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**Trinity College**  
HARTFORD CONNECTICUT

# THE TRINITY TABLET.

VOL. XV.

HARTFORD, CONN., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1882.

No. VIII.

## THE TRINITY TABLET.

*Published every three weeks during term-time by  
the Students of*

*TRINITY COLLEGE.*

BOARD OF EDITORS—CLASS OF '83.

*Managing Editor,* - - - *GEORGE GREENE.*

*Business Editor,* - - - *MAURICE L. COWL.*

EDWARD S. BEACH. MAURICE L. COWL.

RICHARD E. BURTON. GEORGE P. INGERSOLL.

Terms, \$2.00 per year. Single copies, 20 cents

Subscriptions, Advertisements and Communications  
should be addressed to

THE TRINITY TABLET,

P. O. DRAWER 20, HARTFORD, CONN.

*The TABLET is for sale regularly at the Book Stores  
of Brown & Gross, 79 Asylum St., and S. W. Barrows  
& Co., 256 Main St., and at J. F. H., Trinity College.*

ONCE more the college year, with its various events and interests, has come to an end, and we are called on to briefly chronicle the noticeable features of the past twelve months, and to indicate the present status of the college in general.

The year has been a prosperous one, and there are many signs for the future which are calculated to cheer the hearts of all Trinity well-wishers. Northam Hall has slowly been raising its stately head in the centre of our campus, and has finally assumed complete external form, thereby adding greatly both to the architectural beauty of our buildings and to the resources of the college, as an institution of learning. The hearts of one and all should treasure in gratitude the memory of its generous donor. Our campus has been still further adorned by the statue of Bishop Brownell, which has been taken from its former location on the park, and placed to the best advantage on the broad green expanse fronting the college walls. The silent benediction of the good Bishop seems to

dwell perpetually upon all the sons of Trinity. The most noticeable concession, during the year, to popular feeling among the students, was the welcome change in chapel government. The new plan has worked perfectly, and we feel assured has done much, both to strengthen our faith in the Faculty and to nourish the proper spirit towards religious observances.

It is pleasant to state that an instructor in political science is to be added to our efficient corps of professors, and that it is possible that other changes will be made in the relative prominence given to science and literature, which will enable those who are inclined to devote themselves especially to the latter branch to give more time than heretofore to their favorite study.

Professor Holbrook, whose illness last year necessitated a prolonged trip abroad, returned in the fall with greatly improved health, and resumed his chair in the Latin department, filling it with all his old-time acceptability.

The increasing interest taken in the College by its Alumni was practically demonstrated by the visit, a few weeks ago, of a committee of that body for the purpose of looking into and reporting the present state of college affairs. This spirit cannot be too highly commended.

Our commons were closed with the beginning of last year, and the dining-hall has since been unused. The TABLET worked hard to re-establish this very important institution, but in vain. The inconvenience and annoyance incident to boarding houses at a distance from the college is too well known to need comment, and we sincerely hope and expect that the dining-hall will be reopened next fall, and that no further trouble will be experienced.

Turning to athletics, we notice a marked and praiseworthy revival of interest in manly sports. Owing to the fact that most of our expert players departed with '81, the popularity of cricket has somewhat waned, and



there has been no regular team; but it is probable that, with the reawakened interest in base ball, the sister game of cricket will find plenty of supporters. In base ball, although we have no victories to chronicle, an amount of enthusiasm and willingness to train has been developed which is sure to be productive of fruit in the future, and it seems to be the general opinion that next year Trinity will have a nine in the arena of which she may be proud. Lawn Tennis is as popular as ever, and the four courts are constantly filled with picturesque groups of players. There are indications that a boat club will be organized in the fall, which will doubtless strive to bring back the prowess of our college in the water. The bicycle has steadily retained its popularity, and Trinity, to-day, boasts of a larger number of wheelmen, in proportion to its size, than any sister institution in the land. Our representatives to the inter-collegiate athletic contest acquitted themselves with credit and their records demonstrate the fact, that with proper training we have the material for excelling in this branch of athletics. In this connection we deplore the omission of the annual field meeting, which seems to have been accomplished in a very irregular manner and contrary to the wishes of the majority of the under-graduates. We trust that the donation of the grounds to the association by the graduating class and the improvements which are likely to result from the arrangement with company K, will arouse new activity in athletic interests.

In music we commend the activity displayed in the formation of an orchestra and regret that its brilliant career was blighted by so short an existence. The Glee Club has been preeminently inactive and that with an unusual amount of good material. It is encouraging, however, to note that arrangements are already pending for its early organization next term, under the training of an experienced instructor.

During the winter, Trinity, as usual, entered prominently into the social events of the season, and the customary Germans were given, which were largely attended and successful, in every respect. The class-day exercises never attracted so many people as this year, the number of the fair sex being especi-

ally large; and the buildings, the campus and the surrounding country never showed to greater advantage. Many were the complimentary remarks on the improved appearance due to the addition of Northam Hall. The elms planted last year have not yet assumed dignified proportions, and we must be content to look forward to the time when our offspring shall bask under their balmy shade. The dance given by the Senior Class at the Armory in the evening was a brilliant success, owing to the desirability of the Armory itself for such a purpose, the perfection of the arrangements, and the hearty co-operation of the friends of the college. The President's reception, as usual, was participated in and enjoyed by the students and citizens at large.

During the year the college publications have maintained their customary high standard. The TABLET has striven to keep abreast of the times, and furnish to the students who support it a wide awake, readable college paper. The IVY this year was universally acknowledged to be by far the best published. The JUG, although perhaps not as satisfactory as the first number, was still quite funny and productive of much amusement. In speaking of the JUG, we are naturally lead to mention the only event which has disturbed with a ripple the otherwise quiet stream of college existence. We refer, of course, to the unfortunate action of a number of seniors. Actuated by an originally harmless spirit of fun, they were led by their enthusiasm to overstep the bounds of reason, and, owing mainly to the persistent efforts of the newspapers to keep the matter fresh before the public mind, much unpleasantness followed. Now that the whole affair is a thing of the past, we can only say that we feel confident that the participants themselves join with the rest of the college in regretting its occurrence, and we likewise fancy that it will prove a useful lesson to all those in the future desirous of upholding college dignity.

As a whole, then, the past year's record, and the outlook for the future is one which may be dwelt upon with satisfaction by both undergraduates, Alumni and Faculty.

To the undergraduates we say *au revoir*, and to the class just departing from its Alma Mater, farewell! and God's blessing in life's struggles, losses, and successes.



## ODE TO HEROISM.

[CLASS-DAY POEM.]

*"Dulce et decorum est,  
Pro patria mori."*—HORACE.

## I.

Behold at hand the day expected long,  
As rolled the months throughout the lengthened year,—  
A day to celebrate with dance and song,  
And sights and sounds to glad the eye and ear.  
Yet, midst our mirth, there swells th' unbidden tear,  
And happy memories come flitting past  
The mental sight, of bygone scenes too sweet to last.

## II.

Then, for a while, retard the joyous hour,  
And bid festivity a moment cease,  
And yield we to the calm, uplifting power  
Of thoughts that breathe an universal peace,  
And send to wearied souls a kind release.  
Approach, O Muses, and our verse inspire  
With notes however faint from out the heavenly choir.

## I.

With ever-changing face,  
Time runs his ceaseless race,  
And leaves behind the ages of the past.  
He brings upon the earth  
A newer, fresher birth,  
That's doomed to flourish, and to fade at last ;  
And, after each has held its sway,  
There springs another age to bloom, and then decay.

## II.

Far down that vale of years,  
Where mingled blood and tears  
Their ghastly stream forever roll along,  
Yet chequered by the smile  
Of virtue that, the while,  
Redeeming radiance sheds upon the wrong,—  
There gleam the noble days of old,  
When heroes' hearts were strong, and love was never cold.

## III.

'Twas in that distant time,  
'Neath many a sunny clime,  
That love of country dearer was than life ;  
And, faithful unto death,  
Men gave their latest breath.  
For kindred and for honour in the strife.  
Then each himself alone forgot,  
And counted loyalty and loss his richest lot.

## IV.

Alcestis was the name  
Of that heroic dame,

Who gave herself a willing sacrifice ;  
A self-devoted wife  
To save an husband's life,  
By death she paid Apollo's awful price ;—  
Content to meet an early doom,  
And enter 'neath the shadowy portals of the tomb.

## V.

And oh ! 't was friendship sweet  
In Damon's breast that beat,  
And gladly tarried he for Pythias' sake ;  
He feared the tyrant's rage  
Far less than craven age, —  
But Pythias came again his death to take.  
Thus generous deeds e'en tyrants move  
Affection's strength and sacred honour's might to prove.

## IV.

And that immortal fight  
For suffering freedom's right,  
'Twas thine, O blest Thermopylae, to see.  
To many a Spartan brave  
Did'st thou afford a grave,  
Whose turf shall bloom throughout eternity.  
And now perpetual peace shall reign  
O'er those, who, fighting for their country's life, were slain.

## VII.

When, Decius, thou did'st die,  
Thy spirit soared on high,  
Above the fields where rival hosts contend.  
Another fate was thine,  
O Regulus divine,  
Who on a foreign shore did'st meet thine end.  
Their souls on virtue's pinions rest,  
And wend their way towards the islands of the blest.

## VIII.

That storied age is dead ;  
Its glorious days are fled  
Beneath the shadows of antiquity.  
Only reflected light  
Falls on the ravished sight,  
The while we gaze in mournful ecstasy.  
Yet once again the echoes ring,  
And sounds of knightly chivalry the breezes bring.

