal Democrats will not then shy away from the organization with false thoughts that they have to work for the rest of the Republican slate."

The Young Republicans have a budget of $50 a year, as compared to the Young Democrats' $150, and Cholst attributes this to the fact that the Democrats had the large organization last year and needed money in the last minute. The Young Republicans believe the registration of new voters will benefit the President's vote count on the campus.

"In the last issue," he said there was a discrepancy as to whether the votes taken by Nye and Lind regarding the first four proposals was final. Both Nye and Lind expect that the report of the tenure committee will be finalized at the October 10 faculty meeting.
Cooper Reappointed History Chairman

by Lindsay Mann

George B. Cooper has been reappointed chairman of the history department for an additional three years, having already served eight years, according to Edwin P. Nye, dean of the faculty. Cooper's term was reviewed by President Lockwood and Nye last spring.

Nye explained that the general consensus of the faculty department was that Cooper "had and was performing the duties of chairman very well," and that this appointment was felt to be in the best interests of the College.

Last February the TRIPOD quoted Nye as stating that "Dr. Cooper has told a number of people he favors Dr. Painter" as chairman. "You might say he's grooming a successor. Dr. Painter would be a good chairman because he is leaving on perhaps my delegation to him of a lot of trendy courses. . . I am always open to legitimate course suggestions from students; I don't believe in crisis-oriented courses or courses of special advocacy."-trendy courses. . . I am always open to legitimate course suggestions from students; I don't believe in crisis-oriented courses or courses of special advocacy.

Cooper explained that his administrative and cooperative department the duties are maintained. . . a comprehensive, rigorous seminar requirement. . . avoidance, of legitimate course suggestions from students; I don't believe in crisis-oriented courses or courses of special advocacy.

"There are certain things that need to be maintained . . . a comprehensive, rigorous seminar requirement. . . avoidance, of legitimate course suggestions from students; I don't believe in crisis-oriented courses or courses of special advocacy.

Cooper would not comment if he might resign as chairman before completing his three-year term. He did say, "I don't know if I'll survive." Several other chairmanship reviews have been made recently. Richard Schoch was appointed chairman of the political science department. The chairmanship of the political science department is presently being reviewed, because chairman Samuel Hendel has passed the nominal age limit of 65 for chairman.

Cooper explained that he has no specific plans for the rest of the $42,012 for the first year. This includes: 1) the initial $7,000 for the actual facility; 2) the $21,000 for start-up costs; 3) $7,000 for staff salaries; and 4) he doubted whether a direct grant would be available from the state."The Current proposal the Day Care center would cost the College the second year for utilities, building maintenance and repair, and maintenance staff. Funds from the rest of the $42,012 for the first year's operating costs would come from federal, state, and institutional sources.

The TCC recommended last April that the Center operate from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. weekdays, accommodating thirty children aged five years old. At least two-thirds of the children were to come from economically disadvantaged families.

The final report, now in the hands of Vice President Thomas A. Smith, will be exhaustively evaluated by him and sent to President Lockwood. The state legislature, according to the report, must guarantee the College the right to open a campus bar. Theber, for a non-profit institution like Trinity to make a profit. Under such a license, it would also be illegal for a non-profit institution like Trinity to make a profit. The bar and seating facilities itself would cost the College $7,000. The final report, now in the hands of Vice President Thomas A. Smith, will be exhaustively evaluated by him and sent to President Lockwood. The state legislature, according to the report, must guarantee the College the right to open a campus bar.

The Center would "enhance the attractiveness of the College's special programs and further the diversification of the student body," according to the report. A poll conducted by the TCC sub-committee last spring showed support for the center from College administrators, faculty, custodial personnel, staff, and students. According to Connecticut state law, college liquor licenses must be at least three years old. The license must be at least three years old. The College must comply with state licensing laws.

President Lockwood rejected a proposal from the Trinity College Council (TCC) calling for the establishment of a Day Care Center in the XTH house fraternity house. The Center was to accommodate children of the Trinity and Hartford communities.

Lockwood stated in a letter dated July 17 to the TCC that the proposal would not be implemented because: 1) there are insufficient funds in the College budget; 2) the possibility exists for a cooperative effort in setting up a center with other Hartford colleges; 3) comparatively few families originally connected with Trinity would use the facility; and 4) he doubted whether a Day Care Center would mesh with the College's interaction with the Hartford community.

According to the TCC proposal the Day Care center would cost the College the second year for utilities, building maintenance and repair, and maintenance staff. Funds from the rest of the $42,012 for the first year's operating costs would come from federal, state, and institutional sources.

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Salinger To Speak

West Hartford, Conn.—Pierre Salinger, former press secretary to the late President John F. Kennedy, will discuss "Politics '72" in a 10 p.m. talk Sunday evening, Oct. 1 at the University of Hartford.

Salinger will speak in the Physical Education Center under auspices of the Speakers Bureau, UConn Student Association. There will be no admission charge.

Pierre Salinger

Journalist, business executive, author and political leader, Pierre Salinger played an active role in the nomination of Senator George S. McGovern as the Democratic presidential candidate this year. He now serves as national co-chairman of Citizens for McGovern-Shriver.

Pierre Salinger's political career dates back to 1933, when he stayed on as press secretary to President Lyndon B. Johnson. He resigned in 1964 to run for the U.S. Senate in his native California, won the Democratic primary, was appointed to the Senate to fill a vacant seat, but was defeated in the regular election.

Since then, in addition to his political chores, Salinger has been associated with a number of business ventures. At the same time, he has become a well-known writer.

In the author of two books—"With Kennedy," an account of his experiences during the Kennedy regime, and "On Instructions of My Government," a best-selling novel, now out in a paperback edition in the novel, which deals with manipulation of power in the highest government circles, has been bought by CBS for a full-length television film.

Pierre Salinger, who was born in San Francisco, is a graduate of the University of San Francisco. He has been a reporter and city editor of "The San Francisco Chronicle." He now lives in France, in a villa 10 miles from Paris, with his wife and four children.

In addition to his other enterprises, Salinger has been writing, second novel, as well as a screenplay for a film to be done by the noted American director, John Frankenheimer.

Day Care... (from p. 3)

letter called the Center "irrational practical experience," and stated that "I student interest in early childhood continues to be strong, we are confident that there will be enough males and females to provide the care of the volunteer staff and to operate the Center."

In his letter Lockwood added that the Day Care Center be incorporated into the efforts of other area colleges in preschool education. He added that participation in such programs would afford Trinity students opportunities to work in the field of preschool education. Such programs would be normal through the Greater Hartford Consortium for High Education, a steering committee of local colleges.

Packard, Military Expert, Offered Honorary Degree

Former U.S. Deputy Secretary of Defense Donald F. Packard was supposed to receive an honorary degree at last May's Commencement, but decided not to come after hearing of threats of demonstrations at the ceremony, informed the university sources told the TRIPOD last week.

Packard is a co-founder of Hewlett-Packard, which produces $100-million worth of defense products yearly, and is the world's largest producer of electronic measuring devices.

In the wake of the controversy of the country perhaps the most important thing to happen tomorrow night at 7:00 p.m. in the Triton offices.

STEWART PACKARD, Military Expert, Offered Honorary Degree

Will any and all artists, newspaper fans, and lay out or graphics specialists please attend a brief meeting with the Triton's managing editor tomorrow night at 7:00 p.m.

"SOMETHING I PICKED UP FROM THE CHINESE- THEY CALL IT ACUPUNCTURE!"
Leonard E. Greenberg of West Hartford, president of Coleco Industries, Inc., a manufacturer of toy products, has been appointed a trustee of Trinity College, for a term of eight years.

Greenberg, who graduated Phi Beta Kappa from Trinity in 1943, has served since 1969 as chairman of the Jewish Studies Fund at Trinity.

A native of New Haven, Greenberg was salutatorian of his class at Hartford’s Weaver High School in 1940. He entered Trinity that year, and graduated three years later with a major in mathematics. A consistent dean’s list student, he was elected to both Phi Beta Kappa and Pi Gamma Mu, the national social sciences honor society.

In 1969 he became manager of the family business, the Connecticut Leather Company, a manufacturer and wholesaler of leather and shoe findings. He has directed the growth of the company, now known as Coleco Industries, from sales of $99,000 in 1960 to current sales of about $86 million. The company now employs 2,000 people, manufactures a line of 600 products, and owns 13 plants in Canada and the United States. Coleco Industries is traded on the New York Stock Exchange.

Greenberg has served as a director of the Toy Manufacturers Association and the National Swimming Pool Institute. He is currently chairman of the Hartford Israel Bond Drive and a member of the Board of Directors of the Hartford Jewish Federation. He is a corporation of the Mt. Sinai Hospital. He is a member of Tumblebrook Country Club.