## IX.

The clash of arms resounds,  
The champing war-horse bounds,  
Bright pennons wave, and martial trumpets bray.  
Knights couch their spears in rest,  
And, ready at behest,  
Charge fearless in the thickest of the fray.  
Where'er the paths of glory call,  
They follow fast regardless of success or fall.

## X.

But helm and crest no more  
Are stained with knightly gore ;



In gothic halls the coats of mail are hung.  
 Yet did that age beset  
 Souls we shall ne'er forget,  
 While deeds of might and high emprise are sung.  
 And then it was that strength was given  
 To England's Martyr King to mount the steep of heaven.

## XI.

Stauched is the purple tide  
 That streamed from them that died  
 For faith and honour and the fatherland.  
 No more the victims kneel  
 To meet the cruel steel ;  
 For freedom o'er our race has stretched her hand.  
 Men cultivate the arts of peace ;  
 Grim Science stalks apace ; romantic visions cease.

## XII.

What ! though the age be cold,  
 And glory e'en grown old !  
 Shall glory's spirit wing its distant flight ?  
 And leave oppressed and sad  
 The souls that erst were glad,  
 When earth was flooded with a lustrous light ?  
 From the four winds draw near, O breath !  
 Breathe warmth into our hearts, and they shall rise  
 from death !

## XIII.

Be ours, all else above,  
 Disinterested love  
 For country, faith and friends, where'er we roam ;  
 For every life laid down  
 Is sure to win a crown,  
 Sparkling with gems from heaven's eternal dome ;  
 And chief among those jewels shine  
 The vows we've offered at our Alma Mater's shrine.

## XIV.

Of old the knightly throng.  
 A valiant band and strong,  
 Their bosoms bared to shield their ladies fame ;—  
 So we, till life shall end,  
 Our hearts and hands will blend,  
 To guard for aye our Mother's cherished name.  
 'T is in her sons a mother's pride  
 Can find delight, though ills beset on every side.

## XV.

Ay ! one in heart and hand,  
 United we will stand,  
 Though clouds of chill adversity may lower ;  
 And, in life's evening calm,  
 Refreshed with virtue's balm,  
 We'll meditate upon our Mother's power.  
 O holy thought and dream of bliss !  
 Sure parting's gloom is cheered by vision such as this !

## XVI.

I see the happy day ;  
 It shall not pass away,  
 Like summer skies before the gathering rain ;  
 Soft blow the gales of spring,  
 Sweet doth the welkin ring.  
 And youthful voices swell the glad refrain ;  
 And o'er yon stately gothic pile,  
 With favouring ray and kind, the beams of heaven smile.

## XVII.

The lofty spires rise  
 To meet the azure skies ;  
 The ivy twines about the time-worn wall ;  
 Turret and gable fair  
 Reflect the builder's care,  
 And sculptured arches lead towards the hall,  
 Where, from their gilded frames, look down  
 Those who, for lore and virtue famed, our annals crown.

## XVIII.

'T is learning's light that's shed  
 Upon the noble head  
 Of him that bears a Prelate's sacred name.—  
 A patient learner then,—  
 Now teacher among men,  
 Throughout the land is spread our Bishop's fame.  
 Others there be to emulate,  
 Who've served their Alma Mater in the Church and  
 State.

## XIX.

Beneath th' embowered shade  
 By waving elm-trees made,  
 That grace the green within the spacious court,  
 Some haste in cap and gown,  
 To shun the Proctors' frown,  
 And some with jest and song the hour disport.  
 Ah ! happy souls, who little know  
 The bliss they own, till doomed in parting hour to go !

## XX.

See Trinity grown strong,  
 The few become a throng,—  
 True witness to her son's fidelity ;  
 For pleasant 'tis and sweet,  
 A hero's fate to meet,  
 And guard our Mother from adversity !  
 So through the world our footsteps bending,  
 Towards a nobler sphere of life may we be tending !

## I.

Now o'er the well-known halls the western sun,  
 With sinking effort, sends his ruddy beams,—  
 Sad token, that, like his, our course is run ;  
 And all the past a pleasing vision seems.  
 Gone to return no more, save in our dreams ;—  
 A memory to cherish, not forget,—  
 Though fraught alike with much of pleasure and regret.



## II.

Think, then, dear comrades, of the time that's sped ;  
 Look once again upon our youth's abode ;  
 Let parting words of benison be said,  
 Ere through the world we take our toilsome road.  
 Yet there are thoughts to ease the heavy load  
 Of cares that soon upon our hearts must rest.  
 Our feeble lay has sung them.— May they calm each  
 breast !

## III.

Faint o'er the fields the vesper bell is pealing.  
 The lengthening shadows tell the close of day,  
 Upon the sense the evening's calm is stealing,  
 As sinks behind the hills the sun's last ray.  
 Cease now, ye Muses, and to mirth give way ;  
 Let zeal and courage now possess the minds ;—  
 The world's before us, and the days of youth behind !

—Charles W. Coit.

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 CLASS-DAY.  


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The members of Eighty-two may fairly congratulate themselves upon the grand success that attended all the exercises of their class-day. The traditional "clear and bright" sun of Trinity's class-days never shone with greater splendor than did that which ushered in the morning of the 22d. As the day advanced and the late-risers began to issue from the massive portals of Jarvis and Seabury, the beauties of the morning reacted upon the lounging groups and the campus resounded with joyous salutation and hearty laugh. The morning passed in very much the same manner as preceding class-days ; there were the same sounds of preparation, the rushing to and fro of busy seniors and the faint echoes of rehearsing orators as they (the echoes) issued from obscure corners and upper windows. There was the same idle throng of under-graduates with the inevitable pipe and cigarette. Another hour and we are greeted by the same ridiculous combination,—canes, hats and freshmen,—the pompous march and counter-march upon the campus, then the glorious retreat attuned to the jeers of '84, and the embryo Sophomores proceed to the steps of St. John's Church, where they are photographed by Rogers.

The afternoon approached with no indications of rain to mar the pleasure of the exercises. The air was cool and "Couldn't have had a better day for it," was the stereotype

expression of the hour. Shortly after two o'clock carriages began to deposit their fair freight on the campus and one hour later there had assembled before the majestic walls of Northam gateway an audience of nearly five hundred people composed largely of ladies and alumni of the college.

The staging had been removed from the building and the speaker's stage was erected directly in front of the double arch-way which was tastefully draped with flags. In front of the speaker's stand hung the banner which combined the class colors with a back-ground of crimson, and the figures "'82" interwoven in black. Promptly at three o'clock the graduating class, numbering twenty-nine men, and arrayed in the collegiate cap and gown, took their seats and the exercises were begun. Mr. A. Murray Young, the president of the class, delivered an address of welcome to the audience. He spoke of class-day as the goal to which the student looked forward, and of the sadness that is always mingled with joy on this, the occasion of the last public appearance of '82 as a class. After expressing a few words of thanks to the citizens of Hartford for their kindness and hospitality, during the sojourn of the class in the city, he introduced the

## ORATOR

of the day, Mr. W. W. Webb, of Philadelphia. Mr. Webb is a deep thinker and an eloquent speaker, and his oration evinced a thorough knowledge of the subject combined with power of analysis. In substance he spoke as follows :

"All things have their beginning in a volition. In this practical age we cannot enter into the spirit of a pantheistic religion, peopling every stream and mountain with gods and goddesses ; and yet, in thinking, we can explain all things by science, rule all things by law. Do we not people atoms and molecules, not with gods and goddesses, but with the divine principle, the power to act. From the rate at which bodies fall, we deduce the law of gravitation, but dare we say that the force resides in the substances of the body attracted, or of the earth that attracts.

Picking up a piece of brick and a piece of wood, we call one an inorganic body, the other organized, because the last once had life and the power of reproduction, while the first had not. If we go to a brickyard, we



see the human mind directing matter so as to produce the brick. We are unable to see the power working in the seed which makes it produce the plant; must we, therefore, conclude that the power resides in the matter of the seed itself?

We say a sunset is produced by the refraction, interference and rejection of light; that it is purely the effect of force working upon matter. In the case of a picture of a sunset painted, perhaps, by a Turner, would we admit that there was no master mind which guided the brush and mixed the color, and yet, Turner's most brilliant coloring never approached, much less equaled, nature?

We are certain that every stone in the college buildings was cut to fit a certain place, to make up a part of the grand whole, why, by induction, may we not reason that every hill of the Connecticut valley was shaped and fitted for the place which it so exactly fills, by a will as real, if not more real, than the human will?

The scientist says that every particle of a pebble is revolving about every other particle, with infinite velocity, as the planets revolve about their suns, that the same force controls both. It may be so, but one thing is certain, that force—and every force—call it gravitation or anything else, it is but the divine mind of God, and this universe is but a pebble in his hand."

After the rendering of a selection from *Patience* by the band, the president introduced the

#### CLASS POET,

Mr. C. W. Coit, of Concord, N. H. We publish the poem in another column and allow it to speak for itself.

"Trinity Echoes," a song rendered by the entire class, in good style, was followed by the

#### LEMON-SQUEEZER ORATION.

This was delivered by Mr. A. P. Burgwin, of Pittsburg. In a humorous strain the speaker described the character and briefly traced the history of this time-honored institution. He commended the energetic spirit manifested by the class of 'Eighty-Five, the receivers of the "Squeezer," and alluded to their superiority on the ball field and in the class room. In conclusion, he aimed to impress upon them a sense of the honor and responsibility which attend its guardianship. In behalf of the class of

#### 'EIGHTY-FIVE,

Mr. S. H. Giesey, of Norwich, made a short speech of acceptance. In a few well chosen words he expressed the thanks and appreciation of his class for the honor thus bestowed upon them.

#### THE PRESENTATIONS

were presided over by Mr. Clarence Carpenter, of Detroit. In his inimitable manner he presented each member of the class with some small memento suggestive of their individual peculiarities. The ceremony caused great merriment, and many of the hits were excellent, as was indicated by their enthusiastic reception.

The class then rose to sing the college song, "'Neath the elms of our old Trinity," at the conclusion of which the president introduced Mr. S. D. Brewer, of Utica, who delivered the

#### EPILOGUE.

The speaker accomplished this sad task in a most graceful manner. By a beautiful simile he compared the class to a fleet of ships which had been collected at the head waters of some broad stream to sail down to its mouth. He followed this fleet through the four great periods of college life and bids the parting farewell, as the last period is reached, and the bonds of companionship are to be broken and each is to pursue his course alone on the broad ocean of practical life. The Epilogue was a fine though sad feature of the programme and will linger long in the memory of those concerned.

For the success of all the arrangements much credit is due to the class day committee which consisted of Messrs. Frederick C. Gowen, Charles Z. Gould, Samuel N. Watson, Ernest F. Henderson and Seabury D. Brewer.

#### RECEPTION.

The Class day reception this year was a more brilliant affair than that last year. The committee decided to hold the reception in the Armory building, and they showed great wisdom in making this choice. The huge hall was elegantly dressed with both national and state flags, while flowers were tastefully displayed about the entrance to the refreshment room. By half past nine almost all the guests had arrived and the dancing commenced. There were four waltzes, two lancers, one quadrille, one polka and a galop.



The dancing continued until twelve when an elaborate supper was served. At one o'clock probably the largest german ever held in Hartford was commenced. The leader was Mr. Carter of the graduating class. The german was prolonged until about three A. M. when the "final festivities" of class day were at an end. The reception committee consisted of Messrs. Carter Bohlen, Webb, Brewer and Hoff.

### PRIZES.

THE prize awards were announced on class-day as follows:

The Tuttle prize of \$30, offered to the seniors for the best essay on "The Roman Tribunes," has not been awarded, for want of competition.

The chemical prize of \$30, offered to the seniors for the best essay on "Electrolysis," has been awarded to William Walter Webb, of Philadelphia; and the second prize of \$20, to Charles Erling Hotchkiss, of Gouverneur, New York.

The English literature prize of \$65, offered to the seniors for the best examination in English literature, with special reference to the poetry of the nineteenth century, has been awarded to William Walter Webb, of Philadelphia, and the second prize, to Charles Wheeler Coit, of Concord, N. H.

The Latin prize of \$25, offered to the juniors for the best examination in Crutwell's "History of Roman Literature," has not been awarded, for want of competition.

The French prize of \$20, offered to the sophomores for the best examination in La Fontaine's "Fables," has been awarded to Edward Simms VanZile, of Troy, N. Y.

The mathematical prize of \$20, offered to the freshmen for the best examination in Chauvenet's "Modern Geometry," has been awarded to Hiram Benjamin Loomis, of Hartford.

### HONORS.

FOLLOWING is a list of those students who have passed the necessary examinations *cum honore*. This implies that a student has attained in the departments mentioned, an average of nine in his marks for the recitations throughout the year, and also an average of nine in his marks for the Christmas and the Trinity examinations taken together:

*Seniors*.—In mental, moral and political philosophy, chemistry and natural science, and English, William Walter Webb, of Philadelphia; in mental, moral and political philosophy and English, Frederick Clement Gowen, of Philadelphia, Ernest Flagg Henderson, of Staten Island, New York, Seaver Milton Holden, of Bridgeport, Conn., and John Henry McCrackan, of New York city; in mental, moral and political philosophy, Charles Anderson Hamilton, of Hartford, Charles Erling Hotchkiss, of Gouverneur, N. Y., and Samuel Newell Watson, of Red Wing, Minn.; in English, Clarence Ernest Ball, of Hart-

ford, Augustus Phillips Burgwin, of Pittsburg, Pa., Charles Wheeler Coit, of Concord, N. H., and Charles Zebina Gould, of Michigan City, Ind.

*Juniors*.—In natural philosophy and astronomy, Greek, Latin, English and German, J. Eldred Brown, of Newport, R. I.; in natural philosophy and astronomy and English, Richard Eugene Burton, of Hartford; in natural philosophy and astronomy, Horatio Lee Golden, of Kittingning, Penn., and William Seymour Short, of Bethel, Conn.; in English, Arthur Henry Wright, of Boston, Mass.

*Sophomores*.—In mathematics and natural philosophy, Greek, Latin and French, John Morgan Brainard, of Auburn, N. Y.; in mathematics and natural philosophy Latin, Greek and English, Henry Ritchie Neely, of Chicago, Ill.; in mathematics and natural philosophy and Greek, Frank Wood Richardson, of Auburn, N. Y.; in Greek and English, William Stanley Barrows, of Huntington, N. Y.; in Greek and French, Frank Elisha Johnson, of Hartford; in English, Edward Simms VanZile, of Troy, N. Y.

*Freshmen*.—In mathematics, Greek, Latin and English, Hiram Benjamin Loomis, of Hartford; in mathematics, Latin and English, Robert Thorne, of Elizabeth, N. J.; in mathematics, George Frederick Humphrey, of Fari-bault, Minn.; in Latin, Levi Francis Warner, of South Glastonbury, Conn.

### CLASS SUPPERS.

#### EIGHTY-THREE.

ON Wednesday evening, June 21st, the class of '83 held a supper to celebrate their assumption of the dignity attaching to Seniors. The supper was served in Merrill's best style, and the following was the *menu*:

Little Neck Clams.

Trout.

Sauterne.

Broiled Chicken.

Claret.

English Snipe.

Champagne.

Chicken Salad.

Strawberries.

Coffee.

After the supper toasts were in order, and some excellent speeches were made. The American College Song Book was used with that force and charm, which is characteristic of the music of the Class. The singing and speeches were continued to a late hour, when the class adjourned to serenade the fair ones of Hartford: the class met with a very favorable reception, and it was the sentiment of all that never had a more enjoyable evening been passed. A vote of hearty thanks was tendered to Messrs. Brown, Trowbridge and Carter, the committee of arrangements. It was the sentiment of the class that a Glee Club should be formed next year, and an instructor engaged to meet the Club for rehearsal once a week.



## 'EIGHTY-FOUR.

ON the same evening, the class of '84 held its second annual supper at Habenstein's Cafe. The dining room was tastefully decorated with bunting and flowers and the table presented a very fine appearance, being lighted by three large clusters of wax lights, and ornamented with fruits and bon-bons. The *Menu* consisted of—

	<i>Soup.</i>	
	St. Julienne.	
	Sherry.	
	<i>Fish.</i>	
Salmon, Lobster sauce.		Cucumbers.
	<i>Remove.</i>	
Fillet de Boenfaux Champignous.		Pickles.
French peas.		Saratoga potatoes.
	Roman Punch.	
	<i>Entrees.</i>	
Shrimp salad.	Olives.	Sardines.
	<i>Dessert.</i>	
	Charlotte Russe.	
	<i>Creams.</i>	
Vanilla.	Strawberry.	Chocolate.
Assorted Cakes.	Fruits.	Coffee.
	Punch.	

When full justice had been done to the spread, Mr. F. D. Buckley, the Toast-master, presided and called for toasts. The first toast was the "Class of 'Eighty-four," response by J. M. Brainard. Then followed the regular toasts to "The Whately Club," responded to by J. F. Olmstead; "Two years progress," by W. S. Barrows; "The Faculty," by G. M. Magill; "The Ladies," by W. R. Sedgwick; "Athletics," by E. L. Purdy. "Our Absent Members" was answered by W. C. Deming, who, with J. B. Hollister, returned after a year's absence, to meet their class. A poem was read by Mr. VanZile, replete with witty allusions to the class. "An(na) Lytics" was celebrated with a funeral oration by H. R. Neely, and a chant by W. H. Hitchcock, and then dropped to the next class. Songs, speeches and stories contributed to the entertainment and the evening was pronounced one of pure enjoyment and unalloyed delight. May '84 see many more such suppers.

*BACCALAUREATE SERMON.*

The Baccalaureate Sermon was preached by the Rt. Rev. H. A. Neely, D.D., Bishop

of Maine. The service took place in Christ Church, on the evening of Sunday, June 25th. The church was decorated with flowers, provided and arranged for the occasion by ladies of Hartford. Owing to the excessive heat, the congregation was not as large as had been anticipated, though the body of the church was well filled. At 7.45 the graduating class, in caps and gowns, entered the church in procession, followed by Bishops Williams and Neely, President Pynchon, and the Rev. Messrs. Nichols and Hart. The lessons were read from Job XXVIII, and St. Matthew V, to verse 17. A choir, selected from the undergraduates, led in the singing, Mr. Lanpher, '80, presiding at the organ.