Greenberg is married to the former Phyllis Spinrad of New Haven. They have two children: a daughter, Ilene R., Greenberg, entering her junior year at Cornell this fall; and a son, Robert B. Greenberg, who graduates from St. Rose School this year and will enter Harvard in the fall.

While a student at Trinity, Greenberg was active on the Tripod, sang in the Glee Club, and was active in the Student and the Hillel Society. In addition, he was chairman of the annual Freshman Mathematics Prize.

**U. S. POSTAL SERVICE**

**STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT AND CIRCULATION**

(Art of August 12, 1970. Section 3662, Title 39, United States Code)

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**NOTICES**

**Hillel**

Hillel Society invites the community to join in building a Sukkah Friday at 3:30 p.m. in the Chapel Garden.

**IVY**

The IVY will be distributed in the Mather Hall foyer today and tomorrow: 11 a.m.-4 p.m.

**Dorms**

On Wednesday, September 20, Trinity College Council will hold an open forum for the entire student body to attend at 4 p.m. in West Lounge to discuss and review the current housing situation on campus. Viewpoints will be sought by Peter Baech, Professor Dick Kuykendall, and Andrew Wolf on the dormitories, university housing codes, better facilities and general suggestions for future alterations. The TCC is hoping that students will take this opportunity to voice their objections so that the real housing situation will be known.

**ZPG**

The Hartford Chapter of ZPG (Zero Population Growth) will present the film Tomorrow’s Children on Wednesday, September 20 at 8:00 p.m. in McGill Auditorium at Trinity College. This short motion picture deals with alarming population growth; its interference with the ecological balance; and the possible viable alternate solutions. A discussion of Connecticut’s population problem will follow the movie. The public is invited to attend, free of charge.

**Library**

September 7-11, 1972

Saturday, Sept. 2 CLOSED
Sunday, Sept. 3 CLOSED
Monday, Sept. 4 CLOSED
Tuesday, Sept. 5 CLOSED
Wednesday, Sept. 6 9:30 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
Thursday, Sept. 7 9:30 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
Friday, Sept. 8 9:30 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
Saturday, Sept. 9 9:30 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
Sunday, Sept. 10 9:30 a.m.-10:30 p.m.
Monday, Sept. 11 Resume Regular Hours

**Play**

Jean De Rapids's "Le Balcon De Dracula" presented by the Theatre de Paris on October 22 (Thursday) at Central Unit, College, New Britain. C.

Students-$2.00 admission
The Last Picture Show Viewed Twice

Another Summer Of '42

by Chris Seehring

The LAST SHOWING was a poignant and bitter look at "growing up and growing old" in a small Texas town in the early nineteen seventies. Following the lives of the boys, the audience did not experience such stultifying experience such dramas of life, love, sex, and death, the film follows a fairly rigid and almost humorous pattern of the rise and fall of the manhood - not a manhood that ends for formidable sense of cycles of disappointments and failures that were a major part of the youth, but just a continuation - the "next step" - of the life they had been leading. One of the boys, Duane is able to make a real break from the old place - after his girlfriend jets him, he gets a job out to the desert and joins the army, and another has his chance. It's the kind of thing here, for Sam has appeared in only a few scenes, he says fewer than a hundred words and yet his presence seems to fill the whole screen. What you have to do is tailor the same now that Sam is dead. This is not nostalgia, this is what can be done with a body, a story, a man.

Chaplin would do well to continue to act the black and white film against the color. The theme is great for any artist as it is so simple that is it's almost like a fugue, so neat with each voice together and then the lines diverge again. It is like a fugue, because it has a simple structure and the music is always there. This is why I was constantly reminded of THE HOBBIT story line is the prime concern. It is the pace, the spirit of the whole film.

A graduate of the Yale School of Art, where he received his B.F.A. and M.F.A., as a teacher and as a critic, Chaplin has had exhibitions at the Yale Gallery, Chase School, Dana Hall, Stable Gallery, The Times, the American University in Washington, D.C., and the American College's Austin Arts Center for the new College's new Artist-in-Residence and Director of Cinestudio. The exhibit is open to the public and will remain through October 24, 1972.

McGovern Cabaret

George McGovern's uphill battle to victory in Connecticut in 1972 will reach the summit of Powder Ridge Mountain Friday when his admission charge will be donated to the McGovern-Shriver McGovern effort.

The cabarets will continue every Friday through November 7 beginning at 8 PM. They are sponsored by the Hartford Stage Company with a cabaret admission charge of $2.50 which will be donated to the McGovern-Shriver McGovern effort.

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The audiences are offered a cabaret experience. It is a system of categories, by Richard Woodward

McGovern's Berkeley Student Admission Charge, the American College's new Artist-in-Residence and Director of Cinestudio. The exhibit is open to the public and will remain through October 24, 1972.

Cinestudio

Cinestudio, the student run theatre on campus, needs your help. Students, particularly freshmen and sophomores, are needed to sweep and usher on Fridays and Saturdays. We would like people who would work on a regular basis with complimentary tickets being the means of payment. If you are interested, contact Charlie Thompson, Box 1272 or John Monaccio, Director of the Audio Visual Program, Room 123 in McCook.

Tryouts

Additional tryouts for The Six Lift One-Armed will be held at the Cinestudio Theatre on Tuesday, October 10, 1972, at 8 PM. Students are offered at reduced prices one-half hour before curtain time. For further information call 562-9953 in New Haven.

Yale Rep

New plays will predominate the 1972-1973 season at the Yale Repertory Theatre in New Haven. The rep will put on five world premieres of first plays by celebrated

Bogdanovich As Artist

by Richard Woodward

The "Last Show" is not a complex film, it is not even a very intelligent film. It had none of the elements of its Academy Award. Its success has been its ability to be frighteningly "unusual" in the cost to the art house crowd, and there is enough emotion and humor to make it a popular success. And one of the remarkable features about this movie is that Peter Bogdanovich, the director, has not made a schizophrenic work, but a piece of the whole of the world. The director, however, has one of the best scripts which have that to be ticked in because it is a perfectly complete picture.

The powder ridge is an abandoned Texas oil town, in the fifties sometimes. This was the time when we declared war, a new war for a teenager was a big old Mercury. But for a film this was surprisingly little nostalgia, in fact this is not a film about the past at all. The action always takes place in the present. Bogdanovich has a gift for elapsed time so that because of the people we don't notice the passage of time.

"It is a film about apologizing; the wicked never having to and the good making one apology after the other. Apologizing for losing the football game, or breaking a promise, always apologizing for what they do and not for what they are."

He does not sympathize with the women. They are blessed with names like Sharon Dunn, and in general are cunning and un-      "Bogdanovich's camerawork is a tight wire between the actual thing and the painting itself."       "The Last Picture Show" is not a complex film, it is not even a very intelligent film. It had none of the elements of its Academy Award. Its success has been its ability to be frighteningly "unusual" in the cost to the art house crowd, and there is enough emotion and humor to make it a popular success. And one of the remarkable features about this movie is that Peter Bogdanovich, the director, has not made a schizophrenic work, but a piece of the whole of the world. The director, however, has one of the best scripts which have that to be ticked in because it is a perfectly complete picture.

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Poet and Playwright: Derek Walcott

Student Writers

Trinity Review

The Trinity Review, the College's- en-
during literary magazine, is now accepting material for its fall-winter issue. Both un-
dergraduate and graduate students are invited to submit poems, stories, essays, or short drama works for consideration by the Review board of editors. Material should be sent (in an envelope of same sort) to campus post box 196. Prints or drawings by members of the Trinity community will also be considered for publication; address inquiries to post box 196. This year's first Review will appear in its familiar booklet form, soon after Thanksgiving.

Poetry Reading

Tomorrow, September 20 at 8:00 p.m., there will be a poetry reading in the Alumni Lounge. Reading from their own works will be Sarah Voegler '74, Chase Twitchell '73, Carlos Martinez '73, and Cotter Smith '73. All are invited to attend.

Chess Club

Trinity Checks Wesleyan?

by Scott Cameron

The revival meeting of the Trinity College Chess Club will be held September 26 on the Senate room at 7:30. All members of the college community are encouraged to join regardless of playing strength. Chess club authorities confidently anticipate a large and enthusiastic turnout. Their criterion will be last semester's average attendance of 1.9 members per meeting.

Another reason for optimism lies in the general surge of chess interest throughout the country. The impact of Bobby Fischer's interest-generating excursions to the West Indies, where he has produced a game of chess, has not, of course, been unnoticed. The second is suggestive of a barroom tilt in which the antagonists are overstimulated by some potent brew in order to catch the real spirit of battle. Hence we proceed directly to the second game.

Trinity is playing Black. It, of course, has no such organic weaknesses, a dynamic efficiency that afterwards you're glad you've made.

From the soothsayer's point of view, it's possible to say, "You ain't seen nothing yet." In fact, most readers will probably agree. But forever and always. In the next game-playing episode, Wesleyan makes a move of which its team captain says: "It's a blunder, but one of those blunders that afterwards you're glad you've made.''

Bushnell Master Calendar

Prize-Winning Poet Scheduled

Prize-winning poet and playwright Derek Walcott will be the Frederick L. Grzymek Memorial Poet at Trinity College for the week beginning Monday, October 16. His visit to the campus has been designated a 1969th anniversary event and is sponsored by the Trinity College Poetry Center.

On Tuesday evening, October 17, Walcott will be reading from his own poetry; on Wednesday, October 18, he will read from his contemporaries and on Friday, October 20, from his own plays. All readings will be in the Life Sciences Auditorium at 8:00 and are open to the public.

During his week-long visit Walcott will also participate in sessions with students as well as visit classrooms.

Born in the British West Indies, he has lived in England and in this country and now makes his home in Port of Spain in Trinidad. Much of Walcott's work concerns the central conflicts of today's society and the relation of the black man to his African heritage. Noted for the power and beauty of his poetic expression, Walcott's language has been compared by Clive Barnes of "The New York Times" to that of "Don Quixote," "Waiting for Godot," the Bible and a heretic of Elizabethan and Jacobean playwrights. A review of his poetry in The New York Times" noted his "Wildic command of the full power of the English language," and the "London Times" called his work "glittering, ...as noble and stern and grand as Milton."

A graduate of the University College of the West Indies, Walcott has served as the Director of the Trinidad Theatre Workshop, where he has produced both Trinidadian and Indian and foreign drama as well as his own plays, which have been performed throughout the Caribbean, in Canada, and by the Royal Court Theatre in London. His first play, "The Dream on Monkey Mountain," which won an Ode award in 1961, was first produced during the annual playwright's conference in the Ruppert-O'Neill Foundation Theatre and later by the Negro Ensemble Company in New York. "In a Fine Castle," a new play, will again sponsor a tour of four un-

Student Writers

Poetry Circuit

This year the Connecticut Poetry Circuit will again sponsor a tour of four un-
dergraduate students poets to read on the circuit during the month of February, 1973. All Trinity undergraduate students are invited to submit poetry in our contest to select the College's nominee for the Circuit's competition. Each applicant should submit five copies of five pages of verse to Hugh Odgen by noon, Monday, October 16. The Trinity nominee will then be reviewed by the Circuit's selection committee. The Connec-
ticut Poetry Circuit awards $100 dollars to be divided among the four un-
dergraduates for each reading given, as well as paying all travel expenses.
Day Care Center

The most significant question to be asked regarding the TCC proposal is whether the Center would serve Trinity’s academic needs. Of secondary importance is whether there truly exists a need for a Day Care Center both in the Trinity and Hartford communities.

Although TCC, working with Trinity, presented a remarkably detailed, careful study of the proposed Center, both of these problems must be resolved before the College can seriously deal with the proposal.

The proposal carries the support of Professor Doten of the psychology department, and Ivan Backer, director of community affairs. Yet we cannot endorse the establishment of a Day Care Center until a large number of College families contact their parents directly to determine if in fact there is a Center willing to participate in a Trinity Center.

If the TCC can show a definite need on the part of Trinity and Hartford parents for a Center, and the interest of Trinity students in participating, then such a Center should definitely be reconsidered by President Lockwood, and, hopefully, be established as quickly as possible.

President Lockwood questions whether a Day Care Center would improve our interaction with Hartford. Such a Center would, of course, help to prepare students to participate in the to-the-trade Individuated Degree Program. Although it is true that the Office of Community Affairs, as well as other College offices, sponsors various programs for members of the Hartford community, how many families are actually concerned with these programs? A Day Care Center is absolutely essential for any member of the community who wishes to spend time in the Hartford community.

The TCC proposal must be reviewed by the TCC and President Lockwood. We hope a revised program will emerge; the potential for a truly fine achievement is great.

Attica and Reality

By Tom Wicker

The McCoy Commission has concluded that Governor Nelson Rockefeller should have gone to Attica before permitting the armed assault that recaptured the prison last September. But the commission also observed that this question "has tended to overshadow all other issues as a subject of public debate," and that is both true and too bad.

Had the Governor gone to Attica, the deaths of 39 persons killed in the attack might, or might not, have been avoided; no one will ever know. As the commission stated, at least Mr. Rockefeller’s presence might have set aside a restraint on the attackers; as some of the prison rioters themselves believed at the time, personal exposure to the lethal atmosphere of tension and hatred prevailing at Attica just before the attack might have altered his view on how to proceed.

All that is speculation. What is certain is that the failure at Attica was not a failure of Nelson Rockefeller alone, the Governor, is an officer of the State, is responsible for the Dep. of Corrections, as is the Commissioner, and the Dep. of Corrections, as is Senator Rockefeller. Thus, while it may be true that the Governor, as a political leader, bore the responsibility for a specific crime.

But the real problem, finally, is that prisoners, by and large, do come from the lowest and most hopeless economic classes and the worst social conditions, as Mr. Rockefeller’s report has correctly stated. It is not merely what Spirng Agnew has called "aggravating" or "the root causes of conditions that are constantly used as excuses for some people to commit crime."

On the other hand, the assertion of a general public culpability is not intended as a sort of fatalistic do-goodism, a view that there are no criminals or that social conditions excuse even criminal act. It is not merely what Spirng Agnew has called "aggravating" or "the root causes of conditions that are constantly used as excuses for some people to commit crime."

But it would be all too easy for some to conclude that had Governor Rockefeller only gone to Attica, all would have been well. It would be just as easy for others to conclude that had Mr. Rockefeller ordered the prison recaptured by force, on the first day of the uprising, there would have been no problem. It would be all too easy to conclude that nothing was really wrong at Attica but a few individual failures, and to ignore the real failure of society to come to bloody fruition there.

One of these real problems is the practice of incarcerating men like animals in their cages, in for-ress-like prisons closed to the public eye and located for the most part far off the beaten path, with those prisonersmaned by untrained, underpaid, often frightened civil servants, mostly whites, placed in total control (so long as they can maintain it) of prisoners, mostly blacks and other minorities, separated abroad from home, community, jobs, sex, amenity and hope.

Another real problem is that of many of these prisoners know themselves to have been unfairly or capriciously or callously treated by police anxious for arrests, prisoners hungry for convictions, defense counsel of inadequate skills and preparation, courts too often incapable of speedy trial and reasonably certain justice, arbitrary parole boards, and bureaucratic and inflexible procedures throughout a criminal justice system that can neither protect the innocent adequately, punish the guilty surely, nor effectively distinguish between the two.

The real problem, finally, is that prisoners, by and large, do come from the lowest and most hopeless economic classes and the worst social conditions, do suffer dehumanizing and degrading conditions that are accepted as normal, lose comfort, the most limited legal rights, virtually no training—much less motivation—for the future, and few opportunities for self-improvement.

For all these reasons, prisons make men worse rather than better, cause crime rather than prevent it. Endanger society rather than serve it. For all these reasons, whatever the culpability of individual, those whom administer criminal justice in America, as well as public and the policies in the, in particular the inhumane and ineffectiveness, are stained with the blood of America.
McGovern In Waterbury
McGovern And Kennedy Address Crowd

by Scout Thorn

"McGovern Is Here To Answer Our Dreams" reads one of the signs, and the crowd that gathered in Waterbury Thursday night was there to help that happen. The crowd was a motley of about 300 Waterbury policemen, one singing group, too many press reporters, a few Connecticut State Policemen, quite a few drunks, an unknown number of Secret Service men, too many politicians, one lost little boy, and approximately 15,431 spectators, in varying degrees of enthusiasm.

The crowd was a motley of Senior Citizens from Naugatuck, Wethersfield Republicans from Naugatuck, Wethersfield Republicans for McGovern, and many who would have their first opportunity to vote. Nearly 200 Trinity students arrived carrying a "Trinity Students For McGovern" banner. Many had come to see, as one placard said, the Democrats "Put Another Eleanor In The White House". "Nixon Fiddles While Viet Nam Burns" ... "Nixon Is Thieu In 72" were some of the slogans which greeted the Senators. McGovern was accompanied in his appearance by Senator Edward Kennedy, who fired up the crowd with his speech and mere presence.