The Bishop preached from

I. TIM. I. 19.—Holding faith and a good conscience, which some having put away concerning faith have made shipwreck.

After an able and scholarly discourse, illustrative of his text, he concluded with the following address to the graduating class:

"You are about to leave these halls of discipline to take your place and perform your part in the arena of active life. You will thus come into freer and closer contact with the various elements of society and as your own influence will be more widely felt, so you will necessarily be acted upon by influences which have scarcely been noticeable here. You will be brought perhaps into very intimate association with those whose mental and moral training has been very different from your own, and will come into competition with some whose methods are strangely unlike any which you have been led to regard as either valuable or lawful. You will often meet with educated and able men who do not fear to challenge or ignore truths which you have been instructed to hold as most certain and cherish as most precious. You will find but few, comparatively, "seeking first the kingdom of God and His righteousness," and the vast majority completely engrossed by earthly things. You will be exposed to more numerous temptations from every source of temptation. And yet the great world is not essentially different from the little world in which you have moved and acted during the past four years: and the discipline which you have here undergone and the experience of the labors and conflicts of real life which you have already had, should have qualified you to enter the battle field now before you, not merely with the advantage of sound theoretical knowledge, but with something of the habitual steadfastness of veterans. If you have acquitted yourselves well in this narrower sphere,



if you have not only given good heed to the lessons here imported, but have shown yourselves manful and patient and firm in the minor but daily struggles which you have already been called to undergo for the conquest of self, for the effective resistance of evil, and for the full discharge of imposed duties, we have no fear that you will be suddenly overcome by untried adversaries or be found remiss in any department of duty. For I am confident that nothing has been wanting here, in the way of instruction or disciplinary exercise to fit you for an honorable and successful career, in the best sense of those terms. Where the true significance and dignity of human life are fully recognized, and a sound philosophy is continually inculcated, and the guidance and aid of the Holy Spirit are perpetually invoked, there surely, if anywhere, may be acquired the strength and found the armor which are necessary for the labors and trials of every stage of life. One discovery only could make us doubtful to-day of finding you in future years still in the ranks of the true soldiers of Christ and His church, steadfast in the Catholic faith, and, in the power of faith, overcoming the world. You know already to what I refer. It is not to be imagined that you have passed through the various temptations of the years of college life without many a fall, or that you can look back upon the opportunities and advantages which have been here proffered you without remembering that they were often neglected. But are you even able to say that through the grace of God you have contracted no evil habit, of impurity, of sloth, of sensual excess, of duplicity, of irreverent and foolish speech, of carelessness in the performance of duties which require the utmost care and circumspection? This is indeed a momentous question. But there are others of still greater moment, which I beg you to press home upon yourselves to-day. Are you not only conscious of being under such bondage, but content and acquiescent under it? And would you, even at this critical moment of your career, rather seek to excuse or palliate or cloak your unworthiness than humble yourselves before God on account of it, and implore Him to lift you up into the fullness of the glorious liberty of His children?

O my dear young friends, there is a fountain of cleansing for all sin, there is a strength which can give you self-mastery, there is a way of return to purity and freedom, and peace, even for those who unhappily wandered from their Father's house. I know not that any of you need to avail yourselves of such an assurance but I beseech you go not hence under any other release than that of a full absolution from the offenses of which your conscience may accuse you, whether against God or man—without an earnest resolve that henceforth by God's help,

you will fear no chain of sin. Then shall you go with the Divine benediction upon you, with the confidence begotten of uprightness, with the fullest assurance of victory in the future strife.

### LEMON SQUEEZER SUPPER.

THE supper given by the Class of '85 to the Class of '82 in honor of the Lemon Squeezer, took place at Habenstein's *Cafe*, on the evening of June 27th. The affair was marked by more refinement even than is usual on such occasions. The repast was a sumptuous one, the speeches displayed considerable thought, and the whole affair was of such a nature that '85 may well feel proud. The guests were all in their seats before eleven. Mr. Mitchell as toast master made every one feel at home by a speech that was short and to the point. Later in the evening the Rev. Mr. Whaley, of the Class of '74, responded to the Toast of "The Lemon Squeezer." The speaker went on to trace in vivid terms the difference between the ancient often riotous Lemon Squeezer entertainments and the present "Squeezer Suppers." He also dwelt upon the virtue of the class of '82, and gave hints to '85 as to what qualities they should look for in future candidates of the Lemon Squeezer. Mr. William Brocklesby, of the class of '69, took the place of his brother, who was absent, and responded to the toast of "The College." He spoke of the removal of the college buildings, of the advantages offered by Trinity, and of various other college matters. Mr. A. M. Young spoke in a neat manner on "The Class of '82," drawing some analogies *a la* Butler. On behalf of '85, Mr. Sidney T. Miller made some remarks. He alluded in apt terms to the recollections that '82 has succeeded in squeezing into '85.

One of the best speeches of the evening was made by Mr. Burgwin of '82. His subject was "College Days." Mr. Burgwin brought down the house by saying that but half his subject was put down on the programme as college nights deserved considerable mention. Mr. Black of '80, also made a few remarks. Between the speeches college songs were sung. Freehearted merriment held the boards until a late hour, and every one felt that the evening had been a profitable one.



ATHLETIC FIELD.

WE print below, by request, a copy of the letter from the class of '82, transferring the Athletic Field to the Athletic association, besides a few facts in the history of the undertaking which has been so well carried out by that class. The following is the letter :

TRINITY COLLEGE, June 26, 1882.

H. W. THOMPSON, *Secretary Athletic Association of Trinity College,*

DEAR SIR.—At a meeting of the Class of '82 it was voted to transfer the new Athletic Field, laid out by the Class, to the Athletic Association of Trinity College: and the Committee which has had the matter in charge, was instructed to notify the Athletic Association to that effect.

Committee of  
Class 'Eighty-two.

{ GEO. D. HOWELL,  
A. P. BURGWIN,  
C. E. HOTCHKISS,  
A. M. YOUNG,  
C. A. HAMILTON.

The new Athletic field as it now stands is the result of a plan started by the Class of 'Eighty-two in the fall of Sophomore year, 1879. Work was begun in the following spring. A lot four acres in extent was fenced off in the south-east corner of the college ground. The land was swampy and much draining was necessary. Fourteen hundred feet of underground drains were laid and surface drains were dug on all four sides of the field. After a great deal of plowing and rolling it was brought to a comparative level. A running track one-fifth of a mile in length and a straight one hundred yards dash were laid out. Since then goal posts, a back stop and a grand stand have been erected—the latter by the Class of 'Eighty-five. The funds for this enterprise were obtained in the following way: the fence was put up at the expense of the College, for putting the ground in order; two hundred dollars was subscribed by the class and six hundred dollars was raised, by five lectures given under the auspices of the class committee, by private theatricals and by contributions of friends and graduates, and the class of 'Eighty-four.

An arrangement was recently consummated with Co.K, by which the latter agree to keep the grounds in order, on condition that they be granted the use of the base-ball diamond.

SPORTING NOTES.

Dilts, of the Brown University nine, has accepted an offer from the Worcester: for the rest of the season.

The Lake George regatta, in July, is expected to be one of the most interesting and closely contested races that has taken place for years.

The New London *Day* of last Friday remarked of the first exhibition made on the water by the Yale men after their arrival the previous afternoon. "The speed attained during these short bursts was simply marvelous, but no human machinery could keep it up for four miles. The talk about irregularities in the Yale stroke is all bosh. Their touch on the water is regular as a pendulum, and their delivery clean as a whistle. The bunching of the crew in pairs looks odd to a person unused to it, but is neither awkward nor ungraceful. It was the verdict of oarsmen who witnessed the practice that if Yale can stay she will score another victory. The Harvard men rowed over the full course with a stroke varying from thirty to thirty-five per minute. Their long reach and full, strong sweep is the favorite with some of the best oarsmen in the world, and certainly the rate at which they drove their shell through the water looked to an unprofessional eye as if the crimson might prove invincible."

At a meeting of the Marylebone All England Lawn Tennis clubs, held in London last month, it was decided to lower the nets at the posts from four feet to three feet six inches. The decision was arrived at after discussion, in hopes of discouraging the volleying which has, to a great extent, taken the place of the return from the back of the court after the first bound of the ball. The effect will be to give a player who can place the return more opportunity of playing the ball on one or the other side of an antagonist who stands in the middle of the court prepared to volley.

The following is the record of the different nines in the college league :

CLUBS.	Amherst....	Browns.....	Dartmouths.	Harvards.....	Princeton....	Yales .....	Games won.	Games lost..
Amherst.....		1	1		1		3	5
Brown.....			2		1	1	4	7
Dartmouth.....	1			1			2	5
Harvard.....	2	2				1	6	4
Princeton.....	1	1	2	2			6	3
Yale.....	1	1	2	1	1		6	2



## PERSONALS.

[It is particularly desired that the Alumni furnish us with all items of interest that may come to their knowledge concerning every one who has been connected with the College.]

PHELPS, '32. The Hon. J. S. Phelps of Missouri has been nominated by the President of the United States as a member of the Tariff Commission, but has declined the appointment.

JEWETT, '37. Pliney A. Jewett, M. D., has been chosen President of the Connecticut Board of Commissioners of Pharmacy.

HALL, '54. The Rev. Samuel Hall should be addressed at Long Hill, Conn. He has accepted the charge of the parish at that place and Trumbull.

NORTON, '68. The Rev. F. L. Norton is expected to return to this country in October. He is to take pastoral charge of the cathedral congregation, Albany, N. Y.

SHORT, '69. The tenth anniversary of the ministry of the Rev. William Short, in the chapel of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, N. Y., was celebrated on the 5th of June.

BOYLSTON, '78. The Rev. C. W. Boylston was ordained to the Priesthood by Bishop Williams, on Sunday, June 18th, in St. James's church, Glastonbury, Conn.

MOFFETT, '78. The Rev. G. H. Moffett was ordained priest in St. John's Chapel, New York City, on Trinity Sunday.