Tec Kennedy was not the first Kennedy to appear in Waterbury. His late brother came there in 1960. At the time he was behind in the polls, but his trip to Waterbury turned the tide, leading to his eventual victory. McGovern, no doubt, is looking for the same tide. Sen. Kennedy, perhaps in recalling the tragedies of his brothers and others, appeared quite nervous throughout the evening.

Kennedy spoke of the Republicans as "elephants walking around a ring holding the tail in front of them". After four years, he said, "we're going to have a man in the White House who stands for all the people - Georrrrrge McGooooooovern!"

McGovern, amid chants of "We Want George", stated that he felt strongly that "no matter what Dr. Gallup may say the people of this country are going to have the last word." His speech was standard, and sounded almost too-familiar. The crowds didn't notice, and certainly didn't mind. They knew what he stood for and they just wanted to hear it in person.

"Those who have been given four years and couldn't produce peace, shouldn't be given another chance," McGovern, quoting a 1968 campaign slogan of Nixon's. The crowd screamed: "We Want George!" McGovern mentioned rising unemployment, the Watergate incident, and asked, "Can we afford 4 more years of that?" "Four More Months" the crowd yelled.

During Kennedy's speech he described McGovern as a spark that ignited a flame that is spreading across the United States. This was borne out when McGovern challenged the crowd with: "Everyone resume your stations, we're going to bring America home. The crowd went wild.

As George McGovern and Ted Kennedy left Waterbury, there seemed to be a general feeling among the crowd best expressed by the sign which read: "McGovern Is Here and We Pray He'll Stay."

Rallying Cry

by John MacCallum and Kathy Walsh

How many Trinity students would go on a thirty minute bus trip to see George McGovern? That was the question that Trinity Students for McGovern had been asking themselves since Sunday. Even with an elaborate sign-up routine on Monday and Tuesday, no one really knew. Were Trinity students so apathetic about this election that they wouldn't take an evening off to see a Presidential candidate? Taking the plunge and crossing their fingers (difficult to do) the Trinity Young Democrats ordered five busses - room enough for 200 people. Then on Thursday, despite a full day of rain - which had some McGovern workers contemplating suicide - over 165 students valiantly took their chances with the weather and went off on the caravan to see George McGovern. In view of the weather, the good Trinity turn-out dispelled the notion of a lack of student interest on the campus.

The rally (in this humble writer's opinion) was everything a political rally should be. Almost 12,000 people had gathered on the Green in Waterbury to hear the speeches, and not just the expected young people and students, but also blue collar workers, senior citizens, and businessmen. Many people carried banners and posters: "Four more MONTHS" "Nixon's the One, Agnew's One Too."

McGovern's arrival was announced by a fife and drum band. After introductory speeches by Abe Ribicoff (very good), and Congressman Monagan (slightly dull), Ted Kennedy launched into a rousing prelude for McGovern. He praised the achievements of McGovern and delivered some biting criticism of the Nixon administration.

But it was George, of course, that the crowd came to hear, and their enthusiasm and applause showed this when he walked up to the podium. His speech was forthright and inspiring. McGovern avoided none of the issues, used no "cover-up" rhetoric, and vigorously attacked several of President Nixon's stands.

It was almost a disappointment when it finally had to end, as all good things must. After his speech, McGovern came down into the crowd to shake hands and then, amid thunderous applause, departed. This may have been a very small part of a large campaign, but for several thousand people it was a night to remember.
Four More Years Or Four More Months?

by Gary Morgans

It was, it was hoped, the big McGovern kickoff Connecticut so badly needs. Students were bused in from all over the state, 170 from Trinity, 100 from Wesleyan, 150 from UConn, plus hundreds others from other campuses—all in an effort partially to fatten up the crowd, but mostly to stir up some sort of enthusiasm for McGovern that to date has been lacking. Local organizations leaffletted downtown areas, as well as some homes in residential areas, and arranged carpools in an effort to give some spark to their organizations, hoping to get some volunteers out of the rally. But a substantial number of those attending the gathering, were the engaged citizens of Waterbury, who came on their own accord to hear a presidential candidate. They, many Americans, in the past few weeks been re-examining their choice this November.

As in Waterbury, people everywhere are beginning to put the errors and division of the past convention period in their proper perspective. The same maureen wide divergence between McGovern’s full employment plan and Nixon’s anti-inflation at the sake of jobs plan, a major theme of the McGovern talk—in an area where unemployment stands at 10.7%. They are comparing Nixon’s support of the Thieu government to McGovern’s complete and immediate withdrawal—a reference to the North Vietnamese as being “children of the same God” as Americans drew the widest applause from Catholic Waterbury. The scandals of the Nixon Administration are being looked at for what they are—the surfacing evidences of widespread corruption in the Nixon government.

The result has been enthusiastic crowds in every city McGovern has visited in the last week and a half, 40,000 stood in the rain in the streets of Chicago as Mayor Daley spoke of “President McGovern.” Tens of thousands greeted him in Minneapolis, Cleveland, Detroit, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia. And elsewhere the regular Democratic Party machinery is falling in behind McGovern; last Thursday, the Democratic Mayor of Waterbury, the Democratic Representative of the Waterbury area, and Senator Ribicoff, all spoke. Waterbury is an organization city and a straw poll taken there last week put McGovern 4 percentage points behind Nixon, a far cry from the national poll standings. Every indication is that McGovern will rise greatly in the next poll, which is now being undertaken.

There is every reason to feel that the growing enthusiasm indicated by this most recent series of rallies is widespread, and that the McGovern candidacy will soon develop as a real threat to Dick Nixon. It will be interesting to see if the large crowds continue, and if McGovern’s truly on the way to replacing “Four More Years” with “Four More Months.”

McGovern’s Appeal: We’re All God’s Children

by Steve Barkan

Waterbury, Conn.—George McGovern did not give a great speech Thursday night in Waterbury. He has been far more eloquent on other occasions. His voice cracked too much. But one line he said went to the very heart of his whole outlook on life.

McGovern was speaking of the war and said that even though the Indochinese look different than we do, we must still remember that “each one of them is a child of God.” I hadn’t heard McGovern use this particular wording before, and coming from any other politician, I would attribute its use in Waterbury to an attempt to play up to the notorious religious reactivity of that town’s citizens.

As one Trinity student said later, however, that phrase was George McGovern. Anyone familiar with McGovern’s background would say the same. The funny thing is that this devout Methodist and minister’s son really does believe that each human being is a child of God, as schmalzy as that might sound.

For it was no accident that McGovern wrote a Ph.D. history thesis that was sympathetic to coal miners and their families who were shot down in cold blood; it was no accident that McGovern endorsed the recognition of the People’s Republic of China twenty long years ago; it was no accident that McGovern called our Vietnam intervention a “moral debacle” and thus became the first Senator to speak out in the Capitol against the war.

In Waterbury I was standing thirty feet from McGovern when he was surrounded by people while walking to the podium, and I was trying in vain to get a glimpse of him. Someone yelled, “All the way, George!” and then I finally saw McGovern, who had just turned his head in acknowledgment. Hundreds of people were literally running to get a look at him; people were whistling and clapping and shouting. A radio report that later said, “A surging crowd almost swept George McGovern off his feet” was not far off in its description.

McGovern’s Waterbury speech did not flow well, and the sound system was poor. Despite his eloquence at other times, he has never been a tremendous speaker in the traditional manner. Rather, his speaking has been noted instead for its reassuring quality, for its sincerity and moral conviction.

Some observers have said recently that this same conviction is lacking in late in his speeches. That may be so, but when McGovern said each Indochinese is a “child of God,” I knew that this was George McGovern, pure and simple. And I thought of a Republican President who dares to call himself a Quaker and has blasphemed the good name of the Friends every day he’s been in office.

McGovern, the minister’s son must hammer home his vision of America as it should be and the failings of America as it is now. To win, he must reiterate what he said the day of the Munich Olympic murders, when he discarded his prepared speech and declared instead: “What needs to be said once more is ‘stop the killing.’ Stop the killing everywhere. Stop it before we come to believe that death is the only way of life. Stop it while we still have the capacity to love one another—not just the few who know and talk to—but people who, like us, want their full share of years and happiness.

“And if I have anything to say about the course of events in the years ahead, there is one thing above all else that I want to do: ‘I want to try to make it possible for a child in the Middle East to live a full and secure life and free of the flames of napalm.

“I want to try to make it possible for a little girl in Vietnam to be blessed by the warmth of love instead of being burned by the flames of napalm.

“Ritual want to try to make it possible for Richard Nixon’s policies lie fear and death and blasphemy, while in George McGovern’s vision of America lies the simple yet extraordinary belief that ‘each one of them is a child of God.’ This is a year of decision, and we must decide what kind of people we will be.}
all photos by david levin

INSIDE magazine is published as a periodic supplement to The Trinity TRIPOD

H. Susannah Heschel, editor,
Charles Charuvastra, business manager.

This issue of INSIDE was edited by Matthew E. Moloshok,
David Levin, and Alex Trocker.
It is the very nature of the air war that lets 65% of all Americans, according to a recent poll, favor the bombing of Indochina. For Americans are rarely dying there anymore. The bomber pilot never sees his victims, he fires his bombs where electronic sensors (made by I.T.C.) on the ground tell him to, sensors that detect vibrations propagated by a computer in Thailand, which then alerts the bombers to the proper coordinates. But the sensors don’t know if the person walking by is a man, woman, or child. The pilot doesn’t know whom or what he’s bombing. Every bombing run is a virtual My Lai.

Before 1964, for instance, the Plan of Jews in North Vietnam was the Secret American bombing of the Plan from 1964 to 1969 murdered or refuged to save face at any cost—how then to win the war? The only way would be to increase the bombing and to increase the death and destruction, which already has laid waste to a land and its people.

Perhaps this short exposure will raise one eye and out the other. Perhaps you too have been fooled by Richard Nixon’s policy of Vietnamization and protective reaction, double-speak for extermination and burning of human flesh.

"Search and destroy" remains the code name for the means used to dictate a dictatorship that just shot down its opposition newspapers, that executed 60,000 South Vietnamese civilians under the Phoenix program, that has used lighter weapons against people who dare to cry "Enough!"

How the search and destroy missions are conducted by sensors and B-52s that don’t blind, not by "our boys" who are too easy to shoot at. You must see the slide show this week in Wenon Lagure if you care about the people of Indochina. I care about the burned children and scarred veterans and broken families of human souls.

I wish I could write this article with some incipient plan in mind. But I will do my best. I implore only to see the slide show this week in Wenon Lagure and then to discuss with others what must and will be done.

I’ll end instead with the closing editorial of Dien Yin, one of the opposition newspapers in Thailand. "Shut down this week last weck. Today we close. We want to fight a protest, but will not do it. The life and death of a newspaper is not something to protest while the war goes on."

"We also want to write a complaint, but again we will not do it. We have no one to listen. The destruction of a people, the sacrifice of the courageous, the cries and moans of millions of Vietnamese are too much.

Our country was wasted in being engulfed in darkness and storm. Like a horse, Dien Yin has collapsed by the side of the road, appalled and bowing. It only wished to be pardoned by its master, Dien Tin’s (our boys)"

Mr. Barkan stated that Nixon has "shown a tragic flaw in his sensitivity to the average American’s needs and civil liberties." But with the rest of his points I must also disagree.

The PRESS is the voice of those of whom the war is — and I suspect it goes back to Eisenhower rather than stopping at JFK’s time. And that Nixon remains that 600,000 Vietnamese people will die today, and that Richard Nixon is now the President. It is not wasting time to point out the lies, the fraud and destruction that has taken place during the Nixon reign. As I detailed elsewhere on these pages in an article on the Vietnam war. The President was not elected.

As for the POWs, Richard Nixon’s current tactics can only result in more people being shot down and captured. The Geneva accords provide that POWs are to be treated with the same care as the other sick and wounded or list as missing in action under Nixon’s reign. It has been accomplished if the Justice Depart- ment or the Department of Defense found that Nixon has let a war of aggression against the people of Indochina.

Mr. Barkan’s account of the devastation of the Pentagon style and personality a fictitious act on the part of the Nixon record is indeed accurate.

Sincerely,

Brooks A. Cheek 74

"damnable"

Mr. Choli states my case most eloquently: ... President Nixon is a callous, insensitive to the average American’s needs and civil liberties... But with the rest of his points I must also disagree.

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It is a fact that the milk industry gave the Republican Party over $300,000 shortly after the President was re-elected and wisely decided to raise milk support prices.

It is a fact that two of the five Watergate defendants arrested for breaking into Democratic National Committee campaign offices, this isn’t corruption per se, only Republican secrecy.

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It is a fact that the milk industry gave the Republican Party over $300,000 shortly after the President was re-elected and wisely decided to raise milk support prices.
In January of 1076, King Henry IV of Germany began a long journey across the Alps, during one of the severest winters recorded in medieval times. At Canossa in northern Italy he stood out in the snow for three consecutive days in the gait of a penitent sinner, until he was finally granted an audience with Pope Gregory VII. During that audience the head of the German state "kissed the feet" of the pope in homage.

In 1992, it seems as if the American Roman Catholic Church is facing a different portion of the State's collective anatomy.

The parochial school system, considered by many pastors to be at the heart of Roman Catholicism itself according to recent sermons, is being threatened by a monetary crisis. This crisis has at its roots the major decline in religious vocations among the Church's younger generation, and the ridiculous over-expansion and division of parishes which began in the early 1960's. With more nuns and priests parochial schools would not have to pay such large sums for lay teachers' salaries, and with fewer parishes and building debts the Catholic community would be in a much better position to meet the rising costs of education.

The Church, however, rather than attempting to deal with these root problems, has opted to seduce the State position to meet the rising costs of education. The Catholic community would be in a much better position to meet these root problems, has opted to seduce the State position to meet the rising costs of education.

The American flag is now as much a fixture on the altar as the crucifix. It always seemed symbolic of hot summer days when the fan would spread the flag so it shadowed the sanctuary lamp from view.

With the chores having died through disinterest or aloofness, Congregation chairs are now a thing of the past in the churches. Today the obedient parishioner who attends the mass is treated to a stunningly off-key rendition of "God Bless America" or "The Star Spangled Banner." Who would ever believe that Kate Smith would have sang both Bach and Mozart in the music of the Church?

After a few perfunctory sacred prayers, the Epistle, Henry Kissenger's letter to the Russians, will be read. The Gospel will either be a reading from one of the evangelists, followed without stop by a reading of the transcript of the latest presidential news conference.

The priest will then leave the pulpit to that the layman in the parish must veer in foreign policy can give an analytical sermon on the merits of what the president had to say in his news conference.

The of course, highly improbable, yet by its exaggeration it should demonstrate the deplorable turn towards union with the state which the popes of medieval times struggled so strenuously against, and which the modern Church seems to be striving so strongly for. As Christ three thousand money-changers and pigeons sellers out of the temple, so should the modern-day Church expel all the vestiges of the State which creep into its liturgy.

If the Church would only re-read its scriptures, it would see that Jesus established what the relationship between the Church and the State should be a memorable passage in Matthew 22:38, "Why put the test the you hypocrisy," He said to the Pharisees who were attempting to deceive Him. "Show me the tax." And they brought him a coin. And Jesus said, "Whose is this picture?" They said, "Caesar's." Then he said to them, "Render therefore to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, but to God the things that are God's. When they heard it, they marveled; and they left him and went away."

The sales at the Trinity College Supermarket are truly difficult to resist. A new package offers Jewish Studies with Nuclear Physics, including a semester's study in Rome for the same cost as a standard major in Biology at the Hartford store. Only $5,000 per semester.

Trinity's credit terms are also a steal. You can come here, and pay nothing for your first four years—that's right, no money down, and up to sixteen years in pay at the low, low interest rate of one and one-half percent a day, payable in cash.

With so many bargains to choose from, how can a shopper go wrong? My friend Larry Libido and I went into the supermarket. A short time later, after we turned down last week to pick up some of the values. We wanted to buy something tasty and easy to digest that would give us cosmic consciousness. At the back of our minds was the question galactic banana — the fruitcake's answer to the monolith from "2001."

All the bananas in the fruit section looked tempting. There were traditional Trinity dishes like physics pot, psychology soup, and historian's hash and specialties of the house such as intercultural studies la mode, and economical delights like Do-it-yourself Shopping.

Catching the galactic banana is easier said than done.

Somehow it had hidden itself among the frozen food. The food was always stored at different temperatures, so there were a lot of degrees to choose from.

There were traditional Trinity dishes like physics pot, psychology soup, and historian's hash and specialties of the house such as intercultural studies la mode, and economical delights like Do-it-yourself Shopping.

Some of the offerings had been preserved from the Old Trinity in long-term storage freezers. We wanted to buy something tasty and easy to digest that would give us cosmic consciousness. At the back of our minds was the question galactic banana — the fruitcake's answer to the monolith from "2001."