DRUM, '83. Mr. P. F. Drum, formerly of the class of '83, was married in Thomaston, Conn., on the 20th ult.

At the recent convention of the Diocese of Connecticut, the Rev. C. H. B. Tremaine, '66, was re-elected Secretary; and the Rev. E. E. Beardsley, D. D., LL.D.; '32, and the Rev. W. F. Nichols, '70, were chosen members of the Standing Committees.

## OBITUARY.

STUDLEY, '50. William Harrison Studley, M. D., a graduate in the class of 1850, died in New York City on the 14th instant, aged fifty-five years. After his graduation he studied theology and was ordained to the ministry; but his health not allowing him to discharge the duties of a clergyman, he took up the study of medicine, receiving his degree of M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1860. He was a frequent contributor on subjects to the public journals.

## DOINGS AT OTHER COLLEGES.

## HARVARD.

A book of three hundred sketches from the *Harvard Lampoon* has just been published.

Harvard College has received a bequest of an acre and a half of salt marsh in Brigton. —*Echo*.

Elocution at Harvard has long been an anomaly. With powers and opportunities restricted to the narrowest limits, it is small wonder that the department has been able to accomplish little, and that its work has met with such frequent dissatisfaction.

## WILLIAMS.

Professor Mears is translating a German work on Physics for the use of future classes.

At Williams, the fund derived from the rent of rooms is appropriated for the reduction of board at the college club, thus placing the best fare at less than \$3 per week.

## YALE.

Yale had twelve speakers at Commencement.

The college has a yacht squadron of eight vessels.

Yale is soon to rejoice in the possession of chapel chimes.

Our dormitories can accommodate no more than three hundred and sixty-six students, while the classes of '83 and '84 alone number three hundred and twenty-eight men.—*Record*.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

The American school of classical studies at Athens will be opened October 2.

The Juniors of Western University of Pennsylvania have successfully presented "William Tell," in German to the people of Pittsburgh.

The retiring senior editors of the *Vassar Miscellany* especially pride themselves upon the fact that they have published more marriage notices than any previous board.

A dispatch from Denver, Colorado, says Chang Tsung Liang, attache of the Chinese legation, passed through that place Thursday on his way to Washington. He said that China will return fifty students to American colleges, the authorities (thanks, no doubt, to Young Wing's presence in China) having discovered that their removal was a mistake.—*Courier*.



The Brown University scientific expedition will sail from Boston the day after commencement. It is expected that the Smithsonian Institute will lend dredges and other instruments for deep-sea soundings. The Grand Menan island and the shores lying about the bay of Fundy will be visited and a collection of mineral and geological specimens will be obtained for the college museum.

The librarian has dropped the *North American Review* from the list of periodicals taken by the college library, because the managers of that monthly see fit to continue to publish Colonel Ingersoll's articles, and have, it is said, refused to grant to Mr. Jere Black space for more answers.—*Bowdoin Orient*.

The most enthusiastic advocacy that we have yet seen of athletic exercises among students says: "If the ranking system included relative physical proficiency and attention to sanitation, it would be a sensible enlargement of the schedule. Failure to allow sufficient time for sleep, imprudence in diet, or neglect to exercise, might be marked, like a failure in a lesson, or like an error in deportment. The main tendency of the student's life may be indicated more by physical shortcoming than by mental lapse."

The approximate number of graduates at the New England colleges, as shown by the lists of Seniors in the official catalogues, is as follows: Harvard, 182; Yale, 154; Dartmouth, 72; Amherst, 65; Brown, 54; Williams, 45; Colby, 35; Trinity, 30; Bowdoin, 28; Bates, 26; Wesleyan, 26; Vermont, 16; Boston University, 15; Tufts, 10; Middlebury, 11; Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 24; Massachusetts Agricultural College, 35. This makes a total of 803, of whom 336 are accredited to Harvard and Yale.

### NOTES AND CLIPPINGS.

#### TO JUMBO.

Hence! Hence, thou mammoth vast,  
Who crossed the wave to cast  
Round my pure life a blight.  
Back to thy English Zoo,  
'Mong all that motley crew,  
And glad a Briton's sight.  
  
I hate thy very name,  
I hate thy widespread fame  
Though first of all thy kind.  
I've lost my faith in man  
For ask him what I can,  
My answer's a Jumbo grind.

Literary young man, at a party: "Miss Jones, have you seen Crabbe's Tales?" Young lady: "I was not aware that crabs had tails." Literary young man (covered with confusion): "I beg your pardon, ma'am; I should have said, 'read Crabbe's Tales.'" Young lady (angrily scornful): "And I was not aware that red crabs had tails, either." Exit, young man.—*Ex*.

Father, looking over report: "What does this mean, my son—'must pass another examination?'" Son: "Well, you see, several of us are trying for first in that branch, and our papers were so nearly alike that we have got to try again."—*Princetonian*.

A New York State man, who tried a flying machine of his own invention last week, had no advice to give to those who crowded around. All he said was: "Work in 'durned fool' somewhere on my tombstone!"—*News*.

Who is the patron saint of the Faculty? Mark, of course.—*Wesleyan Argus*.

Jones says his chum is like the moon—gets round to his last quarter about once a month.—*Ex*.

"The professor gave me an encore on Latin," said the Freshman, as he slowly read the "one cent letter" which he found in his box at the beginning of the term.

#### STUDENT'S SOLILOQUY.

To pass or not to pass,—that is the question;  
Whether 'tis better in the tests to labor  
O'er difficult questions of keen professors,  
Or to take "copious notes" from text-books and  
By shrewd managing, use them? To "crib," to pass,  
No more; and by passing we know we end  
The headache and the thousand natural shocks  
A student's heir to,—'tis a consummation  
Devoutly to be wished. To pass—to "crib."  
To "crib!" perchance to fail! ay, there's the rub;  
For by a careless movement Prof. may see,  
And, while we think ourselves secure, wrathful  
Will mark us out; there's the respect  
That makes calamity of college life.  
—*Bates Student*.

#### CALENDAR.

- July 4, College regatta on Lake George between the four-oared crews of Bowdoin, Wesleyan, Cornell, Princeton and Pennsylvania University. Baseball match between Harvard and Yale on the Polo grounds, New York.  
" 5, Commencement at Williams and Middlebury.  
" 13, Commencement at Bowdoin.  
Sept. 12, 13, Examinations for Admission.  
" 14, Christmas Term begins.



# Supplement to the Tablet.

VOL. XV.

HARTFORD, CONN., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1882.

NO. VIII.

THE new Athletic Field with all its improvements and conveniences has lately been turned over by the class of Eighty-two its originator, to the Athletic Association of the College. The enterprise of the undertaking, the efficiency of its execution and the advantage to be enjoyed from its results, all of which are evident from the short history of the work given in another column, deserve our heartiest praise. However, the field is not yet a perfect one. There are many defects which might be remedied. Eighty-two should be commended for instigating the scheme, but it lies in the hands of succeeding classes to carry it to completion.

AT the beginning of Trinity term this year the TABLET board offered a prize of twenty-five dollars upon easy conditions, to be given for the three best articles contributed to the TABLET before the present number. Although we have received a number of articles, yet we regret to say that the conditions have not been fulfilled and the prize will not be awarded. We have been greatly disappointed that men outside the board have not supported us better with their pens. We know that the ability to do so is present with many, and also that it is from absolute laziness, that they have not exercised it. The TABLET has not deteriorated from their lack of support, but it might have shone brighter with it.

ANOTHER college year has ended; another class has gone forth into the world to bear the heat and burden of their day—to put into practical application the principles which have been involved in their course of study. So also another class has entered college, to participate in its varied labors and pleasures, and a new body of men have been advanced to the senior class. For all these the future is full of interest. The past is past, and the present is of little moment except as it is pregnant with the spirit of improvement. It is the future which alone attracts our attention, not a personal future, or at least we are not writing of that, but the future of Trinity

College. This is a period of reformation and advancement, and as the class of Eighty-three are so soon to be actively interested in the highest academic studies which the College offers its patrons, we must put upon record our most positive convictions.

The welfare of Trinity College is at our heart. To go forth into the world as enthusiastic advocates of our alma mater, is a laudable ambition, and one which the overseers of the College should foster. If we read rightly the course of events, we *shall* be able to go forth imbued with this spirit of enthusiasm. The shackles of conservatism which all must confess have existed, are being cast off, and a spirit of activity and progress seems evident throughout the college. The Faculty have long since shown this in their sensible government of the students, and lately the Alumni and Trustees have awakened out of sleep.

## HOUSE OF CONVOCATION.

Wednesday morning, June 28th, the House of Convocation, which includes all graduate members of the college, met for prayers in the college chapel at 9½ o'clock. The service was read by the dean, the Rev. G. M. Hills, D. D., '47, of Burlington, N. J., and the benediction was pronounced by the Rt. Rev. W. W. Niles, D. D., '57, bishop of New Hampshire.

The business meeting was held in the Latin room at 10 o'clock, the dean presiding. After the reading of the minutes of last year's meeting, the standing committee presented the following report of the

### NECROLOGY FOR THE YEAR.

#### Alumni.

- The Rev. James Watson Bradin, of the class of 1843, M. A., died at Melville N. J., March 27, 1882, aged 73.
- William Harrison Studley, of the class of 1850, M. A., M. D., died at New York city, June 14, 1842, aged 55.
- Major Frederick Davis Poisson, of the class of 1855, died at Wilmington, N. C., August 29, 1881, aged 45.
- Major George Orin Macy, of the class of 1857, died at Cleveland, O., September 1, 1881, aged 41.
- The Rev. Charles DeLancey Allen, of the class of 1863, M. A., died Mexico, Mo., November 2, 1881, aged 39.
- Howard Kennedy, of the class of 1866, died at San Diego, Cal., June 26, 1881, aged 34.