The bananas in the fruit section looked tempting. We noticed, however, that the shelves in the new supermarket had been stocked with the times, it has a wide choice of the latest dietary supplements. Not many small liberal supermarkets can claim that.

The service is amiable and friendly, the material they carry well selected. The student readers on Trinity's mind building offerings is well-prepared to face the world.

In fact, there's only one type of nourishment missing among the superstition: choice of booster vitamins and minerals—food from the future.

In Trinity's defense, one must remark that, while its piggy bank for parochial school aid, the Church has been cut for parochial school aid, the Church has been cut.

The church will ideally reach the entrance song of "Yankee Doodle Dandy" is struck up by the congregation, the priest will enter the altar of the modern-day Church expel all the roots of the State which creep into its liturgy.

The state has been reduced to the Catholic liturgy. The intrusion of the state into the Catholic liturgy. The American flag is now as much a fixture on the altar as the crucifix. It always seemed symbolic of hot summer days when the fan would spread the flag so it shadowed the sanctuary lamp from view.

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The priest will then leave the pulpit to that the layman in the parish must veer in foreign policy can give an analytical sermon on the merits of what the president had to say in his news conference.

The sales at the Trinity College Supermarket are truly difficult to resist. A new package offers Jewish Studies with Nuclear Physics, including a semester's study in Rome for the same cost as a standard major in Biology at the Hartford store. Only $5,000 per semester.

Trinity's credit terms are also a steal. You can come here, and pay nothing for your first four years—that's right, no money down, and up to sixteen years in pay at the low, low interest rate of one and one-half percent a day, payable in cash.

With so many bargains to choose from, how can a shopper go wrong?

We noticed, however, that the shelves in the new supermarket had been stocked with the times, it has a wide choice of the latest dietary supplements. Not many small liberal supermarkets can claim that.

The service is amiable and friendly, the material they carry well selected. The student readers on Trinity's mind building offerings is well-prepared to face the world.

In fact, there's only one type of nourishment missing among the superstition: choice of booster vitamins and minerals—food from the future.

In Trinity's defense, one must remark that, while its piggy bank for parochial school aid, the Church has been cut for parochial school aid, the Church has been cut.
The True Lesson of Kent State

By Steve Chernaik

Two and a half years after the fact seems to be a reasonable time to take a cold, dispassionate look at the climactic event in the two year reign of student terror and rebellion, which had begun at Columbia, almost two years earlier. The reason for this post mortem is that, by and large, those who still run our colleges, trained as they were by the shootouts, have failed to exhibit a realistic understanding of the Kent State killings, and thus have failed to take necessary steps to prevent a Kent State type situation from arising anywhere else on our campuses. To wit, they have not learned their lessons: Crime and rebellion have prevailed when the shootings of four students would be tantamount to instant demise, being a case in point.

To begin with, let us review those two years of terror and rebellion have left many of our best institutions of higher learning, Trinity included, in a deplorable state. The specifics of the delay were well catalogued in an article I wrote last February returning to the G. T. Francis. The blame, I must now assign to our educators, both on the administrative and the professional levels.

The one just and general criticism that can be leveled at college educators is a spineless acquiescence to the very worst elements in the college community. If not coupled with more than occasional encouragement from the dangerously radical and vocally prominent sector, even the most dedicated educators such as Kingman Brewster, Herbert Marcuse, Howard Zinn, George Ball, Noam Chomsky and Angela Davis have had their prominence challenged by championing pedantic philosophers, causes and dangerous individuals. Some would attribute this abject surrender to an entangled idealism common to all molders of young minds. If that reasoning be correct, the intention of such idealism is living on the euthanasic and suicidal tide, and I could think of no pleasure more than to do battle with a group of college educators; for surely they would lose and lose heavily. Rather, I believe that the major reason for the major loss is the tendency of such idealism, lived on with no alternative, to split along the lines of a political spectrum-mind. The self-appointed spokesmen for the middle-of-the-road must win, even if the left is stronger. The idealism, from every angle, is more a liability than an asset to American institutions of higher education. The losses of the past two years have left us with a generation of parents more survival conscious. The very worst elements in the college community, as they are not completely incapacitated by any firm stand of principle, when such a stand is unsuited with the rabble and loudmouths. If college educators fixed the ranks at the Alamo in 1836, Santa Anna's greatest problem would have been the finding of enough food to feed even the educated prisoners. Finally, and most dammingly depressing, college educators lack the guts to place the blame for today's present chaos in education where it rightly belongs squarely on their own shoulders.

Specifically, Kent State was a senseless war to be sure. But where lies the blame. "On Nixon, Cambodge, and trying to help happy national guerillas," quote the educators. "How can one possibly shoot at armistice and rock throwers when they happen to be our children? When they act like adult criminals, remember they are youthful and idealistic, and as such they deserve to be feared, rather than chastised, let alone shot at." Nonsense and worse.

Yes, Kent State was unnecessary, senseless, etc. The National Guard needs not be at the scene, either, free to on the student prisoners. Or have college administrators forgotten that hurtled deep within if our college charters is the authority to expel students? If arvon, sealing of buildings, denying access to classes and classrooms, seizure and illegal occupancy of college property, carrying dangerous arms, kidnapping college officials, etc. for immediate and permanent expulsion, what, pray, are? Yet, such student behavior was the main spectacle at a host of our "finest" colleges over the past half decade- Harvard, Columbia, Cornell, Berkeley, Wesleyan. And the task of prominent college educators, in the great tradition of Uriah Heap, continued to excite and at times even praise these idealistic criminals, who were by no means representative of the majority of students. Even the bombing of a physics laboratory at the University of Wisconsin in which a professor was murdered gained its share of apologists, along with a few plaudits, from the realm of academia.

And so a group of National marchers, who did not pretend to do the job that college administrators are paid to do-freely keep order on the campus-made the understandable effort of seeing rock throwers and arsonists for what they are really are, namely, a clear and present danger to their property. Those with PhD's know better. Their minds have drunk from the fountain of knowledge, and the waters impart to one a vision of fantasticay (or hell) such as would defy the imagination of the average man. In fantasticay, the rocks are the youth, which cannot harm, and the fire of idealism, which, far from consuming, can only long for the opportunity to fall from the top of a mountain and be engulfed by the hot lava. If one must die, let it be not so burdensome, win common sense, hard work and respect for life and property, then they too might have the leisure to ascent Olympus and generously gulp from the fountain of knowledge and share the grand vision. Then, happily, there'd be no wars, injustice or poverty in the world. Just like Prince Charmant, Snow White, princesses with hearts of gold and bomb tossing revolutionaries who love humanity.

In short, civilized man would do well to hope that the University would be the very last place to ever experience the tyranny of political blackmail and to accept such naives, foolish and mushy headed thinking. The pain taking, rip up your teeth, the truth, the very hallmark of scholarly excellence, must never yield to or be obstructed by those who would burn, kidnap, bomb, torture and summarily stab, in general, take the familiar paths of the unreasoning mob in order to satiate some ephemeral end of dubious value, even by today's market prices. To acquesse to such blackmail is to trade yesterday's gold for tomorrow's copper.

I, therefore urge, all academic administrators to throw a very hairy scarecrows for the future in order to guard yesterday's gold. Any students who obstruct the educational processes in the future, for whatever ends, should be immediately expelled from college. All instructors should be required to sign a loyalty oath causing any college employer, those found guilty of aiding or abetting students to acts of violence or obstruction either in the classroom or out should be immediately fired at the conclusion of that semester. Academic freedom does not grant the right to destroy academic freedom. The college has the means to protect itself from the tyranny of the mob by immediate firing of those who threaten life, liberty and the freedom of academic inquiry. The college never has to resort to the tambling administrators at Kent State had to do. What should be an atmosphere for rigorous and serious academic inquiry should never turn into an arena for disorderly and uncivilized crimes.

The tragedy at Kent State was the almost inevitable result of a crisis response to a crisis. Neither crisis conditions nor the crisis generation require us to place the blame on the students. If the seventies show us the same sort of political turmoil that might call out for an enem. of the campus, we should cease this nagging doubt as to whether college administrators or government officials have any reason to fear at Kent State, or worse, the final dissolution of the academia. For the great traditions of learning to thrive, the colleges themselves must become more survival conscious. The moral dilemmas of black studies, black dormitories, ROTC, etc. must be forgotten. The trauma of our children may have left many of our best institutions of education almost two years earlier. The reason for this post mortem is that, by and large, those who still run our colleges, trained as they were by the shootouts, have failed to exhibit a realistic understanding of the Kent State killings, and thus have failed to take necessary steps to prevent a Kent State type situation from arising anywhere else on our campuses. To wit, they have not learned their lessons: Crime and rebellion have prevailed when the shootings of four students would be tantamount to instant demise, being a case in point.
Police Arrest Bomber
by Jim Cobb

The Hartford Police arrested a man Saturday in connection with several explo- sions of "simulation" bombs near the campus Friday night. Police apprehended the man with aid of information from Trinity students who were in the vicinity when the blasts occurred.