Thomas Chew Lewis, of the class of 1871, M. A., died at New York city, December 29, 1881, aged 34.

The Rev. John Milton Stevens, of the class of 1872, M. A., died at Chicago, Ill., July 12, 1881, aged 29.

*Honorarii, etc.*

The Hon. John Turvill Adams, Yale, M. A., 1829, trustee from 1844 to 1851, died at Norwich, Conn., March 30, 1882, aged 76.

The Rev. Liberty Alonzo Barrows, Union, M. A., 1840, died at Homer, N. Y., March 22, 1882, aged 82.

The Right Rev. John Barrett Kerfoot, D. D., 1865, LL. D., president and professor of ethics and metaphysics from 1864 to 1866, visitor since 1871, Bishop of Pittsburgh, died at Myersdale, Penn., July 10, 1881, aged 65.

The Hon. Origen Storrs Seymour, Yale, LL. D., 1866, ex-chief justice of Connecticut, died at Litchfield, Conn., August 12, 1881, aged 78.

Joseph Earl Sheffield, M. A., trustee from 1858 to 1872, died at New Haven February 16, 1882, aged 88.

Charles Harvey Northam, trustee since 1869, died at Hartford, November 12, 1881, aged 84.

The Rev. Professor Hart presented reports on the alumni library fund, showing an income of \$246 for the past year. He also read a report in regard to the library, showing an addition of 498 volumes during the past year, an increase of more than six per cent. in the last two years, and a total number of nearly 20,000 volumes in the library. More than 1,000 volumes have been drawn from the library for use during the year.

Officers for the next two years were elected, as follows:

Dean, the Rev. Thomas Gallauet, D. D., '42, New York city; sub-dean, E Winslow Williams, M. A., '53, Norwich, Conn.; registrar, W. E. Curtis, M. A., '75, New York city; bursar, S. G. Fisher, B. A., '79, Philadelphia; standing-committee, Professor John Brocklesby, LL. D., the Rev. J. J. McCook, M. A., '63; the Rev. Samuel Hart, M. A., '66; the Rev. J. T. Huntington, M. A., '50; the Rev. J. J. McCook, M. A., '63, were nominated for junior fellows.

A vote of thanks was offered to the retiring dean for his services during the past six years.

A petition was adopted, asking the trustees to cause the annual reports of the president and the treasurer to be printed and distributed to the alumni and other friends of the college. A report made to the New York City Alumni association by a committee of their number, which recently visited the college, was also commended, with the suggestions contained in it, to the favorable consideration of the trustees.

Pending discussion on the matter of alumni representation in the corporation, a recess was taken. The trustees, alumni, and visiting friends lunched together in the dining hall.

#### PHI BETA KAPPA.

The Connecticut Beta of the Phi Beta Kappa met at noon, the vice president, the Rev.

Professor Johnson, in the chair. The following are the new members who had been elected from the class of 1883:—J. Edward Brown, Newport, R. I.; Edward Lawton Dockary, Newport, R. I.; Horatio Lee Golden, Kittanning, Penn.; John Williams Huntington, Hartford; Hinsdill Parsons, Hoosac Falls, New York; Arthur Henry Wright, Boston, Mass.

The officers of the last year were re-elected as follows:—

President, Prof. John Brocklesby, LL. D.; vice-president, the Rev. Prof. E. E. Johnson, M. A., '59; secretary, the Rev. Prof. Samuel Hart, M. A., '66; treasurer, John Henry Brocklesby, M. A., '65.

The president, the vice-president and the secretary were appointed delegates, with power to appoint substitutes, to attend the council of the Phi Beta Kappa, at Saratoga in September next, with power, if they see fit, to ratify the proposed constitution of the national council.

The Rev. James Mulchahey, D. D., of the class of 1842, minister of St. Paul's chapel, New York City, was elected an honorary member.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION OF CONVOCATION.

On re-assembling in the afternoon, a substitute was adopted for a plan proposed by the committee on alumni representation in the corporation in the following form:

*Resolved*, That the board of trustees be respectfully requested to make application to the general assembly of the state of Connecticut, at its next session, for an amendment to the charter of Trinity College, by which the following recommendations of this house may be legally authorized:

1. That six of the trustees of said college, to be known as Alumni Trustees, be elected by this house as vacancies exist or may occur.

2. That graduates of Trinity College of not less than five years standing only shall be eligible to such office.

3. That the vote for such trustees be taken and certified in such way as the trustees may direct, and so that all the members of this house, whether present or absent, may have the opportunity to vote.

4. That said trustees be elected for a term of three years, in such manner as that two of them shall retire at the end of each year.

5. That a vacancy in the office of alumni trustees be filled by a certificate of a majority of the remaining alumni trustees until the next annual election, when such vacancies shall be filled by vote of this house.

*Resolved*, That a committee of three be appointed, with power to confer and agree with the board of trustees as to the substance and form of the amendment of the charter, and to join in the petition therefor, if the request of this house be granted by the Board of trustees.

The committee appointed were: Luke A. Lockwood, M. A., '55; the Rev. J. J. McCook, M. A., '63; W. E. Curtis, M. A., '75.

A resolution was passed desiring that class-day might be placed in commencement week,



and proposing some other changes in the arrangements of commencement.

An appropriation was made of \$25 for the widow of "Professor Jim," and \$50 was set aside for the beginning of an "Alumni Scholarship Fund," to be used under the direction of the standing committee, for the relief of necessitous students. A considerable sum was subscribed on the spot as an addition to this amount, and it was voted to request the alumni to contribute to it, the committee being authorized to expend \$200 this year, if they think fit, and to invest any sum which may be received above this.

A vote was passed recognizing the obligations of the college to the late Colonel C. H. Northam for his munificent liberality.

Mr. J. R. Parsons, '81, made a statement in regard to the athletic interests of the college, which was commended to the consideration of the alumni.

The Rev. Professor Hart made a statement in regard to different matters of interest in and about the college during the past year. He also stated that the college had offered the use of their grounds to the astronomers who are to be sent out by the German government to observe the transit of Venus in December next.

After a long meeting, in which much interest was manifested in everything pertaining to the welfare of the college, the convocation adjourned.

### COMMENCEMENT.

#### AT CHRIST CHURCH.

The Senatus Academicus met for prayer in Christ Church at 10:30 o'clock. The newly elected dean, the Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, read the Morning Service to the Creed, the concluding portion of the service being read by the president of the college. The 138th hymn:

Holy, Holy, Holy! Lord God Almighty!

Early in the morning our song shall rise to Thee,  
God in Three Persons, blessed Trinity

was sung by the students and clergymen present, and the Rt. Rev. Bishop Williams pronounced the pastoral benediction.

#### AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

After the service in the church the college

marshal, J. Eldred Brown, '83 formed the procession in the following order:

Undergraduates in Reversed Order of Classes.

Chancellor and Visitors.

Governor and Mayor.

Corporation.

Board of Fellows.

Officers of the House of Convocation.

Officers of Other Colleges and of Diocesan Institutions.

Officers of the Theological Institute of Connecticut, of the Asylum for Deaf and Dumb, and of the

Retreat for the Insane.

State and City Authorities.

City Clergy and invited Guests.

Officers and Teachers of the Public Schools.

Faculty of the College.

Graduating Class

Alumni of the College and of Other Colleges.

Wardens and Vestrymen of City Churches.

At 11 o'clock the procession marched into the opera house to the music of Colt's band, which had previously taken its position in the balcony. The assemblage was large and brilliant, and was composed largely of ladies, whose bright dresses offered a striking contrast to the sombre gowns of the graduating class.

The bishop and other clergy took seats upon the stage, which was covered with the well known carpet always and only used on this occasion. On a raised dias sat the president of the college, in the chair formerly occupied by Bishop Berkely of Rhode Island.

The first speaker

#### JOHN HENRY MCCRACKAN

of New York, with great distinctness, pronounced the salutatory. His first words *tempora mutantur* were comprehensible even to the ladies. His address was short and direct, and many striking sentences were loudly and repeatedly applauded by the class. It did justice to the situation, and had a certain grace and dignity that interested. His salutations to the heads and guests of the college were well expressed and forcible, and those to the citizens and ladies of Hartford very pleasant.

#### WILLIAM WALTER WEBB,

of Pennsylvania, spoke on "The Antiquity of Man as Indicated by the Arts." He alluded to the remnants of the arts of former ages, and found that positively there is no evidence of human art older than 5,000 years. Consequently he concluded that the Biblical history is correct and that we have nothing to show us any human work previous to this—unless we assume some vast catastrophe which has totally destroyed all previ-



ous culture and its remains. The one especially taken as a specimen art was pottery. Not a nation so rude but employs articles of pottery ware, and hence by this art we can best trace the existence and culture of nations. In a magnificent carved picture the standing of antique nations was arranged according to their pottery work, and in a supplementary argument by their coins. Then the geologists were arraigned, and charged with desiring to have us abandon our ancient beliefs on evidence not sufficient to stand before the most credulous court. With a magnificent peroration on the same basis of argument he closed this very worthy effort, which was well applauded. A piece of music followed, during which chat and laughter pleasantly agitated the audience, and then

SAMUEL NEWELL WATSON,

of Minnesota, spoke on "The Supernatural in Human Belief." After some general definitions of the subject, the mythologies of the ancients were reviewed and their supernatural elements discussed. Showing how false and dangerous these elements were as used by the ancient nations, the speaker passed over a discussion of Christianity and its supernatural elements, as contrasted with the former. It seems strange that mankind could ever have indulged in these strange belief. "Before the Christian era all religion was a religion of the imagination." But the philosophers stood ready to reject the superstition of centuries. Socrates and Plato saw and thought beyond their ages.

AUGUSTUS PHILLIPS BURGWIN

of Pittsburgh, Penn., spoke on "Helpfulness a Social Need." He began by showing how the greatest turning point in life to a young man is that step which takes him across the threshold of his home out into the world. The change may not be appreciated at first, but sooner or later he awakes as from a dream to the stern duties, the sad realities, the alternating scenes of joy and bitterness which make up life in this busy, active world; and how, unless strongly fortified by the spirit of true manliness, he is apt to become either self-centered or misanthropic.

And while he is still young—while Hope rather than Memory governs the horizon of his thoughts, and he sees in life unlimited possibilities for pleasure and excitement, yet never either before or after has he such a dark picture of Humanity thrust upon his sight. Broadened ideas lead him to form a more cautious and

candid estimate of the good and evil so intermingled in his fellow men, yet years will never wholly root out the feeling that the world is a selfish world and that men are all more or less actuated by principles of self-love and self-aggrandisement. He went on to show how in the United States we are inclined to boast of an universal freedom and equality—in the fact that all men are created equal.

There never was a more glittering generality—a more hollow phraseology than that expression which declares all men to be equal. It has been a cover for all sorts of oppression and cruelty and an excuse for boundless selfishness and neglect. If it means not an equality of condition but an equality of right, perhaps it is true. But if it means that all men are equal in wealth, in intellect, in happiness, in the ability to succeed in life,—Satan himself never coined a fairer or more malicious lie. Selfishness and neglect, on the one hand and passion and prejudice on the other are not to be done away by a few fair-sounding words. But because *we* have given men the ballot we are content to do no more. Men close their ears to the cries of a suffering humanity and pass by on the other side to worship the god of gold in the temples of their stores and counting rooms. After showing how selfish men become as they pursue the object of their desires, he showed how their never-satisfied ambition prevents them from feeling and from showing that sympathy which is due to mankind.

The land swarms with poor outcasts, drunkards, convicts, poor laborers, to often the knife seems kind, the poison sweet, Men sow the wind in selfishness and neglect and they reap the whirlwind in strikes, riots, bloodshed, in crimes at which even the wicked shudders.

The bitterness existing between the rich and the poor is real and substantial, and the railroad riots in 1877, showed that while wealth and capital were sleeping, the seeds of communism were taking root in the soil of labor.

Society is a fabric into which are marked stitches of various colors and kinds. Let one thread be broken, how quickly the rest unravel. This is not an argument for universal brotherhood for that is impossible, nor for a redistribution of society, for that is impracticable. The poor and the rich must dwell together, but it was never meant that they should exist apart with no feelings of common interest, sympathy or brotherhood.

Life is busy, active, full of care, and responsibilities and the lessons of humanity are oftentimes lost in the rivalry of business and the pursuit of pleasure. But arts, customs, laws, institutions should be estimated only as they benefit mankind.



In the world's scales, wealth, honor power, social position, the applause of men, these weigh heavily; but in God's scales, the slightest service done to humanity will out-weigh them all.

GEORGE DAWSON HOWELL,

of Uniontown, Penn., delivered his oration on "The Last Constantine."

This subject was handled by Mr. Howell in a descriptive style of the last crisis in the history of the Roman empire, viz: The final dissolution and destruction of Mahomet II, in 1453, of the city of Constantinople—its eastern capital.

At this time little more than the city of Constantinople remained of all the once vast Roman empire, bordering on and extending beyond the Mediterranean sea.

Mahomet II, the young sultan, possessed abilities such as made him a formidable adversary. He began his operations at once by boldly crossing the Bosphorus and erecting a fort on European soil, and near the city of Constantinople. Constantine Paleologus then ruling, and destined to be the last of the long line of Cæsars, appealed to the church and western states for assistance. But western christendom looked with indifference upon the threatened destruction of this city of the cross, and the western states were too much occupied in wars with each other to give him much assistance. On the 6th day of April, 1453, the Turkish vanguard swept the plains in front of the city of Constantinople, while Mahomet, advancing in battle array, planted before the gate of St. Romanus the Infidel standard.

A siege of forty days followed. Constantine perished in the last charge, and the city was taken.

The result of this destruction of the Eastern empire was seen in the renaissance which followed the flight of the Greeks from Constantinople, while in the wake of the revival of learning came the reformation.

The last Constantine, though insignificant among the kings of the earth, yet holds an honored place in history; as a king who struggled hard to perpetuate the life of an exhausted empire; as a faithful Christian who gave his life to the cause of Christianity in its conflicts with Mahometanism; as a man who died as he had lived—an example of honor, courage and fidelity.

The next speaker was

CHARLES ANDERSON HAMILTON,

of Connecticut, a whose subject was "The Unity of Poetry." He protested against the idea that poetry is of no use, an idea chiefly emanating from what are generally called practical men. It is the most powerful means of encouraging magnanimity and morality, and by portraying the course of an elevated mind stimulates emulation. Extensive quotations from Lord Bacon's works supported the views of the speaker. Furthermore, it was shown to what extent poetry beautified and dignified life, and how it relieved the strain of the tangible every-day existence, and that all this was as necessary and as useful as the food we eat and the houses we live in. "Poetry is the pleasure of the true." This assertion was finely supported; and, in conclusion, it was shown what measure of happiness was conferred upon the world by poetry, and how useful this element is in the existence of man.

SEAVER MILTON HOLDEN,

of Bridgeport, Conn., performed the sad task of expressing the farewell words and delivering the following

VALEDICTORY ADDRESS.

The generally accepted theory concerning the formation of the earth and other planets proceeds on the assumption that the solar system was originally one nebulous mass of incandescent vapour. This body, the nucleus of which was the present sun, slowly contracted, throwing off from its surface from time to time fiery fragments of its own substance, and in this was formed the planetary system. The detached portions, thus rudely torn from the original mass by the various forces brought to bear upon them, though not again to be united, nevertheless, have been unable to entirely overcome the force which once held them so firmly together. Though pursuing widely divergent paths, their attractions for each other and for the parent body has not been broken; it is due to this cause that they continue their revolution around the center of the system, and maintain their relative positions.

This reciprocal bond of unity is stronger than any known power, and, though sufficiently overcome to separate the planets and the sun by almost immeasurable distances, can never be destroyed as long as the solar system maintains its existence.

The individual bodies thus formed and separated, as they proceeded in their different courses,



gradually assumed consistent shape ; their outer surface becomes encrusted with a more solid covering, but, within and beneath this external hardness, the fires derived from their original source, and which had imbued their whole being at the time of separation, still burn brightly, and ever and anon bursting through the exterior proclaim their existence.

The processes of science and humanity are analogous. Unity and separation are continually acting upon us in all their various phases, Life itself is but a series of dissolving views, one fading away into another,—sometimes quickly, and again so slowly that the transformation escapes our notice.

The class of '82 has for four years existed as a constituent part of our *Alma Mater*, united to her by indissoluble ties. Her life has been our life, and her interests our interests. In her halls we have been prepared for our future career in the wide world which lies before us ; but the hour of separation has come. The bonds which have held us so firmly to the college are now to be loosed in obedience to the forces of progress and development. As the heavenly planets were detached from their parent mass, even so must the class of '82 be separated from their *Alma Mater*.

As a part of the college within her walls we shall no longer exist, but as a part of the great system of those reared under her fostering care, and sent forth by her to bear their part in the world's strife, we shall ever remain ; and howsoever distinct our paths may lie, we shall always feel her influence acting upon us ; the principles engrafted in our nature by her instruction can not be eradicated, our hearts will forever beat warmly at the mention of her name, and the ties of fond memory are not to be broken. Though separated from her in substance, the class of '82 will never be united to their *Alma Mater* by an invisible bond of attraction and unity.

RIGHT REVEREND CHANCELLOR :

Our intercourse with you throughout our collegiate year has combined profit with pleasure. Not only have we followed with you a course of the world's history and watched the great social political changes of our own age, but we have also enjoyed the high privilege of your friendship. Whenever trouble has come upon us, or difficulties been placed in our way, we have instantly turned to you for the advice and assistance which we have never failed to receive. With pride and gratitude we are able to say that the mutual confidence existing between you and our class has not been interrupted. Our only regret is that we have not had still more opportunity of meeting you in the class-room as an instructor and outside of it as a true friend and counsellor.

In bidding you farewell, we express the sincere

hope that the college may long enjoy the benefit of your personal influence, and that we may in future have the pleasure of receiving the association which has been so profitable to us in the past.

REVEREND PRESIDENT :

Under your supervision and direction the college has passed from the "old life to the new." During this process of transformation the class of '82 united themselves to it, and from that time on we have watched with pleasure the growing advantages of our *Alma Mater*. Being, as we are, the first class who have passed their whole four years in the new college, we cannot but feel a deep sense of pride as we see constant additions made to both the beauty and comfort of her noble halls and also the internal improvements designed to benefit her course of instruction.

GENTLEMEN OF THE FACULTY :

When the sad hour of parting draws nigh a class feel most deeply the obligations which they owe to the instructors who have directed and guided them through the difficult paths of learning. They then look upon them as benefactors and friends, and experience a sense of kindly gratitude towards those who have born so patiently the youthful follies perpetrated by the class at the outset of their journey.