The bombs, which went off at 12:30 p.m. near Vesper St., are used for training in the Armed Forces and are potentially lethal within a fifteen foot radius.

According to J. Ronald Spencer, dean for community life, the man had more bombs of the same type at the time of his arrest that could have been destructive.

Police identified the man as Richard D. LaBonte of 15 Wildridge Road, Newington, Connecticut.

Daily Planet Night

The Man of Steel put in an appearance at last Tuesday's Tripod open house for freshmen. The best attended freshmen meeting in recent years, the student newspaper gained treated to a show by the Tripod's mild mannered photography editor, Alex Trocker, '74, who dashed into a phone booth before recording this classic pose.

Letters...
(from P. 9)

was "Do we want four more years of rising prices and unemployment?" I repeat it here. When Richard Nixon took office, the unemployment rate was 3.5%. It is now above the 6% level. Mr. Cholst's statistics on budget allocations depend on what he includes in his domestic category, such as social security (which is really a separate trust fund), veterans' benefits, and the like. SANE, a highly respected national peace organization, says that over 60% of the Federal budget is spent on military matters, past and present. Mr. Cholst's statistics do not include the rise in defense (sic) spending since Mr. Nixon took office. Nor do they refute the fact that the President recently vetoed as being inflationary an education bill which was $6.0 billion more than he had requested, while only a short time later passing through a bill raising the military budget $4 billion.

I ask Mr. Cholst to see the air was side shot last week. He will see how unbalanced the Nixon record has been. It's how unsound the Nixon record has been. It's not even in the top ten.

Steven Barkan '73

Bananas...
(from P. 10)

Just then we noticed the banana sneak into the meat department. How a banana could hide amidst all that meat escapes me. We couldn't find him — not among the tough sirloins, nor even amidst the easily hidden meat. Larry summoned the butcher, R.U. Forreil. "Have you any bananas here?" he asked.

"Yes, we have no bananas," said the butcher. "We have no bananas today. I do not have an interesting selection of fruits, however."

Since we couldn't seem to locate the banana, we each took one bag. We also decided to pick up some steak snacks. While we were at it, we purchased some premixed gravies to improve the flavor.

Meanwhile, the banana stuck its pointed little head out in the middle of a classroom. As soon as we entered the class, the professor asked if we were definitely enrolled in his course or if we were still shopping.

"We're pursuing the galactic banana, sir," we said.

"Glad," said the prof. "What a notion!"

Just then I saw it in the pet food section. To enter this area, one had to pay a forty dollar covering charge. No price is too steep for the galactic banana, however, and we went in. As we did, the banana went out.

The whole time, our baskets were being filled with goods we'd never intended to buy: a cosmopolitan canteloupe, an urbane zucchini, hamburgers, and cocktail mixes. Larry gave a healthy looking rye a squeeze, guaranteed to make us the life of the party. But we never did find the galactic banana.

On the way out we decided to stop in the bakery division and pick up a fresh loaf. Larry gave a healthy looking rye a squeeze, only to put it down immediately.

"Half baked," was all he said.

When we finally came to the cash register, our baskets were overloaded with useless junk.

We must have looked disappointed for she commented, "My, what a well balanced diet you consume. With your cantelope, hamburger meat, gravy, guts, and munchin', why, the world will be your oyster!"

We told her we didn't like oysters. Only bananas.

She shook her head. "So it goes," she said. "How much can you ask of a supermarket? That will be five thousand dollars, each."

We were impressed. It may have been junk. But it was sure expensive junk.

Teaching Exams Scheduled

College seniors preparing to teach school may take the National Teacher Examinations on any of the four different test dates announced today by Educational Testing Service, a nonprofit, educational organization which prepares and administers this testing program.

New dates for the testing of prospective teachers are: November 11, 1972, and January 27, April 7, and July 21, 1973. The tests will be given at nearly 560 locations throughout the United States, ETS said.

Results of the National Teacher Examinations are used by many large school districts as one of several factors in the selection of new teachers and by several states for certification or licensing of teachers. Some colleges also require all seniors preparing to teach to take the examinations. The school systems and state departments of education which use the examination results are listed in an NTS leaflet entitled Score Users which may be obtained by writing to ETS.

On each full day of testing, prospective teachers may take the Common Examinations which measure their professional preparation and general educational background and a Testing Area Examination which measures their mastery of the subject they expect to teach.

Prospective teachers should contact the school systems in which they seek employment, or their colleges, for specific advice on which examinations to take and in which dates they should be taken.

The Bulletin of Information for Can didates contains a list of test centers, and information about the examinations, as well as a Registration Form. Copies may be obtained from college placement offices, school personnel departments, or directly from National Teacher Examinations, Box 911, Educational Testing Service, Princeton, New Jersey 08540.
Going Somewhere?
An unidentified Worcester Polytech end attempts to charge past Trinity’s big (6-1, 215) soomore defensive tackle Jack Holik during last Saturday’s scrimmage at Jessee Field, but to no avail, as Holik pulled him down from behind. Coach Miller was generally displeased with the performance of his men. WPI, an admittedly larger squad, managed to hold the Trin offense to minimal yardage while its own offense could not be consistently stopped. The Bants open September 30 against Williams.

Hopes High on Hockey Field
By Frances Congdon
The 1972 field hockey teams have a good chance for a great season. An enthusiastic coach who is new to the staff coupled with a turnout of forty girls for the first practice puts the teams off to a good start.

Because of the increasing proportion of women at Trinity, the teams coach, Jan Fox, was added to the PE staff this fall. She comes from Cheltenham, Penn., and graduated last year from Temple University where she majored in Health, Physical Education, and Recreation. She also has a BS in Education. Besides coaching she teaches swimming, tennis, and body mechanics.

Even after only one practice Jane thought that the girls had good potential. Returning stars include Ruth Wiggins ’73, Dusty McAdoo ’74, Carol Powell ’74, Vickie Tiley ’75, and Bonnie Alexandre ’75. A large number of freshmen are trying out and the team has recruited one sophomore rookie. Since the turnout is so large, there are enough girls to form Varsity and JV teams. Jane is glad that Trinity women are showing so much enthusiasm for the sport since some other schools in the area are having a hard time recruiting enough players for one team.

Although the teams have an abundance of players, a manager is still needed. The manager keeps score, does the timing and assorted busywork, and accompanies the teams to all their games. If interested, contact Jane Fox or go down to practice.

The girls have new uniforms this year. They will be playing the field in blue and gold striped rugby shirts and blue pants. Eleven games are included in their schedule. The first test of their abilities comes on Sept. 30 when they participate in a Playday at U. Mass.

Field hockey is fast and skillful but not high scoring. The team has eleven players divided into five forwards and six defenders (or defense women if you prefer) which includes a goalie. There are thirty minute halves with no substitutions allowed during these periods.

The object of the game is to score goals by hitting the ball into the cage using only a hockey stick. Fouls include having the ball rebound off the body rather than the stick, raising a stick above the shoulder, and blocking or getting between the opponent and the ball. A foul results in a free shot for the opposite team from where the foul was committed.

Now that you know the basics perhaps you would like to watch the players in action. President Lockwood has promised to come, so if he can find time out from his busy schedule so can you. The game on Oct. 5th starts at 1:30 and will be played on the tennis courts.