Such has it been with the class of '82. At times our relations towards you have not been of the most pleasant nature, but now as we look back upon the past years of our college life, and consider the kindly feeling which you have unfailingly exhibited towards us, we can see wherein we have erred, and would wish for an obliteration of the memory of our faults. We have endeavored to sustain our part in a manner which we thought would best advance the interests of our *Alma Mater*. Whenever we have failed it has been due to our lack of judgment, and not to our lack of good will.

We now bid our last farewell to you, and most heartily thank you for the interest which you have manifested in us both as a class and as individuals.

CITIZENS OF HARTFORD :

In leaving our *Alma Mater*, there is additional bitterness in the thought that we must also part from those outside the college walls who have contributed so largely towards brightening our path-way and rendering our sojourn here so enjoyable.

It is no common privilege for the undergraduates of a college to dwell in a city of such attractiveness as Hartford possesses. I am confident that there are few places that can rival it either in beauty or enterprise. The superior culture and refinement of your city are exhibited



in the well-known productions of her authors, the fame of her statesmen, and the charms of her society. Her public buildings and private homes manifest the wealth and good taste of the inhabitants to a high degree, and convey to a stranger a true indication of the internal condition of the people.

A departure from the midst of such delightful surroundings can not fail to deepen the feelings of sadness with which we are already oppressed.

#### UNDER-GRADUATES OF TRINITY COLLEGE:

As we say farewell to you we realize with the most intense regret that we are indeed about to sever the connecting link which binds us to our college days. Though we shall be no longer among you as fellow-students, we shall often be present in the spirit, and be assured that you will ever have the kindest wishes of the class of '82 in all your endeavors to advance the cause of the college, our parent.

In the class which is now to leave you there are none that are not united to you by the close ties of a firm and lasting friendship. We shall look upon you with the deepest interest as you follow in the well-known path from which we are now departing. In the near future we see arising visions of prosperity to the college, and advantages which you will enjoy as the march of progress and development goes steadily on. It remains for you to make the best use of these advantages in a way that may creditable both to yourselves and our *Alma Mater*.

#### FELLOW CLASSMATES:

We meet now for the last time as members of the college where we have passed the happiest years of our life. The great world is before us, and we have now to pursue our different paths in that state of life to which it may please God to call us. We have been together, firmly united, for the past four years, and the time of separation has come. Our brightest dreams will henceforth be of the past, for though we may meet again, as a class, in reunion, some faces will ever be absent; there may be some of our well-beloved class mates whom we shall never meet again. Such thoughts as these must enter all hearts and cause feelings of sadness not to be repressed.

We have spent many happy days together. Both in the class-room and out of it, our attachment for each other has been strongly felt, and we venture to say that no class has ever been graduated from Trinity College who have had more sincere affection for each other than the class of '82.

As the force which once held the great planets together, though sufficiently overpowered to scatter them throughout the universe of space, yet mutually acted upon them over immense distances, even so it will be with us. The bond

which unites us is loosed to a degree that separates us far from each other, yet that tie which has been actively visible in the past, for the future will visibly preserve our unity. And though the enthusiasm which now animates us all, may become cooled and encrusted by contact with the world, yet deep down in our hearts the fires of friendship and mutual devotion will ever burn brightly as they do at this hour of parting. Classmates farewell.

#### DEGREES CONFERRED.

The following degrees were conferred:

**BACHELOR OF ARTS, in Course.**—Charles Adams Appleton, New York City; Clarence Ernest Ball, Hartford; Richard Vernam Barto, Rochester, N. Y.; Daniel Murray Bohlen, Philadelphia, Pa.; Augustus Phillips Burgwin, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Clarence Carpenter, Detroit, Mich.; Bernard Moore Carter, Baltimore, Md.; Charles Henry Carter, Baltimore, Md.; Charles Wheeler Coit, Concord, N. H.; Charles Silas Coleman, Utica, N. Y.; Charles Zebina Gould, Michigan City, Ind.; Frederick Clement Gowen, Philadelphia, Pa.; Charles Anderson Hamilton, Hartford; Ernest Flagg Henderson, Staten Island, N. Y.; Seaver Milton Holden, Bridgeport, Ct.; Charles Erling Hotchkiss, Gouverneur, N. Y.; George Dawson Howell, Uniontown, Pa.; Arthur Beach Linsley, Hartford; John Henry McCrackan, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Nicholas William McIvor, Cheraw, S. C.; William Crawford Sheldon, Jr., Brooklyn, N. Y.; James Remsen Strong, Newtown, L. I.; Samuel Newell Watson, Red Wing, Minn.; William Walter Webb, Philadelphia, Pa.; Andrew Murray Young, New York City.

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE, in Course.**—William Walter Webb, Philadelphia, Pa.

The following members of the class are graduated *cum honore*:

In mental, moral and political philosophy, Gowen, Hamilton, Henderson, Holden, Hotchkiss, McCrackan, Watson and Webb; in chemistry and natural science, Webb; in Greek, Hamilton and Holden; in English, Gowen and Holden.

**MASTER OF ARTS, in Course.**—Julian Ellis Kurtz, M.D., of the class of 1877; and James Stratton Carpenter, M.D., William Freeman French, M.D., the Rev. Frederick Wyndham White, and the Rev. David Buchanan Willson, of the class of 1879.

**MASTER OF ARTS, Honoris Causi.**—Charles S. Fischer, M.D., New York City; Samuel Loper, Durham, Conn.

**DOCTOR OF LAWS.**—The Hon. Jeremiah Halsey, Norwich, Conn.

**DOCTOR IN DIVINITY.**—The Rev. John Brainard Morgan, M.A., Columbia College, rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Paris, France

The Doxology, by the orchestra and audience, and the benediction, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Williams, closed the exercises.

#### THE ALUMNI DINNER.

The annual commencement dinner was served in the Allyn House, at half-past two, and was attended by an unusually large number of the graduates and friends of the college. In the opinion of everybody present, it was



the most enjoyable and most enthusiastic of all the convivialities the college has known. After the cloth was removed the president rapped for order, and after a few words of welcome to all, named as symposiarch Dr. W. A. M. Wainwright, of Hartford, of the class of '64. The toast of "Our Alma Mater" was responded to by the Rt. Rev. Dr. Niles, Bishop of New Hampshire, a member of '59. Other responses were made as follows: "Our Guests," by Dr. H. P. Stearns, Hartford, Yale, '53; "The Trustees," the Rev. Dr. G. S. Mallory, '58; "The New York Alumni," L. A. Lockwood, '55; "The Western Alumni," Orr Buffington, '79; "The New England Association," the Rev. J. J. McCook, '63; "The Graduating Class," John H. McCrackan, salutatorian. A toast to the memory of Col. C. H. Northam, of Hartford, was drunk in silence and standing. The speeches were interspersed with college songs, and music was furnished by Colt's band. The festivities were terminated in the usual manner by singing "Auld Lang Syne."

#### PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION.

President Pynchon held his annual reception from 8 to 10 o'clock, in the college cabinet. All the adjoining rooms were thrown open and refreshments were served in the dining room. It was largely attended and formed a fitting end to the college exercises of commencement week.

#### RECEPTION IN TOWN.

Mrs. Charles H. Brainard, on the same evening, gave a large and brilliant reception in honor of the graduating class. The magnificent residence and grounds were brightly illuminated, and the intellect and wealth of both Hartford and the college were well represented.

#### RESIGNATION OF PROF. BROCKLESBY.

The resignation of Dr. Brocklesby who for forty years has held the chair of natural philosophy and astronomy in the college, brings great regret to all those who have had the pleasure of listening to his instruction. We shall never forget the kind sympathy for us and the earnest zeal for his work which he always expressed, and we are glad to see that he has been to some extent rewarded in being made Professor *emeritus*. The filling of this vacancy and of the new Northam

professorship of history and political economy has been deferred to a special meeting of the trustees in the fall. The trustees have also voted to petition the legislature for an amendment to the charter to allow the alumni to elect certain members of the corporation.

#### '81 REUNION.

The first annual reunion and supper of the class of '81 was held at Habenstein's, Tuesday evening, June 27th.

A business meeting was held in the early part of the evening, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. R. Parsons; Vice President, A. T. Mason; Secretary and Treasurer, C. W. Freeland.

Seven members of the class were present, viz., C. W. Freeland, A. P. Grint, A. T. Mason, E. P. Newton, J. R. Parsons, G. B. Pattison, and A. W. Reineman.

Speeches were made indicating the loyal feeling which the class entertains toward their *Alma Mater*. It was proposed, and the proposition was favorably received, that the class endeavor to institute the custom which prevails at Harvard of holding class reunions in some room of the college, from a window of which the class banner is suspended.

#### A FRAGMENT.

The river of life rises pure in the fountains,  
Whose crystalline waters in sunlight are kissed,  
And leaps without fear from the crags of the mountains,  
Envestured in pearls, and enveloped in mist.

Yet, alas, when it reaches the glorious ocean,  
It bears the foul stains of the banks on its breast,  
And wearied at last, with a tremulous motion,  
And a sigh of despair, it sinks into rest.

Thus may not *our* souls, so full of life's beauties,  
In the coldness of age, lose their vigorous strength;  
But unchecked by fears, and undaunted by duties,  
Still full of youth's fire, reach their heaven at length.

—*Harvard Advocate.*

A Freshman, deaf in one ear,  
Got excused from Chapel  
On condition that he'd come  
Whenever the good ear was up.  
—*Princetonian*