OCCUPATION: Ambitious student wanted for sales position on campus with leading travel company. Many benefits. Contact Mr. M. Helling: 212-725-8560 or write: Inter-Collegiate Holidays, 15 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016.
TRIPOD Sports Expands
About Intramural Sports

In an attempt to broaden TRIPOD coverage of Trinity sports, we shall expand into the world of intramurals this year. Two main activities coming up in the near future are the fall tennis tournament and fall football. Here are the schedules as established by the Athletic Department:

**TENNIS INTRAMURAL SCHEDULE**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>BLUE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PKA</td>
<td>Crow</td>
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<tr>
<td>Frosh I</td>
<td>Ad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frosh III</td>
<td>Frosh II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frosh IV</td>
<td>Frosh V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frosh VI (dummy)</td>
<td>Frosh VII</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- 9/20 Frosh VII vs Frosh V
- 9/22 Frosh III vs Frosh I
- 9/23 PKA vs Frosh VI
- 9/25 Cros vs Frosh VII
- 9/27 Frosh II vs Frosh VII
- 9/29 Psi U vs PKA
- 9/30 Ad vs Ind II
- 10/1 Frosh III vs Frosh IV
- 10/2 Ind II vs Frosh V
- 10/4 Frosh III vs Frosh VI
- 10/6 Frosh II vs Ind II
- 10/7 Psi U vs Frosh I
- 10/9 Frosh IV vs Frosh I
- 10/13 Cros vs Ad
- 10/14 PKA vs Frosh IV
- 10/15 Ad vs Frosh II
- 10/16 Frosh I vs PKA

11/4 Ad vs Ind II
11/5 Ind II vs Frosh V
11/7 Frosh VI vs Frosh I
11/9 Frosh VII vs Ind II
11/11 Frosh IV vs Psi U
11/13 Frosh II vs Frosh IV
11/15 Ind II vs Frosh VI
11/17 Ad vs Frosh V

11/17 Winner of Blue vs 2nd place Gold - B.
11/18 Winner of Gold vs 2nd place Blue.
11/19 Winner of A. vs Winner of B. - Loser of A. vs Loser of B. (11/16 games)

Tennis teams report promptly at 4:30 p.m. or courts will be given to others. Use eastern three courts of southerly bank always...except for make-up matches. Games to be played on Saturday and Sunday morning - starting time 10:30.

**TOUCH FOOTBALL INTRAMURALS**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PKA</td>
<td>Crow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frosh I</td>
<td>Ind II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frosh III</td>
<td>Ad</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- 9/19 Ind. II vs Frosh II - Field 1
- 9/20 Frosh I vs PKA - Field 1
- 9/22 Frosh III vs Psi U - Field 2
- 9/23 Frosh II vs Ad - Field 2
- 9/25 PKA vs Frosh III - Field 1
- 9/27 Cross vs Frosh I - Field 2
- 9/29 Psi U vs Frosh I - Field 3
- 9/30 Ad vs Ind II - Field 1
- 9/31 PKA vs Crow - Field 1
- 10/1 Frosh I vs Frosh II - Field 3
- 10/2 Frosh I vs Ind II - Field 1
- 10/4 Ad vs Ind II - Field 1
- 10/5 Ad vs Frosh I - Field 1
- 10/6 Frosh I vs Ind II - Field 1
- 10/7 Ad vs Frosh I - Field 1

10/18 Winner (A) vs Winner (B) - Field 1
10/19 Winner (B) vs Loser (B) - Field 1

10/25 Ind. II vs Frosh II - Field 1
10/26 Frosh I vs PKA - Field 1
10/28 Frosh III vs Psi U - Field 2
10/29 Frosh II vs Ad - Field 2
10/31 PKA vs Frosh III - Field 1
11/2 Cross vs Frosh I - Field 2
11/3 Frosh II vs Frosh IV - Field 1
11/4 Ad vs Frosh IV - Field 1

11/6 Winner (A) vs 1st Place Blue - Field 1
11/7 Winner (B) vs 2nd Place Blue - Field 2

**Steamroom...from P. 16**

(Levin Photo)

Ooph!

As Varsity Soccer Coach Roy Dath helped his team prepare for its October 7 opener against M.I.T., we caught this picture of Junior George Finkenstaedt with his eyes closed.

(Levin Photo)

On the Move

New Coach Jane Fox began sending her field hockey team through its pre-season workouts last week in preparation for its 1972 debut, a September 30 date at UMass. Pictured here is Sophomore Gwen Parry. See story, page 14.
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In an attempt to help clarify the situation, this article was written. The situation remained static until last year, when it finally became evident that 180 dollars. Erecting the partitions would have cost too much money for a temporary solution. That brings us up to the present. If there is such a problem, it certainly was not in evidence last Saturday in a 90 minute scrimmage versus Quinnipiac College. The visitors could only muster a goal each on our second and third units. Heimann and McCord each tallied twice while Brouse added the other on a penalty kick that took the goalie sinking to his knees.

"It was a good scrimmage," remarked Coach Dath, "but there's a lot of room for improvement." It was still good and I'm encouraged."

There are a lot of rough edges yet to be smoothed, but Coach Dath still has more than two weeks to put some polish on a team that has a tremendous amount of potential. Their first test is at home on October 7 versus the Engineers from M.I.T.

Jane Fox to Aid Women's Sports

The women's athletic program at Trinity has expanded its staff and facilities this year with the hiring of Jane E. Fox to aid Jane Millspaugh in the implementation of the new fall schedule and the finals will be held on the 25th of this month. Ms. Millspaugh finds the women's program is comparable to that of any other college of its size in offering a variety of women's athletics.

Men Curious, Not Yellow

The Steamroom Affair

By Doug Sanderson

Much controversy, curiosity and criticism has arisen this year about the steamroom in the Ferris Athletic Center. In an attempt to help clarify the situation, this article was conceived.

Eight or ten years ago an alumnus gave the steamroom to Trinity. Since no steamroom had been anticipated in the building of the Trowbridge Pool, the room was constructed in an area not designed for it. At first, this caused no great problem; but the building has begun to experience some structural damage resulting from the steam.

When the women came to Trinity, another problem was created, because no facilities had been built for women. This problem was initially approached by giving the west locker room around the pool to the women. The situation remained static until last year, when it finally became evident that there were only two toilets for the women in their locker area. This shortage could have been remedied by giving the west area locker room they previously occupied. And it gives women the steam bath.

According to Athletic Director Karl Kurfth, everything can be done to let men use the steam room, since it is now in a strictly female area.

A New Look

Freshman Ruth Veal joins the Trinity cross-country team in a recent workout. Captain Bob Haff (far right) feels certain that Trinity will win at least one meet this year, and, indeed, the team looks much better than past Cardinal teams. Other men pictured here, from left to right: Martin Dodd, Larry Newman, Jim O'Neill and Tim Harris. Details in coming weeks.

Women's Sports

Jane Millspaugh in the implementation of the expanded schedule, and the finals will be held on the 25th of this month. Ms. Millspaugh finds the women's program is comparable to that of any other college of its size in offering a variety of women's athletics.

13 Lettermen Return As Trin Soccer Begins

By Murray Peterson

"A winning season for the varsity soccer team is in this, the first season under head coach Roy Dath, appears to be almost a certainty to many people, both players and fans alike. In fact, there is already talk about possible post-season tournament bids. While their aspirations might be, they will hinge on the development of new talent at forward and fullback to replace several starters who graduated last June. The maneuver they are looking for appears to be there, for the facts show that 13 returning lettermen are being bolstered by the addition of some excellent individual talent from a 71 freshman team that should have been a lot better than their actual 3-3-2 slate.

The goal position gives Coach Dath a pleasant kind of problem as juniors Bill Lavasseur and Glenn Frentinger return from last year's 5-3-2 club. Like last fall, it appears that these two will split the goalkeeping duties.

Seniors Twig Spencer and David Schirmer, "The Goal Dept Boys", seem to have the inside track at nailing down the two vacant fullback positions, although there will be plenty of competition from sophomore Jesse Morgan, among others. The fullback position seems to be loaded with both talent and experience. Co-Captains John Storvick and Ron Dun, along with senior Scott Flippats, junior Bill Bourque and sophomore Brad Adams head a list of the middle positions in Dath's alignment.

A few weeks back, young, although young, appears strong with two solid units. The starters at the moment are Pete Lehmans, last year's leading scorer as a sophomore, along with current seniors Roger McCord and Pete Mink, the premier goal-scorers on last year's freshman team. They are ably supported by Jamie Whitt, Richard Marshall, and sophomore Bob Andrian.

With over 30 men out, it appears that there will be depth at all positions, which should make up for the possible inexperience, and possibly lack of scoring punch that was at times, very evident last fall.

If it is such a problem, it certainly was not in evidence last Saturday in a 90 minute scrimmage versus Quinnipiac College. The three man line pumped home 5 goals while the visitors could only muster a goal each on our second and third units. Heimann and McCord each tallied twice while Brouse

That Way?

Trinity's Co-Captain Joe McCabe (#36) searches for opening in W.P.I., as Seniors Twig Spencer and David Schirmer, "The Goal Dept Boys", seem to have the inside track at nailing down the two vacant fullback positions, although there will be plenty of competition from sophomore Jesse Morgan, among others. The fullback position seems to be loaded with both talent and experience. Co-Captains John Storvick and Ron Dun, along with senior Scott Flippats, junior Bill Bourque and sophomore Brad Adams head a list of the middle positions in Dath's alignment.

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